

**Pittman**

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testing labor; improving conditions and raising the standard of living, and protecting our mining and other industries. Ever since the War I have earnestly advocated the most generous treatment of our veterans and the broadest provisions for the care of our disabled ex-service men.

The committee of United States Senators selected to present the records of Democratic Senators who are candidates for reelection may present to the voters of the State the most important of my record. For the information, however, of new voters and those who by reason of lack of opportunity have been unable to keep up with the authentic public records of the important matters transacted in Congress. I hope that I may be pardoned for a few brief personal remarks.

I have actively and enthusiastically supported President Franklin D. Roosevelt. I am heart and soul in sympathy with Franklin D. Roosevelt's "New Deal," and I have given it active support with all of the mental and physical powers that I possess. No doubt exists in my mind with regard to the "New Deal." It is the only "New Deal" in the world that should command the entire thought and energy of American citizens. It is the only deal since the World War where the people have had a chance to win. It prevented financial and social collapse which would surely have come through the failure of every bank in the United States except for the unhesitating and courageous acts of President Roosevelt. It has given work to millions of men and women and carried many more millions of destitute people through the most dreadful period of our history. It has saved the homes and farms of millions of our citizens, and has brought to our people a new courage, which will bring lasting victory over depression.

I knew and understood Franklin D. Roosevelt's "New Deal" when I travelled with him during his campaign. I was one of his aides then. I have been one of his aides throughout all of his service to date. And I'll continue to be one of his aides.

I regret that I could not have reached Nevada at an earlier date. I would have been happy to have met our citizens and my friends and to have discussed with them informally the many questions that affect our interests. This is difficult during the hectic period of a political campaign. The duties of my office, however, prevented my from leaving Washington at an earlier date.

New regulations had to be agreed upon and drafted to protect the producers of both silver and gold under the new Acts and Proclamations. I was invited into conferences, prepared briefs and participated in the preparation of these remedial rules and regulations.

Then came suddenly the necessity for drought relief. For weeks I worked upon this matter with other representatives of our State and Federal Government.

There then arose a doubt as to the interpretation to be given to the Scrugham Amendment providing for loans by the R. F. C. to mining and milling companies, and as to the authority of the Corporation to make loans. The General Counsel for the R. F. C. invited me into a conference in which the construction to be given to such amendment was fully discussed. Subsequently, at the request of the General Counsel, I prepared a brief and argument sustaining the authority of the

**Tomorrow Will Be Record Court Day**

A record day for the Clark county divorce mill is in prospect for tomorrow, when Judge W. H. Edwards of White Pine county will occupy the local bench to clean up pending cases.

There are 18 suits on the calendar for tomorrow with a possibility that the total will reach 25 before then.

All of these actions will be heard in the morning, which will allow ap-

R. F. C. under the amendment to make loans to the full extent evidently intended by Congress.

And so Mrs. Pittman and I have been exiled from our home a great deal of the time during vacations, summer after summer. In 1930, as Chairman of a Subcommittee of the Foreign Relations Committee, I conducted hearings throughout the West on the silver question and the effect of the low price of silver on our trade export. In 1931 my Subcommittee continued the investigation and study of the silver question in China, which necessitated a trip to that country. In 1932 I accompanied Franklin D. Roosevelt throughout his entire campaign. In 1933 the President called upon me to sit in as one of his representatives at the informal conferences held in Washington with representatives of various governments preparatory to the London Conference, and after two months of this work he sent me as a Delegate to the World Economic Conference at London. I was called upon to perform public services during the recess of Congress. They were duties no loyal public servant would shrink. It was my loss in a sense, yet I am happy that I had the opportunity to serve our citizens who have been so good and generous to me. These matters have not been play. There have been many disappointments, but there has been a steady advancement.

Except during the brief period when the Pittman Silver Act was under consideration and administration, Congress and the country, and in fact the peoples of the world, were silent on the subject of silver for over thirty years until I started the fight in 1927 by offering and passing through the Senate an amendment to the Tariff Act providing for a duty of 30 cents an ounce on the importation of silver. However, the House of Representatives killed my Silver Amendment to the Tariff Act. I continued to carry on the silver fight through investigation after investigation, report after report and speech after speech. I carried the fight to sixty-six governments at London and won. I brought the fight back to the President and Congress. This fight was finally participated in equally by every silver advocate in Congress and resulted in a great victory.

Silver has not yet been brought to its full parity of 16 to 1, but it's on its way. The Amendment to the Gold Act offered by authorizing the President to reduce the silver content of the silver dollar proportionately to the reduction of the Gold content of the gold dollar, will restore the parity of 16 to 1. Silver, however, has been remonetized. The amendment offered by me and written in the Agricultural Adjustment Act and again reaffirmed by my amendmen to the Gold Act, declaring all United States silver

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— COOPER FOR GOVERNOR —

proximately 6 minutes per case if the session starts at the usual hour of ten o'clock.

The highest previous number of divorce actions handled in any one day was 12, shortly after the six week's residence provision went into effect. These cases, however, required a full day's court session.

**Roscoe Thomas Robbed of Cash**

Roscoe Thomas, of the Palace Theatre, was the victim of a bold holdup Wednesday night when he was robbed of approximately \$140 which he was taking to the place where the funds of the theatre are deposited each night.

The robbery occurred on Second street between Carson and Fremont, near the corner of the office building of Judge Breeze and H. M. Morse. The perpetrator of the crime is described as a man about 23 years old of light complexion and medium height, clad in corduroy trousers and light shirt. He was armed with a revolver with which he threatened his victim.

**PERSONALS**

**TO VISIT RELATIVES**

Mrs. James H. Down Jr., left this week for southern California where she will spend several weeks visiting friends and relatives.

**BUSINESS AND PLEASURE TRIP**

Mrs. Ethel Kazoport and sons of Ethel's Delicatessen left this week for a combined business and pleasure trip to Los Angeles and Long Beach.

**RETURNS FROM FAIR**

Miss Lenergan and nephew Tom Carroll have returned from touring the east and a visit to the world's fair.

**Local Pair Wed in Las Vegas**

Bessie L. Lilly of Las Vegas and LeRoy L. Wainwright of Searchlight were married last Monday by Judge Frank M. Ryan at his office in the Clark county court house. Helen Swedly and W. Ellsworth witnessed the ceremony. They will make their home in Searchlight.



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