(LOMAX, from page 2)

and that someone's gon' be us."

"IF WE run now, they're going to think we're afraid and be picking on us everywhere, just like with the Pueblo," said a 30-year-old Los Angeles civil service employee, only 14 months away from his native Texas; while a 55-yearold Midwest school teacher who said she had traveled in Europe last Summer said she was concerned lest American life become as pur-poseless as the Europeans, "mainly the French. I think their defeat in Vietnam and Algeria had something to do with it. They're like our American South was for years after the Civil War. Their leaders ought to have prepared them to let go their colonies years before.

We have already become different as a result of the Kennedy assassination and the shel-lacking we have taken in Vietnam. We don't recognize ourselves as the victorious, easydoes-it Americans, and we are confused and letting things get out of hand."

However, a 59-year-old Eastern business-man didn't "care if we're not No. 1 anymore. So we'll be content to be No. 2, or 3, or 4. The important thing is that we're a self-sufficient country that doesn't need anything from anybody. I think we ought to get out and tell the whole world to go to hell and turn the money and energy we've spent on other people building up our own, like the Negro.'

THINK COMMUNISTS MAY BE GOING FOR BROKE

The third question: "As the war seems to be going now, do you think the Allies are winning or losing? or losing?'', provoked a record number of 'don't knows', 47%. Slightly more than half the remainder, 30 percent, however, thought the Allies were winning; 23 percent thought them losing. A high percentage of middle-aged respondents, recalling the suicide plans and human assault waves of the Japanese in World War II and the tradition of selfless sacrifice of life by Asian peoples for religious or other purposes, thought it possible that, as one 54-year-old East Coast ex-GI-teacher respondent put it, "the high risk assaults by the Viet Cong on

areas which the Allies thought secure might indicate a last ditch effort to bluff the Allies, to humiliate the Americans and to stampede American public opinion, and to stave off de-

In view of many respondents, this is where the stepped up, go-for-broke assaults have had their chief success, the increase in Allied casualties notwithstanding. Although there was little criticism of American fighting forces, American whites at home were described as "unrealistic about the enemy and the war.... unused to setbacks, brainwashed and guilt-rid-

den."
"They 'bout to beat theyse'ves befo' the
Viet Cong gets to'm," said a 76-year-old Louisianan.

NEGROES GENERALLY favor taking over the war from the Vietnamese "since we're in it so deep" and getting it over with, not only by strategic bombing of the North, but by using "more sophisticated weapons" and by carrying the war into North Vietnam "to put them on the defensive", and "as a means of ending the infiltration of the South and decisively defeating the Viet Cong and bringing the war to an end.

Expressing the opinion that U.S. military strategy has been dictated by propagandists for the Communist side, more than 67 percent of the respondents thought it would be "a kindness to both sides" to "use the most sophisticated weapons feasible," also to take a more unilateral strategy" in the fighting. The question:
"One of the handicaps in fighting the war is the Vietnamese people, both as soldiers and the fact that it is difficult to tell friend from foe. Do you think the U.S. now has sufficient stake in the war in terms of the lives of its fighting men, the emotional and financial cost at home, to undertake a more unilateral strategy, perhaps to use the most sophisticated weapons feasible, and not only bomb the North, but to carry the war into North Vietnam, to put them on the defensive as a means of ending the infiltration of the South and decisively defeating the Viet Cong and bringing the war to an end?"

The answer: No, 14%; Yes, 67%; Don't know, 19 percent.

Evers In Mississippi Run-Off March 12

Charles Evers, NAACP Field Representative, and brother of civil rights martyr Medgar Evers received 30 percent of the votes cast in Mississippi's 3rd Congressional District Special Election Tuesday.

Six candidates were in the race to fill the vacant congressional seat and runner-up to Evers winning margin, Charles Griffin, trailed the Negro candidate by 5,000 votes. The two will meet in a run-off election March 12. Because of the plurality of white voters in the District, Griffin is expected to emerge the winner.

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Wine NATURAL! Liquor

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M.D.

TOMATO

19c

GOLDEN

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"VEGAS VILLAGE FROZEN FOODS"

FISH STICKS... Frozen French Fry

Pork

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