

Employers Must Arrange Records

Nevada employers are urged by Wm. Royle, Reno manager of the Social Security Board, to arrange their records immediately to comply with requirements of the Social Security Act.

Every employer in commerce, industry or professional service having one or more employees, regardless of whether the employee works on a temporary, part-time or permanent basis, will be required to file an information return with the collector of internal revenue in July Mr. Royle explained.

"No special form of bookkeeping is required," said Mr. Royle, "but the employer's records must show the social security account number of each person under 65 years of age whom he has employed at any time since January 1, 1937. Wages or salaries paid to each employee between January 1 and June 30, inclusive, must also appear on the employer's records."

An employer who lacks an employee's account number should file an application form (SS-5) with the local post office giving sufficient information to identify the employee beyond reasonable doubt. The post office will check the applica-

tion with its file and if the employee has been issued a social security account, this will be forwarded to the employer to complete his records.

Employees were also urged by Mr. Royle to report their social security account numbers to employers promptly if they have not done so. If an employee believes that any employer for whom he worked since January 1 does not have his social security account number, he should get in touch with the employer and give him the information, Mr. Royle said.

The Reno office of the Social Security board is located at 436 Gazette building.

New Booklet By Mines Division

The Division of Mines, Department of Natural Resources, under the direction of Walter W. Bradley, state mineralogist, announces that the January, 1937, issue of the "California Journal of Mines and Geology," comprising Chapter 1 of State Mineralogist's report, is now ready for distribution.

The January quarterly has a report by O. P. Jenkins, chief geologist, on the source data of the new geologic map of the state, the pre-

liminary issue of which is now ready for the press. Mr. C. N. Schuette, consulting mining engineer and geologist, San Francisco, has contributed an article on "The Geology of Quicksilver Ore Deposits," illustrated by sketches and photographs which is most timely, considering the higher prices now received or the metal.

This issue also includes a special article on "Prospecting for Lode Gold," by E. D. Gardner of the United States Bureau of Mines' staff, which will prove of interest and value to both the old timer and amateur prospector and miner. The usual notes concerning oil field development operations, statistics, museum, laboratory and library complete the issue.

The price of the January quarterly is 50 cents, which includes shipping charges and sales tax.

It may be obtained from the offices of the Division of Mines, San Francisco, Sacramento, Los Angeles, and Redding; and from the offices of the Division of Oil and Gas in Bakersfield Taft and Santa Barbara.



Will R. Manier, Jr.

Will R. Manier, Jr., Nashville, Tennessee, who completed his term as president of Rotary International at the Nice, France, convention which closed June 11. The convention, termed "An adventure in international understanding and good will," was attended by approximately 7,500 Rotarians and members of their families from more than sixty countries.

Manier is a charter member of the Rotary Club of Nashville, which was organized in 1915, and was president of the club in 1921-22. He was a member of the extension committee of Rotary International in 1922-23, governor of the twenty-third district in 1923-24, and has been chairman of a number of committees. He was a member of the board of directors for 1933-34.

He is generally given credit for the framework of two of the most important statements of policy in Rotary literature. He was chairman of the resolutions committee at the St. Louis convention of Rotary International in 1923 which drew up the policy of Rotary toward community service activities. The text of his address at the Seattle convention in 1932 was adopted by the board of directors of Rotary International in formulating a statement of the policy of Rotary toward international service.

COPPER — ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY

"A healthy copper industry is absolutely essential to the national defense and international independence of the United States," says the Silver City, New Mexico, Enterprise. "Copper is as necessary to the army and navy as it is to industry."

The copper industry naturally faces the problems faced by all industry—problems caused by changing economic conditions. In addition copper has often been a favorite target for unfriendly legislation. Unnecessarily restrictive laws have been passed that have made the task of the industry doubly hard. In some cases, excessive taxes have been levied against it.

Today the future of this vital industry is bright if it is given a fair chance to increase its development and payrolls, unhampered by inimical laws.

Distribute Farm Products Here

More than one-half million pounds of surplus farm products removed from price-depressed markets in order to increase returns to producers, were distributed in Nevada during 1936 to needy unemployed persons certified to the relief rolls of this state, the Federal Surplus Commodities corporation announced.

The surplus products were removed from the markets by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration and the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, in cooperation with the various state relief agencies, in connection with programs designed to improve returns to producers, encourage domestic consumption of agricultural commodities and prevent waste. The products were distributed to state relief agencies by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation.

The commodities distributed in Nevada included the following: Flour, 58,000 pounds; enriched oat cereal, 10,000 pounds; rolled oats, 24,152 pounds; fresh apples, 90,000 pounds; dried beans, 60,000 pounds; citrus fruit, 106,800 pounds; onions, 60,000 pounds; dried peas, 70,000 pounds; and dried prunes, 120,000 pounds. Also distributed in Nevada were 50,056 pounds of raw cotton, and 8,495 yards of cotton ticking.

