

Kingman Gets Boulder Power

The Secretary of the Interior Harold L. Ickes today announced completion of a contract with the Citizens Utility Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, which operates the power system serving Kingman County, Arizona, by which the company may buy 50,000,000 kilowatt hours annually from the Boulder Dam Power plant until December 31, 1954.

The company will pay the regular price for firm energy at Boulder Dam, 1.63 mills per kilowatt hour, and the revenues from the contract, if the maximum allowable is taken, would amount to \$1,500 a year. The power being sold is firm power originally contracted for by the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, which has announced it will be unable to use the energy on the date at which its contract becomes effective, June 1, 1938.

The contract with the Citizens Utility Company is the second of its type, since on January 28 a similar contract for the sale of a maximum of 20,000,000 kilowatt hours annually of unused Metropolitan Water District power was completed with the Needles Gas and Electric Company, of San Francisco, which serves Needles California and vicinity. This contract also extends to December 31, 1954; requires the payment of 1.63 mills per kilowatt hour and is otherwise similar to that of the Citizens Utility Company. The contract with the Needles company would bring a maximum of \$32,600 annually into the Treasury.

Under a provision in the contract with the Metropolitan Water District the Secretary of the Interior is empowered to dispose of the unused energy, after first offering it to the city of Los Angeles and other major purchasers who hold options on the unused power.

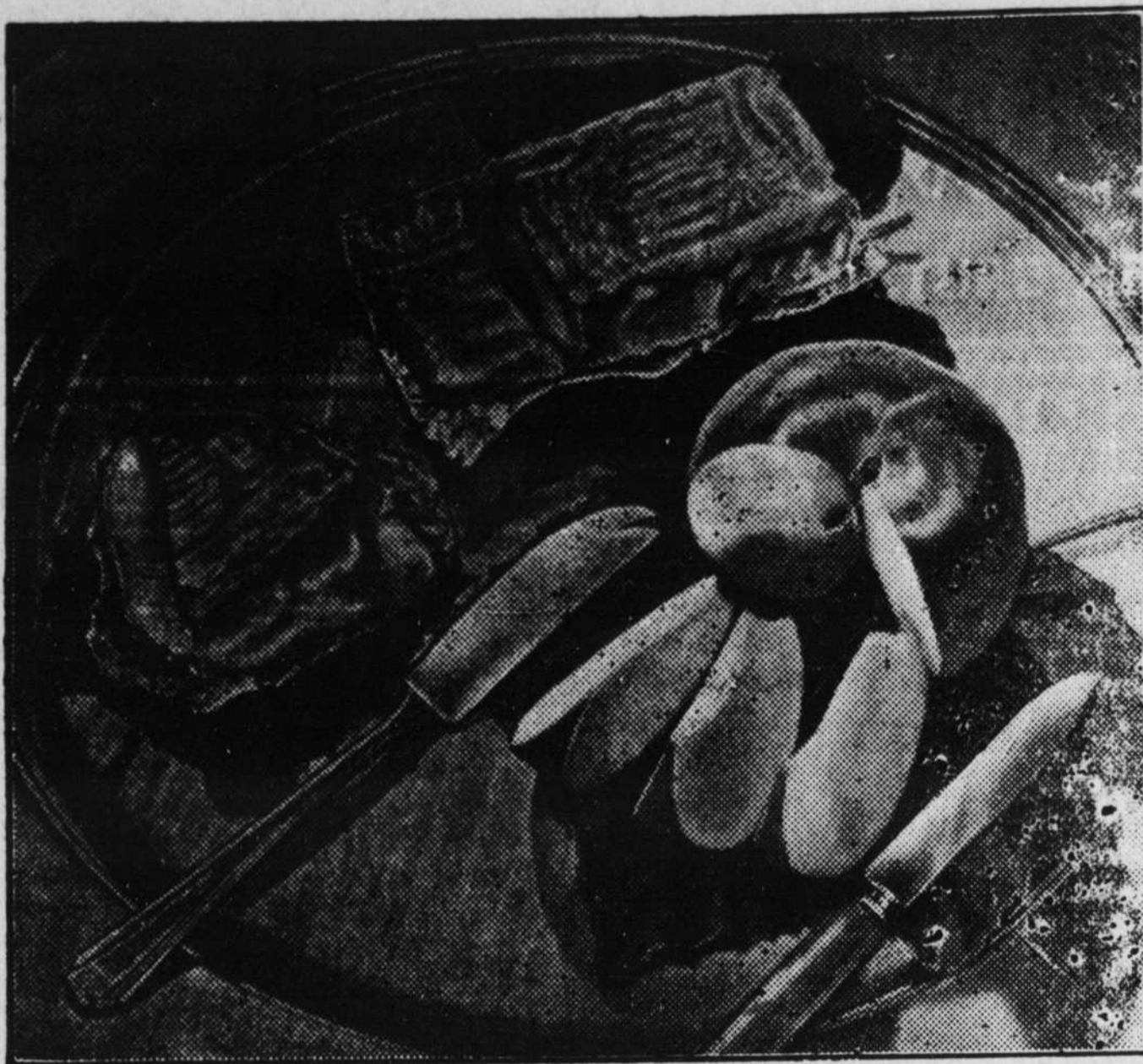
The revenues received from the sale of power to the Citizens Utility Company and the Needles Gas and Electric Company will go into the United States Treasury, but will be credited against the obligation of the Metropolitan Water District, thereby serving to reduce the charges made against the District.

