

WHO'S

NEWS THIS WEEK

By LEMUEL F. PARTON

NEW YORK.—This reporter was in Washington in June, 1931, when Pierre Laval made his visit to President Hoover in the interest In a Small World of a debt ad-It's Only a Short Laval quite Trip to Hollywood innocently handed us a

nice little nosegay of a story. The story withered and died because its publication might have been tactless at the time, when with psalter and harp we hymned a new international brotherhood. Today, however, the story seems pertinent to M. Laval's accurate appraisal in the Europe which we "see through a glass darkly."

The newspapers were making quite a fuss over M. Laval and his pretty daughter, Josette. When a grand limousine called to take him to the White House, he was done up in a morning suit and an ascot tie.

There had been a mix-up in the chauffeur's orders and he had arrived far ahead of schedule. "How much time have we before we are due at the White House?" asked M. Laval. "A little over two hours," re-

plied the chauffeur. That is time enough for a drive. Is there anything that you would particularly like to see?"

M. Laval pondered this a moment and then said: "Well, if we have all that time, I certainly would like to see Holly-

M. Laval's ideas of geography may be more important now than they were then. As vice premier of France, he throws his weight with the Axis powers, which he frequently has done, in a general European hegemony under Germany.

M. Laval's ideas of geography may have remotely influenced his decision. It's a small world-only a short drive to Hollywood. And, by the grace of Chancellor Hitler, he may be France's next strong man.

It will be noted that M. Laval's name is reversible in spelling. So is his career. His transitions from left to right and back again have been easy and frequent, but mainly from left to right. The swarthy, thick-set, one-time butcher's boy and hack driver of the hill country of Auvergne, always shrewd and diligent, squirreled enough odds and ends of learning, without formal schooling, to send him in in his early twenties as a belligerent Left-Wing union labor

lawyer. He entered politics with a "Soak the rich" outcry which advanced him rapidly, planted successful lawyer and made him thrice premier and foreign minister. He did not serve in the army during the World war, then tagged as a "radical," and Malmy, minister of the interior, was accused of pro-Germanism because he failed to have Laval arrested for criminal syndical

It was in the post-war years that Laval took his sharp swing to the right, moving along with Flandin, Tardieu. Francois-Poncet and others of the powerful cartelization and comite des forges groups, which sought financial accommodation with Germany, before and after the advent of Adolf Hitler.

DEMETRIOS SICILIANOS, the Greek minister at Washington, takes calmly the news of Italy's assault on Greece. This is perhaps understandable. Greek Minister at During his 35 Washington Leansyears in the

To the Long View diplomatic service of his country he has encountered not only wars, but periods of exile and jail, with everything coming out all right in the end, at least so far as he was concerned.

His occasional jail and exile troubles have been due to being temporarily on the wrong end of arguments involving the proper form of government for Greece. He is a staunch royalist and a firm believer

in monarchial government, and is skeptical about the working of democracy in the United States, or elsewhere. But he makes it clear that he is not for dictatorship. He thinks freedom thrives best under a king. Sicilianos is an optimist. Repeatedly in interviews he has set forth the unity and fellowship of the Balkans. Rumania,

Jugoslavia, Turkey and Greece have been to him a solid front of brotherly interests "which not even Adolf Hitler will ever be able to break." He has denied allegations that Premier John Metaxas is a dictator, insisting that all of the traditional freedoms of the press, speech and assemblage are still zealously guarded in Greece, with no invasion of personal liberties.

Improved

| SUNDAY International SCHOOL

* LESSON * By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D. Dean of The Moody Bible Institute

Dean of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. (Released by Western Newspaper Union.) Lesson for November 17

JESUS' CONCERN FOR LIFE AND HEALTH

LESSON TEXT—Luke 7:2-15.
GOLDEN TEXT—I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.—John 10:10.

