

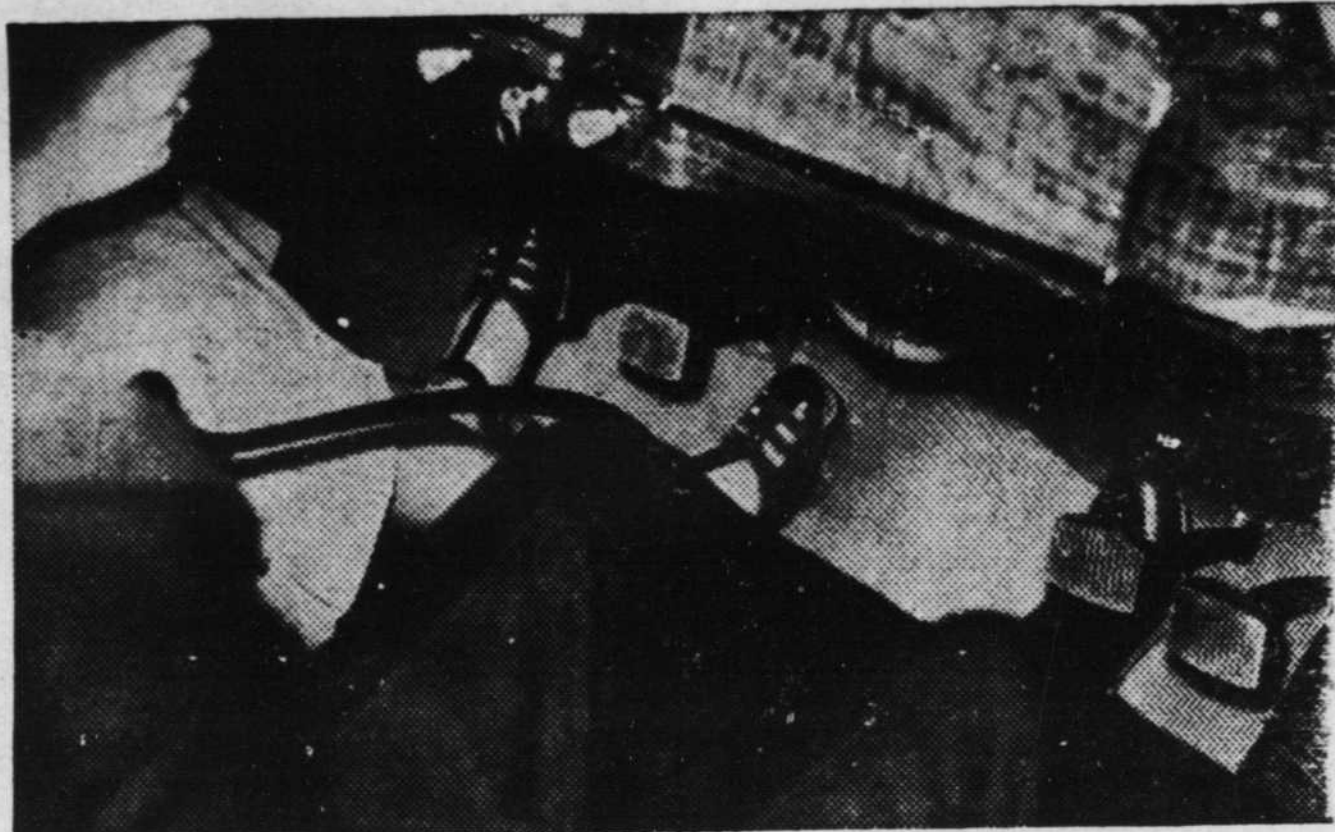
Dual Control Teaching Cars

Believing that instruction in the theory of control of the rules of the road and actual practice in driving a car has a place in the curriculum of the present-day high school as a means of promoting highway safety, the American Automobile Association last fall sponsored a driver training program which already has met with great success in ten high schools in various parts of the country.

Arrangements were made whereby Professor Amos E. Neyhart was

Actual automobiles are used to make the road instruction practical. In this phase of the program Pontiac Motors has cooperated with the AAA, furnishing training cars for each high school. The cars are painted white with special AAA driver training lettering and a set of dual-control clutch and brake pedals is installed in the right hand front seat position for use of the instructor. Dual-control pedals are directly connected with the driver's regulation pedals.

With dual-control pedals mishaps are prevented while the student is driving as the instructor can throw out the clutch and apply the brakes instantly. Also, correct clutching, braking and proper shifting of



Showing the dual-control pedals of the Pontiac instruction cars that are used in connection with the Driver Training courses sponsored by the American Automobile Association in high schools. The instructor who sits on the right thus can prevent mishaps and can teach the student the proper use of the clutch, brakes and the correct shifting of gears.

granted a leave from Pennsylvania State College in order to direct his educational program for the A. A. A. Professor Neyhart has been developing this program for the last five years and today instructors in driver training program are selected as far as possible from 135 graduates who have specialized in driver training at Penn State.