The Metropolitan Water District announced it would be unable to take its allotment of power at the outset because it has been unable to complete its Colorado River Aqueduct. This aqueduct extends 250 miles from Parker Dam, 155 miles below Boulder Dam, to 13 cities on the coastal plain in the vicinity of Los Angeles. The District was allotted 36 per cent of the power from the plant at Boulder Dam for use in pumping water through its aqueduct. While Boulder Dam was completed two years ahead of its schedule, the aqueduct construction program could not be advanced.

Two 82,500 kilovolt-ampere generators designed to serve the Metropolitan water district are now being installed at the Boulder Dam plant and are expected to be ready for operation by June 1. The District, under its contract is required to pay for such unused energy as is disposed of otherwise at rates stipulated in the contract.

The Citizens Utility Company plans to build a transmission line

Cheese Deserves Menu Stardom, Whether You Honor Lent or Balance the Budget



WHETHER you plan a party menu or a dinner of leftovers, Liederkranz, Camembert, polished red apples and bread or crackers for dessert will guarantee social success and an extra dividend of joy to male hearts. Chateau, the mild Canadian cheese, takes high honors as a sandwich favorite for Lenten lunches, afternoon tea or buffet suppers. All cheese treats top the list of thrifty nourishing foods; they are rich in protein, vitamins, calcium and other health giving minerals.

Players Soon to Give 'Hay Fever'

Noel Coward's most noted production, "Hay Fever" is to be presented by a cast from the Las Vegas Community Players next Friday and Saturday evening, March 11 & 12 at the War Memorial Building.

The production is being directed by Leonard Sledge and John Beville and much hard work has been put into it.

The cast is as follows:

Judith Bliss, Grace Semenza; Sorrel Bliss, Gloria Older; Myra Arrendale, Ruth Lusch; Jackie Coryton, Marie Davis; Grace, Francis Slavin; Richard Greatham, Guild Gray; Simon Bliss, Bob Woodruffe; Sandy Tyrrel, John Peville; David Bliss, Richard Fletcher.

to the power plant to handle its energy. The government will install transformers and certain other equipment, which the company will pay for at four per cent interest in ten years. The company agrees also to pay its proportionate share of the cost of the turbines and generators installed to serve the Metropolitan Water District, these charges to be worked out between the company and the district and to come to the Secretary of the Interior for settlement only in case of disagreement between the two.