Physical life and bodily vigor are secondary in importance to spiritual life and health. Most people do not believe that, but it is true. Nevertheless our physical well-being is of great importance, for it is evident that the spiritual and mental side of man can function in a physical world only through a physical body. That makes it a primary concern of man to keep his body alive and, what is more, keep it as well and strong as possible, an effective instrument for the service of God and

With his emphasis on the physical, man tends, when sickness comes, to seek the help of man in overcoming the difficulty. Soon they find that only God is sufficient for their need, and He whom they have hitherto ignored is appealed to in Men and organizations quick to grasp an opportunity to set themselves forward appear as socalled faith healers. We need to stress the fact that men may come direct to Christ who is concerned about their bodies and their health and that they may come without intermediary, simply by faith in Him.

I. The Outreach of Faith (vv. 2-8). Three things appear here and they each have value and importance.

1. Action (vv. 2-5). The centurion was a good man and so kind toward the Jews that he had built them a synagogue. (One wonders whether a Roman soldier of today would show such a spirit). He was compassionate, stirred by the illness of a slave. He had a need which no man could meet. Where should he turn? Someone told him about Jesus. Blessed and fruitful testimony! He acted in faith and sent word to the Master. He acted on his knowledge. Let your faith also become active.

2. Humility (vv. 6, 7). Socially and officially the centurion was far above Jesus, but he recognized His Lordship and knew himself to be unworthy that Christ should enter his True faith is humble. It has nothing to do with the brazen commanding of God which some seem to regard as such a magnificent evidence of faith. Watch for the mark of genuine and courteous humility if you would find men and women of faith.

3. Confidence (vv. 7, 8). There is nothing like this assurance of faith anywhere; in fact, Jesus said He had not seen it in all Israel. Knowing the manner in which his commands were carried out within the realm of his authority and recognizing Jesus as the Son of God, the centurion without hesitation accepted His absolute power over sickness. 'Thank God! the centurion was right about that. Sickness is absolutely subject to the word of Jesus and so also are demons, sea and wind, and death itself (Luke 4:35, 36, 39; Mark 4:39; John 11:43, 44)'

(Bradbury). II. The Reward of Faith (vv. 9-15) First of all we note that faith in God brings not only the individual but those round about him a real

1. Blessing (v. 9). The faith of this man delighted the heart of Jesus with a great joy. He commented on it and commended it to those round about. The story of it has come down through the centuries to stir us and stimulate us to belief in Christ. Faith in Him brings blessing, not only to the immediate beneficiary and at the moment, but lives on in blessing to others. Do we have that kind of faith? We also note

that it resulted in 2. Healing (v. 10). Faith gets re sults because it releases the omnipotence of God. The young man was healed at the word of Jesus, in response to the centurion's faith. In the closing verses of our lesson we

see also the 3. Raising of the Dead (vv. 11-15). The mighty and compassionate Son of man met a poor widow from whom death had taken her only stay and comfort-a young man. She was apparently too deeply stricken to even call on Jesus for help, but one can almost feel her faith leap to His words, "Weep not." His divine voice then reached into the next world and called the young man back to life. The day that had started as the saddest and darkest in her life closed as the most blessed and joyful in her experience, be-

cause she had met Jesus. Reader, have you met the tender. loving, omnipotent Jesus? He wants to be your Saviour. Lord, and everpresent friend. Will you let Him into your heart? Now?

A Wise Evaluation

What things were gain to me, chose I counted loss for Christ. Yea doubtless, and I count all things but loss for the excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus my Lord: for whom I have suffered the loss of all things, and do count them but dung. that I may win Christ.-Phil. 3:7, 8.



A DECISION IS MADE Regardless of our feelings, it is the duty of us all to accept the election's decision. That is our democracy, for which we must fight to the last in this dangerous worldthe most precious thing in our national life.

This may not be easy. This has been the bitterest campaign in my experience. Deep wounds have been given-and received. Low blows have been struck. Hatreds have been incited. Class and religious prejudices have been inflamed Hints of reprisals, repressions and persecutions have been dropped. Never has this country been so torn and disunited.

