

BALANCED BUDGET

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A constitutional ban on deficits, for example, would effectively wipe out chances for a Marshall Plan for America that would invest in our human and physical resources to make us competitive again.

Other important initiative would be stymied because a constitutional mandate to balance the budget would lock the nation into a fiscal straitjacket.

A second reason is that the current federal budget is an accounting artifact. It makes no distinction between current operating expenses, such as Congressional salaries, and long-term capital expenses, such as building a new airport that will

last for a hundred years. The argument that if states can balance their budgets the federal government can, falls apart on that point.

State and local budgets generally separate those two expense categories, financing current expenses through taxes and capital expenses through borrowing.

Businesses operate that way, too, with regular expenses coming out of earnings and construction of new factories financed by borrowing. Family budgets are the same — with cars and homes financed by borrowing.

So long as the federal government runs a unified budget that lumps all spending in one pot it is likely to run a deficit, and it doesn't make any

sense to freeze an out dated accounting practice into the constitution.

A third reason why the constitutional amendment approach is wrong is that it is bad economics. Economists expect governments to run budget surpluses in good times, with deficits to help stimulate the economy in bad times. Forcing a budget balance in both good times and bad ones is to force the country into a fiscal straitjacket that could push it deep into a permanent Depression.

That's what we'd be in for too, if a constitutional amendment mandated an end to the deficit within a short time frame. One study estimated it would result in a big drop in economic output, 3.4 million fewer jobs, huge cuts in social security and huge

tax hikes.

Finally, a rigid process effectively prevents the government from responding to emergencies — whether a foreign policy crisis such as the Persian Gulf War or a domestic crisis such as the Los Angeles riot that required emergency aid and new urban programs.

We're running big deficits because a decade ago we cut taxes for the affluent and escalated military spending.

The deficit can be controlled now by reversing the process — raising taxes for the affluent and cutting military and other non-essential spending, and we don't need a constitutional amendment to do that.

FIRST BLACK WOMAN IN SPACE

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Jemison, who is single, was selected by NASA in June 1987 from over 1,800 qualifying applicants. In talking about her role as a "scientist astronaut," Jemison says, "Our responsibilities are to be familiar with the shuttle and how it operates, to do the

experiments once you get into orbit, to help launch the payloads or satellites, and also do extra-vehicular activities, which are space walks."

Jemison is very vocal about the relationship of blacks to NASA and the space program.

She feels that America, and the blacks, have benefitted from the advances made by space research, such as medicine, weather and the environment. She says, "Some might say that the environment is not a black issue.

But, I worked in Los Angeles and I saw more black and Hispanic children than necessary with uncontrolled asthma as a result of pollution. Just as many of us get sick from these types of things, and, in fact, we have more problems with them because many of us don't have the availability of health care. I want to do something to better that."

Jemison feels that the space program offers promising careers for Americans toward the future and urges blacks to pursue them.

"This is one time we can get in on the ground floor," Jemison

says. A total of 1,033 black engineers, scientists, doctors, technicians and administrators work for NASA. Dr. Joseph D. Atkinson, Jr., who has headed NASA's Equal Opportunity programs Office, and was member of the astronaut board, has said

of Jemison, "I was impressed because she was a very stately, intelligent, sincere and stable young woman. She is also extremely sensitive to the social needs of the community. I would call Dr. Jemison a national asset."

CCSN REG. REGISTRATION

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since the end of the Spring term."

Stops said the college is expecting record numbers of students this Fall for both credit and non-credit classes. Last Fall, registration topped 20,800 students. Fall class schedules were mailed to most residents in the valley, however copies of the schedule are available at all campuses. Forty-one new classes not shown on the schedule, ranging from math and science to aerobics and logic, have been added to the West Charleston campus. For information about those classes call 877-1133.

Stops said that the college is not turning away any students wishing to attend Fall classes, but explained that many classes are already closed and some are near closing due to the fact they have reached their capacity limits. "All campuses are using all of their available class room space, and there is little opportunity to open second sections for closed classes," Stops said.

NHSC

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Personnel Act of 1970, and is reauthorized through the year 2000 by the NHSC Revitalization Amendments of 1990. The corps is administered by the Bureau of Health Care Delivery and Assistance in the Health Resources and Services Administration. The corps' mission has been constant since its beginning: to improve the delivery of primary care health services in

health professional shortage areas and reduce the number of shortage areas by placement of health professionals and resources.

Teams of primary care professionals will continue to improve access, removing geographic, financial, language and cultural barriers to care.

"We see the National Health Service Corps' revitalization as part of our frontline response to those areas experiencing the

nation's worst shortages of health care providers," said HRSA Administrator Robert G. Harmon, M.D., M.P.H.

"This focus on the health care needs of the underserved is why the NHSC was established 20 years ago, and why it is needed now more than ever."

