Thursday, November 2, 1967

LAS VEGAS VOICE

OUR KIND OF GUY, COLONEL JAMES IS



READY TO GO...U.S. Air Force Colonel Daniel James, Jr., stands on the flight line prior to take-off on another combat mission over North Vietnam. Col. James normally flies with First Lieutenant Bob C. Evans of Crystal Springs, Miss. The two team members were together on the January 2 Mig-hunting mission which netted the Wing seven "kills".

(Official U.S. Air Force photo released by the Department of Defense Washington, D.C., October 13, 1967... Previously released by the U.S. Military Assistance Command, Vietnam.)

## SENATOR EASTLAND SUED FOR PRIVACY INVASION

A half-million dollar damage and injunction suit against Senator James O. Eastland (D.-Miss.) and others was announced at a press conference by Dr. Benjamin Spock, Co-Chairman of the National Conference for New Politics (NCNP.)

The suit was presented Wednesday, Oct. 18, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. The complaint was filed jointly by NCNP and the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party (MFDP.)

At the press conference, held at the Overseas Press Club, the plaintiffs were represented by Dr. Spock and William F. Pepper for NCNP, and Victoria Gray and Fannie Lou Hamer of the MFDP.

William Kunstler, attorney for the plaintiffs, announced that the defendants in the action are: Senator Eastland, Chairman of the Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee; J. G. Sourwine, Chief Counsel of the Internal Security Subcommittee; Benjamin Mandel, Research Director of same; and agents and employees of the Subcommittee.

ACCORDING TO Mr. Kunstler, the suit stems from the theft of correspondence between MFDP and NCNP by agents of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, and their dissemination in the Congressional Record and elsewhere by Senator Eastland.

The complaint charges that the defendants or their agents, on or about August 1 through September 1, 1967, illegally searched the files of the national convention headquarters of the NCNP, and they proceeded to seize documents and correspondence belonging to NCNP. Certain extracts from this stolen material were inserted into the Congressional Record by Senator Eastland on September 22, 1967.

According to Dr. Spock and Mr. Pepper, Executive Director of NCNP, the stolen material included correspondence between NCNP and MFDP, discussing political cooperation between the two organizations.

NCNP is a national organization pledged to support the development of local new politics organizations, whereby people can control democratically the decisions affecting their lives.

The Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party is a multi-racial organization seeking to attain the goal of freedom and equality for all black

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citizens of Mississippi by political means. According to Dr. Spock and Mrs. Hamer, the two organizations are pledged to work together toward these complementary goals.

THE COMPLAINT charges that the defendants were engaged in a conspiracy to deprive the plaintiffs of their rights as guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States, and particularly by the First, Fourth, Fifth, and Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments.

The complaint alledges that the defendants plan to use the stolen documents to harass, deter and 'intimidate MFDP's candidates for local offices in Mississippi, and those who would support these candidates.

"The overall purpose and effect of the conspiracy," the complaint states, "is to maintain the present relegation of black American citizens in the State of Mississippi and elsewhere to the status of second-class citizenship by the most basic means of all: to destroy the efforts of disfranchised black Americans to participate fully and effectively in the political life of their states, their local communities and the Nation."

Spokesmen for the MFDP announced at the press conference that they will again challenge, at the 1968 Democratic Party Convention, the right of the regular Mississippi delegates to be seated. MFDP initiated a signilar action at the 1964 Convention in Atlantic Sity.

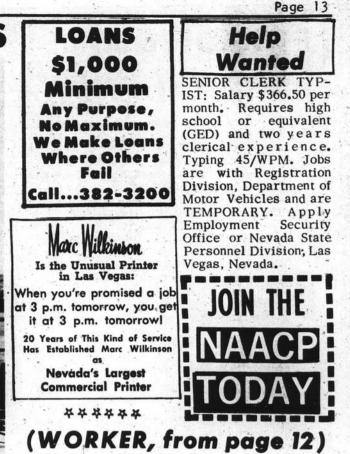
## (EDITOR, from page 4)

ola University, Chicago, entering the school in 1955. He later worked on a number of small local newspapers and contributed to national magazines. In 1963, he joined NPI as a feature writer.

He has written articles on "The Negro in America," "Rioting in Chicago" and on the Negro's attempt to enter the mainstream of American life through his contributions to the arts.

In addition, he has also written magazine articles, fiction, drama and pieces for the theatre.

Upon his return from the conference, Turner will prepare a special report for the Chicago Commission on Youth Welfare, emphasizing areas, methods and solutions to urban problems discussed at the conference.



taught fractions. From these tutoring classes, six persons have enrolled at the Vocational School; seven were enrolled for Safeway Super Markets' Training Program; and eight adults from the tutoring class registered at the State Employment Office and were able to obtain work.

ONE STORY which illustrates the benefits to the needy obtained through the services of the Council Worker is that of a blind lady Mrs. Ray encountered in her tour of duty. In the sightless woman's world of darkness, she felt completely helpless--always waiting for others to find time to come into her trailer home to help her. Many times, no one found the time, so she just waited. Having been dealed aid from State Welfare, she eked out an existence from her \$33 a month social security subsistence.

To Mrs. Ray's ears, came this small cry from the wilderness, and Operation Council Aid immediately went into effect. Mrs. Ray sent letters to Augusta, Georgia and to Reno, Nevada which evoked a deluge of correspondence, technical forms etc., all the while, consulting with two eye specialists. Finally, when her eligibility for aid was obtained through the poverty program, Mrs. Ray arranged to drive the lady to classes where she learned Braille, typing and ceramics. This course that changed the woman's whole life was completed in a matter of four months, and Mrs. Ray never missed transporting her new friend to classes three days a week during that period.

Her income is now \$103 per month, and her gratitude to Mrs. Ray, needless to say, is inexpressible. As a measure of her appreciation, she created the work of art with which she presented Mrs. Ray, for bringing hope and happiness to her world.

## (COOKERY, from page 9)

powder, and salt. Add dry ingredients to creamed mixture. Fold in nuts, then raisins.

Mix lightly and pour into well greased and floured 10-inch tube pan. Bake in slow oven (325 F) for 1-1/4 hours, or until top seems firm and sides of cake begin to shrink away from pan. Do not overbake. Let cool in pan for 5 minutes. Turn out and cool on a cake rack. Sprinkle with confectioners sugar.

## PRALINES

1 lb. (2-1/4 c.) firmly packed brown sugar, 1/4 c. water, 2 tbsp. butter or margarine, 2 c. pecans (some halves, some chopped coarsely).

Put sugar and water in heavy saucepan. Bring to boil and cook rapidly, stirring constantly, until a small amount of mixture dropped in very cold water forms a soft ball (236 Deg. on a candy thermometer). This will take only 2 or 3 minutes.

Remove from heat and stir in butter and pecans. Beat about 30 seconds, or just until mixture begins to sugar. Drop from spoon onto wax paper, and let stand until firm. Makes about 1-1/2 pounds, or 1 dozen 12-inch pralines.

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