We can't let this go on. It is perhaps understandable in such an election, but as that vote decides, so must it be. Bad and surly losers at such a time as this are bad and surly Americans. There remain issues that were not

Chief among them is the extent to which our people wish to be involved in war. This must still be debated and fought in congress. but as to everything which goes to make us strong for defense, our warring factions must do their utmost to be united-one for all and all for one-the country.

It is a good thing too that the election was close. We should hear no more the cries of the victors, "we have a mandate." and, therefore, we hope, no new attempt to ride rough-shod over minorities through popular inhibitions and constitutional restrictions.

Goose-stepped Nazi 99 per cent 'ya" votes are what create dictatorships and make wars. There will be no war. There will be no American Fuehrer, if we can maintain a large and live political group of opposition in the country as well as in the congress.

It was a hard fight. I for one, am glad it is over. For me it involved something like the job of "taking in washing by day and digging wells by night." I'm tired and battered and I'm going down to Bethany Beach and sleep for a week-turning over each day only long enough to get my column out.

In this domestic eruption of campaign and election, we seem to forget all about the war which, after all, is the greatest interest outside our shores. Some columnist who seems to have miraculous sources of information, says that Winston Churchill is getting very impatient about us. He wants to know when we are coming into this shindy.

I hope Churchill can restrain himself because we're never coming in. It will cost us another hundred million and if we spend that much and get into this war, we shall have seen the last of our democratic and economic system as we have known

The most remarkable thing I saw in this election was the enthusiasm of young people for Mr. Willkie. He himself seemed to grow younger in this campaign regarding of its grue! ing demands. I never saw Mrs. Willkie look better than on its last night. I think she is the best campaigner he has had. When I told her that, she said:

"Oh, no, all I did was to wave." Although he lost, Mr. Willkie represents something most precious and valuable in American life, and the whole country has come to know it. Eggs, wastebaskets and political scurrility cannot obscure it.

If he had had at least a little professional organization - if he had been attended by people with a little more experience in campaign speaking-if advisers who were rank war interventionists had not prevented him from taking the forthright stand against war that is in his heart, his election would have been a walk-in. I know that from my own experience in many states, and before audiences in the aggregate tens of thousands. It was the livest issue in this campaign, but such was Mr. Willkie's instinctive shrinking from any appeal to emotionany appeal to anything but what he regarded as debate on absolute factual issues alone—things that did not reside in conjecture but that he could prove by the book-that he

wouldn't use it. It was pretty but it wasn't politics even perfectly legitimate politics. Yet, much as I regret to see a failure fully to express and to represent what I know to be the heart and soul of the American people-because there was no way to lay it out with a T-square and compass on a drawing board blue print - he wouldn't touch it. Yet, I am glad to have been so closely associated with a man so scrupulously conscientious, so fundamentally honest.

I am glad to recall that before our rift in opinion, Mr. Roosevelt was almost as dear to me as a chum. confidant and companion as any man I have known. So is Mr. Willkie and while I believe the election would be far better, for the country, to have gone the other way, I sent the President this telegram: "Dear Boss. I have fought you, but the American people thought otherwise. We must all now get together. I am still a soldier and you are my commander-in-chief."

Everybody's Thankful but Tom Turkey And—the Guy That Prints Your Calendar

By BOB WUNDERLIN

Thanksgiving Day (in most states of the Union) will be November 21st, this year.

Dig down deep into your old trunks up in the attic and find yourself a calendar of a few years ago. Then turn to the eleventh page - November. See that red number staring at you on the last Thursday?

No matter where a person lived in this country, he saw the same date marked with red. But this year that is different.

Some calendars place Thanksgiving on the 21st, and some on the 28th. Other companies, imbued with a deep desire to remain strictly nonpartisan, failed to mark either date, or else printed them both in red. Printers were placed in such a

nation's history. That was back in 1705 when the scheduled Thanksgiving date was shifted around due to molasses. But more of that later. For many years it has been the custom for the President of the United States to proclaim the last Thursday of November as Thanksgiving For years it was an established date. Vacation plans, school holidays, and even big intersectional and traditional grid contests were

dilemma only once before in this

arranged for this date. Request for Change.