The first ten high schools to inaugurate the AAA driving training program are located in Saugautis, N. Y.; Portland, Me.; Bradford, Pa.; Birmingham, Ala.; State College, Pa.; Washington, D. C.; Cleveland and Toledo, O.; Bluefield, W. Va.; and Spokane, Wash.

gears are learned more rapidly by the student.

To make road instruction practical, practice streets are laid out through cooperation of the police and the local automobile club. In this way actual driving situations are presented to the driver. The street is marked off with pedestrian crosswalks, stop signs, blinkers, traffic lights, parallel and single parking, right and left turns.

It has been found best to train drivers of high school age because their nervous systems are at best for forming new habits, and the learning period grows longer as the age goes up.

son at \$440.00 per month, or a total of \$2,200.00.

Disbursements are estimated at \$200.00 per month or \$1,000 for a five months season, leaving \$1,200 per season for "reserve, improvements, etc."

The Chamber's approval was based upon the recommendation of the

committee headed by Dean Bingham.

After the death of Serman Wilkinson, who had been living on an old-age pension, police unearthed an old fruit jar containing \$7,940 from the ground in the rear of his home at Clinton, Iowa.

Camp Fire Girls Find Jelly Making An Easy Way To Earn Cooking Honor



Mrs. R. J. McCabe, of Larchmont, N. Y., feels that a Camp Fire Girl, as well as every other girl, should know how to make jelly.

JANE McCabe practices making jelly at home—for during the outdoor camping demonstrations which Camp Fire Girls throughout the country will be giving to celebrate their National Jubilee Camping Week from June 20th to 26th, she may be in one of those groups that make jelly in gypsy pots hung over the fire' Mrs. McCabe, like all mothers, heartily approves of this activity.

Camp Fire Girls earn more home craft and cooking honors, which include those given for jelly-making, than any other kind listed in their program. Many of the girls win prizes for their jellies in county fairs, and others sell them to earn money for camp. Large batches of sweet spreads will be made during this summer's National Jelly Making Jubilee to be served at fall parties and entertainments . . . to say nothing of those important summer snacks that follow appetite producing sports like swimming, tennis, or roller skating.

Recipes like these are favorites with everyone:

Red Raspberry and Strawberry Jelly

- 4 cups (2 lbs.) juice
- 7½ cups (3¼ lbs.) sugar
- 1 bottle fruit pectin

To prepare juice, crush thoroughly or grind about 1½ quarts each fully ripe raspberries and straw-

berries. Combine fruits; place in jelly cloth or bag and squeeze out juice.

Measure sugar and juice into large saucepan and mix. Bring to a full rolling boil over hottest fire and boil hard 2 minutes, stirring constantly. Then add bottled fruit pectin, bring again to a full rolling boil, and boil hard ½ minute. Remove from fire, skim, pour quickly. Paraffin hot jelly at once. Makes about 11 glasses (6 fluid ounces each)

Gooseberry Jam

- 5 cups (2½ lbs.) prepared fruit
- 7 cups (3 lbs.) sugar
- 1 box powdered fruit pectin

To prepare fruit, crush thoroughly or grind about 2 quarts fully-ripe gooseberries.

Measure sugar into dry dish and set aside until needed. Measure prepared fruit into a 5- to 6-quart kettle, filling up last cup or fraction of cup with water if necessary; place over hottest fire. Add powdered fruit pectin, mix well, and continue stirring until mixture comes to a hard boil. At once pour in sugar, stirring constantly. (To reduce foaming, ¼ teaspoon butter may be added). Continue stirring, bring to a full rolling boil, and boil hard 1 minute. Remove from fire, skim, pour quickly. Paraffin hot jam at once. Makes about 12 glasses (6 fluid ounces each)

Chamber Favors Municipal Pool

The Chamber of Commerce at its session Tuesday noon, went on record as favoring the proposal to establish a municipal swimming pool by taking over the lease on the Mermaid pool, Fifth street near Fremont.

The cost of the lease and improvements is \$3,000. The lease has five years and seven months to run.

Estimates put forward to justify taking over the pool are as follows:

Capital Expenditures

Cost of Lease (6 seasons).....\$3,000.00
300 Memberships at \$10.00

each\$3,000.00
(Such memberships to be a season pass to the pool)

Operating Estimates

Receipts Monthly

Rentals\$ 40.00
100 Children's unlimited tickets at \$2.00 200.00

200 Children's limited tickets at 50c 100.00
Adult admissions and single children's tickets 100.00

Total.....\$440.00

Disbursements Monthly

Lease of land\$ 40.00
Water 30.00
Attendant 75.00
Phone, electricity, etc. 19.00
Publicity, promotion 15.00
Disinfectant and Misc. 30.00

Total.....\$209.00

Totals for Five Month Period

Five months at \$440.....\$2,200
Five months at \$200.....\$1,000
Reserve, improvements, etc. 1,200

Total.....\$2,200

The proposal contemplates the sale of 300 memberships at \$10.00 each (each membership to be a season pass to the pool) to finance the \$3,000 cost of the lease.

Estimates of operating receipts and disbursements figure a total cash receipts for a five month's sea-