The Health Resources and Services Administration is a Public Health Service agency within HHS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS RFP#P92008 Community Based Programs on Authority Properties

- PROPOSED SERVICES:** The Housing Authority of the City of Las Vegas, Nevada, hereinafter referred to as the LVHA, will receive proposals from qualified organizations to provide the LVHA, during the next twenty-four (24) months (through September 30, 1994), with programs and services within certain LVHA developments and facilities that will, in the opinion of the LVHA, benefit the LVHA's low-income public housing residents.
- Interested proposers may contact the LVHA Resident Initiatives Coordinator, Terrie Stanfill, (702) 386-2727 for additional information concerning this proposal. Proposal documents are on file and may be procured at the LVHA Resident Initiatives Office, 425 #A N. 11th Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101, (702) 386-2727. Interested firms may request the documents by fax at (702) 386-0475 and the LVHA will deliver such by certified mail. Proposal documents shall be distributed until 4:00 p.m. on Friday, September 25, 1992, after which day and time no documents will be distributed.
- All required proposal documents shall be returned to the LVHA Executive Director, Carl O. Rowe, by 4:00 p.m., Wednesday, September 30, 1992, at the Executive Office, 420 N. 10th Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (MAIL TO: P.O. Box 1897, Las Vegas, Nevada 89125). All proposals submitted, pursuant to all requirements, shall be opened and evaluated at a later date by the LVHA.
- The LVHA reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, to waive any informalities in the process, or to terminate the process and any ensuing contract at any time if deemed by the LVHA Purchasing Agent to be in the best interest of the LVHA.
- No proposal submitted shall be withdrawn for a period of twenty-four (24) months subsequent to the opening of the proposal deadline, without the written consent of the LVHA Executive Director.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
/s/Carl O. Rowe, Executive Director Date: 8/20/92
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REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS FOR APPRAISAL SERVICES RFP #P92007

- The Housing Authority of the City of Las Vegas, hereinafter referred to as the "LVHA", will accept proposals until 4:00 p.m., on Friday, September 18, 1992, at the LVHA's Development/Modernization Office, 2800 East Walnut Street, from qualified HUD Fee Appraisal individuals to: Appraise the purchase of up to twenty-seven (27), single family, 3 bedroom homes in the City of Las Vegas, Nevada. The appraisal submission to LVHA will be groups of four (4) to five (5) homes, pursuant to the "HUD Fee Appraisal" guidelines. The total number of homes to be appraised will be contingent on the evaluation of the appraiser's ability to handle the monthly submission schedule.
- Proposal Documents, including: CONDITIONS OF PROPOSAL, AGREEMENT OF APPRAISAL SERVICES, and ADDITIONAL CLAUSES AND REQUIREMENTS, may be acquired at the LVHA's Development Office, 2800 E. Walnut Street, Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 4:30 pm. If acquired in person, prospective proposers are requested to present their business cards when receiving the documents. Further information may be obtained by contacting the LVHA Development/Modernization Coordinator, Rory D. Lorenzo, at (702) 384-2278 or (702) 384-5083.
- The LVHA reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to waive any informalities in the process, or to terminate the process and award at any time.
- No proposal submitted shall be withdrawn for a period of thirty (30) days subsequent to the opening of proposals, without the written consent of the Authority.
- The LVHA encourages MBE and WBE firms to submit proposals.
- The LVHA will evaluate the responsible and responsive low proposal submitted and assuming no discrepancies in the proposal, anticipates Award will be made no later than October 30, 1992.

/s/Carl O. Rowe, Executive Director Date: August 18, 1992
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
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CLARK COUNTY INVITATION TO BID BID NO. 2927-92

FOOD PORTS

THIS BID IS TO FURNISH AND DELIVER 30 CUSTOM FABRICATED FOOD PORTS WITH EIGHT UNIVERSAL KEYS WITH THE OPTION TO PROCURE ADDITIONAL FOOD PORTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DATE OF AWARD THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1992.

PREBID CONFERENCE: September 8, 1992, 9:00 AM, to be held in the Conference Room of the General Services Department, Procurement Division, Tenth Floor, 225 Bridger Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155.

Bids will be received in the Office of the Clark County Director of General Services, Purchasing Division, Bridger Building, Tenth Floor, 225 Bridger Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 on September 22, 1992. Bids must be time-stamped at 3:00 PM or before. Bids time-stamped at 3:01 PM or after will be returned to bidder. **Overnight Mail** must use the 89101 zip code.

Specifications are available at the above address.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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FOR SALE - VACANT LOT
916 Miller. 80 x 125.
Corner Miller & La Salle.
North Las Vegas.
Commercial Potential.
\$13,000/offer. Terms.
R.E. CONCEPTS • 658-1005

**LOT IN
BONANZA VILLAGE**
Corner Fair & Sharon
1130 Sharon Road
\$25,000/offer
\$10,000 down & owner
shall carry
Approx. 93 x 213- zoned
for horses.
Real Estate Concepts
AJ — 658-1005

HOME FOR SALE
Govt. Owned (Bonanza
Village) Fixer-As-Is
1201 Sharon Rd.
4 bedroom / 3-1/2 bath
\$64,000/offer 3004 sq ft.
Lot Size 150 x 230- built
1974 (masonry concrete
block construction) Fireplace
Real Estate Concepts
AJ — 658-1005