Then last year President Roosevelt surprised the nation by issuing his famous "move it up a week" proclamation. It all happened this way: Lew Hahn, general manager of the National Retail Dry Goods association, wrote Harry Hopkins, secretary of commerce, a letter. The letter, ultimately handed to President Roosevelt, read:

"Retail merchants throughout the United States, who are, through the nature of their business, obliged to plan well in advance, are considerably disturbed at the moment over the possibility of the pre-Christmas period proving to be a week shorter this year than normal. 'It seems impossible to interest the general public in preparations

for Christmas until the Thanksgiving day observance is out of the way, and, inasmuch as it is taken for granted that the President will issue his Thanksgiving day proclamation for the last Thursday of the month. November 30, this will mean that all the great volume of Christmas business will have to be transacted within the period of three weeks and two days.

"As of course, you know, the preparations which the American people make for the Christmas holiday play tremendously important part in the economy of the nation.

"I think it is no exaggeration to say that from 12 to 15 per cent of the entire business of retail stores is | festive laden boards of the Pilgrims. transacted in the period between Thanksgiving and Christmas.

Pre-Christmas Shopping. "I have not sufficient temerity to seek to influence the President of the United States in connection with the Thanksgiving day proclamation, but it seemed to me that I should point out to you the situation as it is and to say that if any relief could be secured it would be not only good for business but for the public as well.

Mr. Hahn was just as surprised as you or I when the President anced that he intended moving Thanksgiving day ahead from the

BETTER

sion University of Chicago.

By L. G. ELLIOTT

(President, LaSalle Extension

University)

by our mills and factories than at

any other time in the last 10 years.

The continued increase in business

activity has pushed factory pay rolls

and consumer buying steadily high-

er. They are now over 10 per cent

above a year ago, and retail trade

prospects for the next few months

Over 1,000,000 persons have been

More goods are being turned out



thirtieth of November to the twentythird. He had had no idea of the move until notified by the news

Mr. Hahn, a staunch Republican, is 58, a resident of Ridgewood, N. J., and is an enthusiastic golfer. Store Executive.

In 1928 he was made president of a 29-store chain of department stores. In 1932 he was appointed to the industrial board of NRA. He also was on the Roper advisory board for the department of commerce. His work with the "brain trust" completed, he returned to his position in New York as general manager of the National Retail Dry Goods association.

That's the picture of the man whose letter persuaded Mr. Roosevelt to give the turkey one week less of life.

Those first Thanksgiving days were big events on the social calendar of pioneering New England. Our historians tell us that the first Thanksgiving was held in 1621, in Plymouth and were, for the main, gastronomic pow-wows held largely for shrewd diplomatic conferences with the ever-ready-to-go-on-thewarpath Indians. Pumpkin pie and plum pudding were the savory invitations that lured the redskin from his wind-swept tepee down to the

No Official Date. While the Pilgrims set aside this day to greet their "fellow-men" and give thanks for the crops, there was no official date set for the observ-

In Boston, 10 years later, hungry colonists lined the shore, eagerly scanning the sky-line for a sight of the ship that had left for England six months before. Food was low; moral was low; the governor's wit however, was running on full steam

He gathered them together and in order to preserve what little food they had left, declared that there should be held a "day of fast" to

year, and employment in industry

is continuing to improve. The add-

ed purchasing power that is provid-

ed is increasing the demand for man-

ufactured goods and farm products.

The increase has taken place in

every part of the country and in

most of the major lines of industry

The largest gains in recent weeks

have been made in those industries

which are most directly affected by

the armament program and by large

governmental expenditures. The

trend is upward, and indications

Expanding Business Creates More Jobs

LaSaile Map of Business Condition

Current business conditions as they affect every area of the

United States are reflected in this map prepared by La Salle Exten-

put back to work during the past | point toward further expansion.

seek the Lord by prayer and fasting that he might hasten the voyage of the life-saving ship bearing provi-

Towards evening on the "day of fast" a tree-top observer gave a shout of joy. "A speck in the distance. Mayhaps a sail."