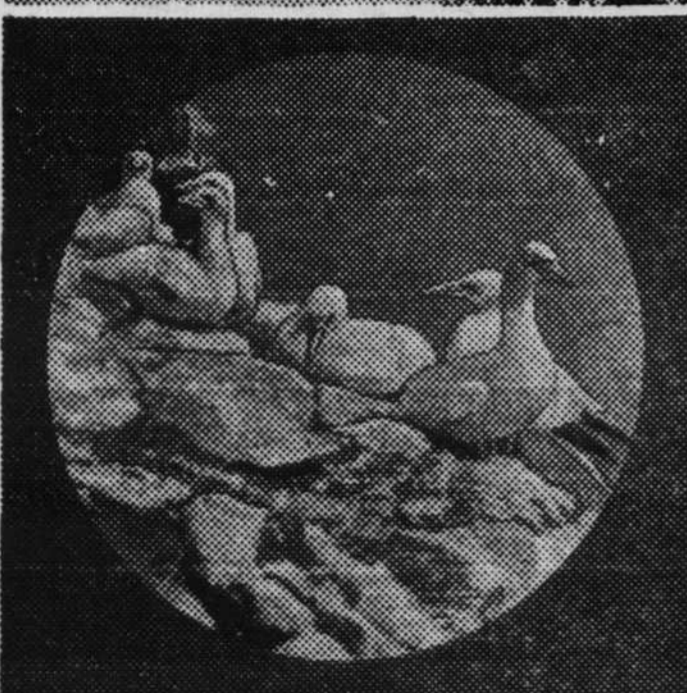
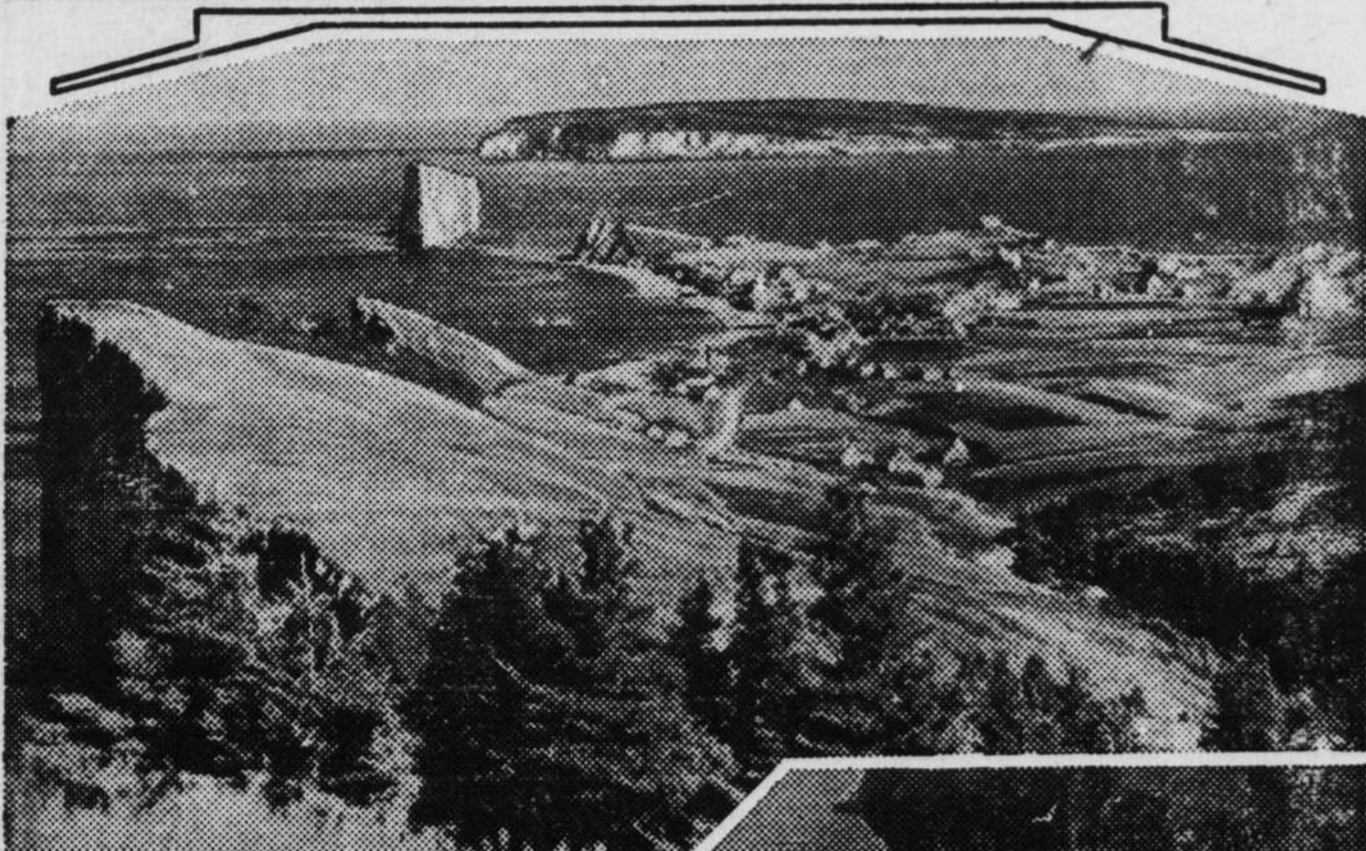
So far no Nevada agricultural products, except cattle and sheep during the drouth program, have been bought by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation.

GRAVEL WASHER AT OSCEOLA TO TREAT BIG GOLD YARDAGE

New interests have entered the Osceola placer district, about 40 miles southeast of Ely, and are preparing for a large-scale operation.

A large placer area owned by W. H. Bowen and formerly leased to the Wagner Gold Placer Co. is said to have been sub-leased to the Grabe brothers of southern California, who were said to be installing a washing plant of large capacity, to be operating within the next fortnight.

SEA BIRD SANCTUARY



—Photographs, Canadian National Railways
BONAVENTURE ISLAND, just off Perce at the eastern tip of the Gaspé Peninsula on the south shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence in Quebec, is one of the greatest sea bird sanctuaries in the world. The island and the steep cliffs of the nearby mainland are protected by the government and on these hospitable shores tens of thousands of sea birds make their nests each year. The principal varieties are gulls, gannets and cormorants. Reached by rail or highway, Perce Village has, in recent years, become famous for its beauty with tourists and especially with artists. The photographs show a general view of Perce and Bonaventure Island; a cliff side loaded down with sea birds and a close-up of a few gannets nesting on the rocks.