MINORITY REPORT

URY-OLD SCHOOL FOR BLACKS SUDDENLY BECOMES UNFIT W

By James E. Alsbrook

tending public schools are facing the increasingly important decision of whether they want comfort and convenience for equality for their children.

The problem is compounded by the recent establishment of "Christian" schools for blacks and special schools for black boys who appear to be trouble-prone or otherwise in need of special attention.

But the problem confronting most black parents centers on the idea that the route to equal educational opportunity frequently requires the busing of school children. Busing requires that parents get their children off to school early in the morning. Early departure for the bus ride requires getting up from bed earlier than would be necessary if the children were sent to a neighborhood school. Getting up earlier probably means less sleep and less "family time" and this loss is understandably hurtwith the busing schedule.

schools are "going down hill." Then maybe you have a black school board member who is elected "at large" (meaning elected not by your area but by the total population of the city or district-black and white) and this black candidate wants "white" votes to win.

member could be honestly con-Black parents of children at- vinced that neighborhood schools are equally good throughout the district—or this member may talk about the merits of neighborhood schools themselves or educational in order to win white votes. If this person glorifies neighborhood schools to win white votes, he or she goes to the black parents complaining about the trouble with busing and praises the neighborhood school advantages such as travel time saved, safety, nearness to home and other plusses for neighborhood schools.

The theme is familiar. Blacks and whites with a financial or political stake in perpetuating segregation use various lines of argument against busing for equal access to good education. Some say "a black child does not have to sit by a white child in order to learn." That is true, but it misses the point.

Black children sat by black children for more than one hundred years in shabby buildings with poor books and poor ful to parents holding jobs with teachers and could not catch up work hours that do not fit well with the national average because of the planned and built-in Add this to the loud and deficits of poor buildings, poor chronic complaint that public equipment, poor books, scarce supplies and poorly trained teachers-all controlled by white men. Moreover, black children need the experience of competing and interacting with whites and others in order the function maximally in integrated society they will face later.

Another argument is that This black school board black children learn better from

black teachers because they understand each other and the black teachers function as surthis is arguably true, but it also misses the point that black children, like their parents, need to face "real life" situations as children and must learn that they can compete and win academic

and physical contests with white and others. Also they must not be psychologically damaged by inferior facilities and surroundtion implies racial equlity.

A startling example of the immediate benefits of integrated education took place years ago during my limousine ride from bricks on one side and new bricks aged the building.

He answered, "Yes-the storm of integration." He said

the building was more than one the Charlestown, S.C. airport to hundred years old and the new the University of South Carolina. part was added quickly when rogate parents. In a few cases segregated and relegated to I saw a building with old, faded the whits in the suburbs learned that their children would be bused ings. In America, racial integra- on the other. I asked the driver down there. The school board whether a storm or quake dam- reovated the building, added new books, teachers and rooms, threw out the old toilets and generally made it first class.

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