Mindless of the wind and spray that flew over them, the colonists gathered on the coast-line and shouted in joy as the speck grew larger

Hunger and 'Tummy-Ache.' The next day the pangs of hunger

in the stomachs of those settlers turned to the gnawing pains of 'tummy-ache' as the governor ordered a spontaneous Thanksgiving day and handed out provisions enough for all. That first Boston Thanksgiving

day, incidentally, was held on February 22, over a century before the birth of George Washington, "the father of his country." Premature but prophetically enough, cause for Thanksgiving. In the years that followed, Thanks-

giving days were observed, but not annually. Several times there were lapses in between years. When Thanksgiving days were finally held, they were marked by some special reason such as good harvests, deliverance from small-pox, good weather, and prayer for deliverance of the danger to their frontiers.

had been pretty well established, the town of Colechester, in Connecticut, postponed Thanksgiving one week due to a deficiency of molasses. The shortage was tragedy since in those early days, molasses was a "symbol" of Thanksgiving day, just as Easter eggs symbolize Easter to the kiddies and candy striped canes represent Christmas.

Too Much 'Molasses.' This postponement caused the old-

er Puritans to lament the fact that Thanksgiving day was fast becoming, "so much a thing of molasses and other good eatables, and so little a day of solemn religious cere-During the Revolution, continental

congress appointed Thanksgiving days which variously fell in April, May, July and December. From 1784 to 1789 there were no Thanksgiving days, but in the latter year, congress recommended to George Washington that a day be set aside for Thanksgiving that Americans might give thanks to the Almighty that the Constitution of the United States had been adopted.

George Washington, in 1795, set aside December 18 as Thanksgiving day that "we might thank Him that the insurrection had been suppressed." There is no record as to what the dry-goods merchants of that era said or wrote to him.

In 1816, President James Madison urged congress to name a Thanksgiving day in honor of peace. In 1863 Abraham Lincoln received and acted upon a suggestion to make the Thanksgiving day an annual affair. He recommended the same to congress-and advised that it be held in November. It has been a November day ever since.

And so, on November 21 of this year, by proclamations of the President and the governors of the various states, 32,000,000 turkeys will end their days on platters, surrounded by steaming potatoes, gleaming cranberries, luscious pumpkin pie and all the trimmings that go along to make Thanksgiving day the feast that it is.

A few states will continue to observe Thanksgiving on November 28, while several, as they did last year, will observe two Thanksgiv-

Pity the poor turkey.



THE DICTATOR AT HOME (Continued)

Dictator (getting out of bed)-Draw me my tub! Wife-Don't be funny. You're big enough to turn faucets.

Dictator-I'm not accustomed to having my orders disobeyed in that Wife-Well, that's just too bad.

Quiet, please. I want to sleep a little longer. Dictator (from the bathroom)-

Ella, where's my shaving cream? Wife-How should I know where your shaving cream is? And don't

Dictator-I put it on the second shelf and it ain't here. I've looked everywhere.

Wife (getting up and finding it right on the second shelf)-Right under your nose, yet you couldn't find And you're the fellow who is always finding new outlets to the

Dictator (dressing)-I think I'll wear my blue uniform of an aviation general today.

Wife-That funny getup! Dictator (hurt)-I don't think it's

funny. Wife-Of course not. If you did you wouldn't wear it in all those news reel pictures. Put on your tan uniform of a cavalry colonel. That ain't so hot, either, but it fits. Dictator-I'm wearing my blue



Wife-Okay. If you want to look like a monkey, it's your own busi-

Dictator-The trouble with you is you don't know a good uniform when you see one. I know style, I do. I know class. I know distinction. (But he puts on the tan uniform.)