The Citizens Utility Company was not among the original Boulder Dam power purchasers, and its request for power is only one of several unforeseen demands upon the plant capacity.

NOTWITHSTANDING the disappearance from our modern kitchens of that grand old institution, the stock pot, we shouldn't resign ourselves to a souplless existence. For in many instances a good hot, savory soup may serve as the backbone of the meal — Sunday night supper for example.



This particular soup is a hearty one, but it is delicately appetizing, for it is thickened to a nicety with a small quantity of quick-cooking tapioca.

Salmon and Celery Soup

$\frac{1}{4}$ cup diced celery; $\frac{1}{2}$ cup stock, or $\frac{1}{2}$ cup water and 2 bouillon cubes (chicken flavor); 2 tablespoons quick-cooking tapioca; $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon salt; dash of pepper; dash of paprika; 3 cups milk; 1 cup flaked cooked salmon; 2 tablespoons butter.

Cook celery in stock 5 minutes; combine with tapioca, salt, pepper, paprika, and milk in top of double boiler. Place over rapidly boiling water and heat until scalded (allow 5 to 7 minutes after water resumes boiling); then cook 5 minutes, stirring frequently. Add salmon and butter; reheat. Serves 4 to 6.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank sincerely and gratefully all the kind friends whose expressions of sympathy and acts of kindness helped us so greatly at the time of our loss.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Croal
Mrs. Thomas B. Croal, Jr.
Andrew L. Croal.

Death Begins at Forty Booklet

HARTFORD, Conn., March 3. — (Special)—Basic reasons for America's shameful automobile accident record in 1937 were "too much speed and too little courtesy" according to a new booklet entitled "Death Begins at 40" just issued by the Travelers Insurance Company. The booklet presents a complete analysis of last year's traffic accidents, based on official figures from the 48 states.

There is no intention in the booklet, according to the editors, to advocate 40 miles an hour or any other fixed speed as top limit. To quote: "... there are times, as in heavy traffic or heavy fog, when 30 miles an hour is suicidal; other times when 50 miles an hour seems reasonable. Every driver should know, however, that if he does have an accident it is more likely to mean death if he is going fast."

Many of the features in the booklet have been prepared especially to show what happens in the higher brackets of speed. It is pointed out, for instance, that a car is four times harder to stop at 50 miles an hour than it is at 25, and nine times harder to stop at 75 miles an hour than at 25. A new word, "turnability" has been coined to express another speed factor. The driver's turnability, the booklet shows, decrease rapidly as his speed increases. Thus he can make only one fourth as sharp a turn at 50 miles an hour as he could make at 25 and only one ninth as sharp a turn at 75 as at 25.

Another set of figures shows that if you have an accident while driving under 40 miles an hour there is only one chance in 44 that somebody will be killed but if your accident comes while you are traveling faster than 40, there is one chance in 19 that somebody will be killed.

Christ Church Lenten Service

The first day of Lent, Ash Wednesday, was observed in most churches in Las Vegas.

The forty days of Lent is a period spent in prayer and devotion in memory of those last days of our Lord on earth.

Each Thursday morning at 10:00 o'clock there will be a celebration of the Holy Eucharist at Christ church and an hour of study each Thursday evening at 7:30.

NEW SILVER PRICE AFFECTS MINES IN CREEDE DISTRICT

CREEDE, Colo.—Mine operators and miners of Creede started cutting operating expenses and wages recently in order to keep men employed at the silver mines and make ends meet at the new 64.64 cents per ounce price on silver.

Miners' wages were cut from \$4.50 to \$4 per day. The wage was cut for drillers to \$4 and \$3.75 a day.

Rates of hauling the ore off the hill to the new mill have been reduced and the Creede mill charges have been cut eight per cent. Miners supplies have also been reduced locally.