

## AIDS

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have prevented any school that receives federal funding from engaging in any activities that could be constructed as condoning homosexuality. In the final bill, the amendment was

## FREE FLU CLINIC

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Associates stated: "This year's free flu immunization clinic is specifically designed to help protect this segment of our population from contracting the most virulent strains of flu during the winter months.

The homeless and the poor are often more susceptible to catching the flu, and we feel it is important that they be inoculated. It's a way to help people who can't always help themselves. It is also a way that the doctors and employees of SMA can return something to our community," Reeves added.

The clinic will be run by volunteer professionals from SMA. Administrative support will also be provided by volunteers from the company.

Mr. Tom Miller, Executive Director of Catholic Community

softened, but not removed completely, prohibiting ESEA funds from going to any program which promotes sexual activity of any sort — heterosexual or homosexual — but, unlike the original amendment, places no

restrictions on funds schools receive elsewhere.

• an amendment to the crime bill that would force individuals charged with, but not yet convicted of, sex offenses to undergo HIV testing at the

request of the victim. While AIDS advocates were successful in removing this amendment, it was reinstated by the Republicans in the final hours of debate and is included in the final version of the bill that passed.

Also of interest to the AIDS community, the Dietary Supplements Health and Education Act passed in the final hours of the session. The bill, a compromise between Rep. Henry Waxman (D-CA) and Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-Utah), preserves the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) authority to regulate new dietary ingredients and requires manufacturers to show they are safe.

"This session's poor showing for people living with HIV/AIDS

signals the tough battle the AIDS community will face in the 104th Congress, which all indicators suggest will be more fiscally and ideologically conservative," said Cross.

AIDS Action Council, founded in 1984, is devoted to lobbying the federal government on AIDS policy, legislation and funding. AIDS Action Council represents more than 1000 community-based AIDS service organizations throughout the United States.

Services of Nevada said, "CCSN is very pleased to provide the facilities for this annual free flu shot clinic at St. Vincent's Plaza and to work with Southwest Medical Associates to offer this valuable service to the community."

Flu, or influenza, is a viral infection of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs that can affect people of all ages, but the elderly are the most vulnerable.

Other groups at high risk include both children and adults with chronic heart, lung, or kidney disease as well as those with diabetes mellitus, severe anemia, or poor immunity.

These people are particularly susceptible to flu complications and should get a flu shot. Individuals with an allergy to eggs should get a flu shot. Individuals

with an allergy to eggs should not take the immunization. Also, people who already have a cold or fever should wait until they're better before taking a flu shot.

According to medical statistics regarding the U.S., flu outbreaks usually occur between November and April. Symptoms include fever, chills, cough, and soreness and aching in the back, arms, and legs.

Although most people are ill for only a few days, some people may develop complications such as pneumonia, that can be life

threatening. On the average, thousands of people die every year in the United States from the flu or related complications.

The viruses that cause true influenza are constantly changing, making it difficult to predict exactly which viruses will cause an outbreak.

The flu shot currently being used by SMA contains strains of A/Texas/36/91, A/Beijing/32/92, and B/Panama/45/90.

For more information, please contact Jenny DesVaux Oakes at 242-7155.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

## LEGAL NOTICES

LAS VEGAS  
VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

CONTRACT NO. 602

2168 ZONE SOUTH PIPELINE

NOTICE INVITING BIDS

Sealed proposals for furnishing all labor, equipment, materials, and services required for the performance of the work specified by Las Vegas Valley Water District Contract No. 602 entitled "2168 ZONE SOUTH PIPELINE" will be received at the office of the Director of General Services, Clark County Purchasing Division, 10th Floor, Clark County Bridger Building, 225 Bridger Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 up to and including 2:15 P.M. on Thursday, November 17, 1994, at which time they will be publicly opened and read aloud. Proposals transmitted by way of overnight mail must use 89101 as the zip code in place of 89155.

Contract Volumes consisting of documents, specifications and reduced drawings may be obtained at the Clark County Purchasing Division for the nonrefundable cost of \$25.00. Checks must be received at the above office and be payable to "Clark County Treasurer". Proposals shall be submitted on the sheets bound in the Contract Volume, and the complete Contract Volume submitted to comprise a complete bid.

The site of the work is located within Clark County Rights-of-Way and Nevada Department of Transportation Rights-of-Way, and easements acquired by the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Patrick Lane from Eastern Avenue to Harrison Street, and in Topaz Street from Patrick Lane to Tropicana Avenue. The work consists of the installation of approximately 8,490 linear feet of 24 inch inside diameter mortar lined and coated steel pipe or ductile iron pipe, three (3) in-line 24-inch diameter butterfly valves with 72-inch diameter concrete manholes, approximately 621 linear feet of 12-inch diameter ductile-iron pipe or polyvinyl chloride pipe, pavement replacement and all related connections and appurtenances.

The work shall commence within 30 consecutive calendar days after the effective date of the Notice to Proceed and shall be completed within 210 consecu-

five calendar days.

Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapter 338, bidders are hereby notified that the prevailing wage rates established by the Nevada State Labor Commissioner must be paid to all workmen engaged in the performance of any public work construction contracts awarded for the amount of \$100,000.00 or more. Said prevailing wage rates effective October 1, 1993, through September 30, 1994, as issued by the State of Nevada, Office of Labor Commissioner, are included in the Contract Volume.

It shall be the responsibility of the bidder submitting a proposal to a public body for a public work to ascertain the relevancy Nevada Revised Statute 338.147, as amended by the 1991 Nevada Legislature Session, as it relates to preference for local contractors when a Nevada public body awards a contract for a public work. The bidder is also responsible for completion of the bidder's certification and for providing proof that the payment of Nevada sales, use and motor vehicle taxes has been made for five successive years prior to submitting the proposal.

Bidders must hold a valid license of a "Class" and a "Monetary Limit" corresponding to the work to be performed, in accordance with the provisions of the State of Nevada Contractor's License Law and NRS 338.145. Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified or cashier's check or bid bond in the form shown in the Contract Volume or other acceptable form, in the amount of 10% of the total bid price as a guarantee that the bidder, if an award is made to him in accordance with the provisions of the proposal, will execute an agreement in the required form, secure the required insurance and furnish the required bonds.

The Las Vegas Valley Water District reserves the right to reject any or all bids, to waive any informality in a bid, and to make awards as the interest of the Las Vegas Valley District may require.

THERE WILL BE A PRE-BID MEETING AT THE LAS VEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT CONFERENCE ROOM "C", 1001 S. VALLEY VIEW BOULEVARD, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, AT 10:00 A.M. ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1994.

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## COMMENTARY

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member group is made up of volunteer citizens who have professional expertise in construction-related fields and banking and finance. The Bond Oversight Committee, which meets regularly, recently released a report by the Bechtel Corporation, one of the nation's leading construction management firms.

The Bechtel report analyzed the 1988 school bond program and also looked at proposals being considered for the 1994 bond issue. Bechtel's thorough review gave the district a clean bill of health on how funds were spent in the 1988 school bond program. Bechtel also made recommendations about how 1994 bond money should be spent to build and improve schools.

Voter approval of the two-part school bond measure is one of the most important matters on the November 8th election ballot. Rightfully, so. A clean, safe and comfortable place to learn is a definite asset to the education our children receive. It should also be noted that good schools are conducive to promoting stable communities. That's why your support of the school bond issue is essential.

For all the right reasons, we urge you to vote "yes" on both parts of the school bond question on election day because it's good for kids and it's the right thing to do.

If you have any unanswered questions about the bond issue, please call our School Bond Hot Line at 799-1039.

# Job Line 244-7566

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## CIVIL RIGHTS JOURNAL

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accompanying factors which ultimately will threaten our democracy if we don't take some action.

Rev. Jesse Jackson has often been quoted as saying that America will be judged by how it treats "the least of these" - the children, the elderly, the poor. This is why those statistics serve as a wake-up call and a call of action for us all. Because behind those numbers are people, people whose stories we all too often choose to block out.

The poverty line, according to the government, was \$14,763 for a family of four in 1993. But how can a family of four live on less than \$15,000 a year? How can their children have enough to eat? How can they have clothes to wear or toys at Christmas? In a society which exists conspicuous consumption above all, how do parents teach their children any sense of self-

## ALONG THE COLOR LINE

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institutional racism, corporate greed and the environmental problems of the poor. The study found that three out of five

esteem? In a society which does not seek to create jobs for the jobless or opportunities for all, how do the poor have any hope for the future? In a society which denies so many children so much, how do they not turn to violence?

"How dare we, as mere humans, name a group of people the permanent underclass," said Dr. James Forbes, senior minister of Riverside Church in New York City, in a sermon given at Chautauqua Institution this summer. Indeed, the "hear no evil, see no evil, speak no evil" philosophy of not dealing with the growth of the poor in American will no longer work. Or, as Secretary Reich said, "We cannot have a prosperous or stable society if these trends continue."

Our children are suffering. Let us read the numbers and hear their cries. So that our living will not have been in vain.

African-Americans lived in communities with abandoned toxic-waste sites, and that blacks comprised higher percentages of the populations of urban areas with the highest number of toxic waste sites.

Although African Americans comprise less than 12.5 percent of the total US population, for example, they account for 43 percent of Memphis, which has 173 uncontrolled toxic waste sites; 28 percent of St. Louis, with 160 sites; 24 percent of Houston, with 152 sites; and 37 percent of Chicago, with 103 sites. Heavily black Sumter County, Alabama, alone accounts for nearly one quarter of the nation's total capacity for commercial hazardous waste disposal. Chavis and Jackson successfully made the crucial connections between institutional racism and the environment.

Dr. Manning Marable is Professor of History and Director, Institute for Research in African-American Studies, Columbia University, "Along the Color Line" appears in over 250 publications and is broadcast by more than 75 radio stations internationally.