Wife (at breakfast)-You've got egg on your chin, honeykins. Dictator-Don't call me honeykins. These eggs are too soft, any-

Wife-They're four-minute eggs. Dictator-They couldn't have been boiled over three minutes.

Wife-Four minutes! Dictator-Three minutes! Wife-Four!

Dictator-Three! And what are you laughing at?

Wife—I'm laughing at your in-adequacy in debate. If you can't even win an argument over eggs, how do you get away with all those arguments over the destiny of na-Dictator-Enough of this! I'm go-

ing down to the office where I can find some respect. Wife-On your way home tonight,

In 1705, after Thanksgiving days | stop at the butcher's and bring me some liver for the cat. Dictator-I don't know that I will

> be coming that way. Wife-You heard me. Liver for the cat. Dictator-Oh, all right. But, lis-

sen, have dinner early. I've got a big conference on about affairs in the Mediterranean. Wife-Not tonight. We've a dinner

and bridge engagement at the Spur-Dictator-You'll have to call it off. Wife-That's what you think. We

made this date a month ago and we can't break it. Now run along like a nice boy. Dictator (hopelessly)-Gee, Ella, can't I ever have my own way in

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

anything?

The ultimate in dog love is reported by a woman who was trying to get another woman on the telephone the other day. The wire seemed constantly busy. A protest to the complaint operator brought the information that the phone was evidently out of order. The woman making the call finally motored over to her friend's house and told about the trouble.

"Oh, yes," replied her friend, "I've had the receiver off the hook for the last hour so Fido can get her nap. She's awfully nervous lately."

FAIR WARNING!

There is going to be a sensation in the European war one of these years when a bomber hits a legitimate

Ad similes: as servile as the Vichy government.

OLD TIMERS

"Charley's Aunt," a comedy which made grandpaw and grandmaw laugh their heads off, has been revived on Broadway. We look for "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Ben Hur,"
"Thru the Breakers," "The Great Train Robbery," "Bertha the Beautiful Sewing Machine Girl" and the Byrnes Brothers in "Eight Bells" any day now.

Description of a girlish type by R. Roelofs Jr.: Vogue on the out side and vague on the inside.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

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When repapering, if possible buy the washable papers for playroom, stair dadoes and other much used places. Soiled spots can then easily be washed and the paper will keep in good condition for a long time.

Discover Relics

Workmen building a road to Fort Macon state park, Morehead City, N. C., have found large numbers of cannon balls, and shell fragments from the battle waged there during

Staples for Campers

For camping trips and out-of-door cooking the forest service suggests that campers learn how to cook staple foods in a variety of ways rather than to carry many different kinds of foods.



THIS CHRISTMAS

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Christmas Greeting Cards of Quality

All the Latest Designs and Styles

CARDS MADE BY BURGOYNE

ORDER NOW! See Your Printer

England Invaded in 1066 England's day of destiny in 1068 was September 28. On that day William, duke of Normandy, put in at Bulverhithe on the Sussex coast with his fleet of 3,000 boats which had been waiting for more than a month on the shores of Normandy (France) for a good wind across the English channel. The invasion then proceeded in the leisurely tempo of the times (it took three days to unload the boats).

Pathfinder.

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Few women today do not have some sign of functional trouble. Maybe you've noticed YOURSELF getting restless, moody, nervous, YOURSELF getting restiess, moody, nervous, depressed lately—your work too much for you—Then try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to help quiet unstrung nerves, relieve monthly pain (cramps, backache, leadache) and weak dizzy fainting spells due to functional disorders. For over 60 years Pinkham's Compound has helped hundreds of thousands of weak, rundown nervous women. Try iii

WNU-W

46-40 Wrong Roads One goes to the right, the other

to the left; both are wrong, but in

Miserable with backache?

different directions .- Horace.

Y/HEN kidneys function badly and Wyou suffer a nagging backache, with dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination and getting up at night; when you feel tired, nervous,

all upset . . . use Doan's Pills.

Doan's are especially for poorly
working kidneys. Millions of boxes
are used every year. They are recom-