

The Republican Platform

CHICAGO, June 15. (AP) — The Republican platform:

Following is an abridged, condensed text of the platform adopted tonight by the resolutions committee of the Republican national convention.

INTRODUCTION

We meet in a period of widespread distress and of an economic depression that has swept the world. The emergency is second only to that of a great war. The human suffering occasioned may well exceed that of a period of actual conflict.

The supremely important problem that challenges our citizens and government alike is to break the back of the depression, to restore the economic life of the nation and to bring encouragement and relief to the thousands of American families that are sorely afflicted.

The people themselves, by their own courage, their own patient and resolute effort in the readjustments of their own affairs can and will work out the cure. It is our task as a party, by leadership and a wise determination of policy to assist that recovery.

To that task we pledge all that our party possesses in capacity, leadership, resourcefulness and ability.

We have in the White House a leader — wise, courageous, patient, understanding, resourceful, ever-present at his post of duty, tireless in his efforts and unwaveringly faithful to American principles and ideals.

WAGE SCALES

Throughout the depression unemployment has been limited by the systematic use of part time employment as a substitute for the general discharge of employees. Wage scales have not been reduced except under compelling necessity. As a result there have been fewer strikes and less social disturbances than during any similar period of hard times.

During the trying winters of 1930-31 and 1931-32 a nation-wide organization to relieve distress was brought into being under the leadership of the President. By the spring of 1931 the possibility of a

business upturn in the United States was clearly discernible when, suddenly, a train of events was set in motion in central Europe which moved forward with extraordinary rapidity and violence, threatening the credit structure of the world, and eventually dealing a serious blow to this country.

The President foresaw the danger. He sought to avert it by proposing a suspension of inter-governmental debt payments for one year. But the credit machinery of the nations of central Europe could not withstand the strain, and the forces of disintegration continued to gain momentum until in September Great Britain was forced to depart from the gold standard. This momentous event, followed by a tremendous raid on the dollar, resulted in a series of bank suspensions in this country, and the hoarding of currency on a large scale.

CREDIT ASSOCIATION

Again the President acted. Under his leadership the National Credit association came into being. It mobilized banking resources, saved scores of banks from failure, helped restore confidence, and proved of inestimable value in strengthening the credit structure.

In his message to congress the President outlined a constructive and definite program which in the main has been carried out; other portions may yet be carried out.

The railroad credit corporation was created. The capital of the federal land banks was increased.

The reconstruction finance corporation came into being, and brought protection to millions of depositors, policy holders and others. Legislation was enacted enlarging the discount facilities of the federal reserve system, and without reducing the legal reserves of the federal reserve banks, releasing a billion dollars of gold, a formidable protection against raids on the dollar and a greatly enlarged basis for an expansion of credit. An earlier distribution to depositors in closed banks has been brought about through the action of the reconstruction finance corporation. Above all, the national credit has been

placed in an impregnable position by provision for adequate revenue and a program of drastic curtailment of expenditures. All of these measures were designed to lay a foundation for the resumption of business and increased employment. But delay and the constant introduction and consideration of new and unsound measures has kept the country in a state of uncertainty and fear, and offset much of the good otherwise accomplished.

PROVIDES FOR DISTRESS

The President has recently supplemented his original program to provide for distress, to stimulate the revival of business and employment, and to improve the agricultural situation, he recommended extending the authority of the reconstruction finance corporation to enable it:

(a) To make loans to political subdivisions of public bodies or private corporations for the purpose of starting construction of income-producing or self-liquidating projects which will at once increase employment;

(b) To make loans upon security of agriculture commodities so as to insure the carrying of normal stocks of these commodities, and thus stabilize their loan value and price levels;

(c) To make loans to the federal farm board to enable extension of loans to farm co-operatives and loans for export of agricultural commodities to quarters unable otherwise to purchase them;

(d) To loan up to \$300,000,000 to such states as are unable to meet the calls made on them by their citizens for distress relief.

The President's program contemplates an attack on a broad front, with far-reaching objectives, but entailing no danger to the budget. The Democratic program, on the other hand, contemplates a heavy expenditure of public funds, a budget unbalanced on a large scale, with doubtful attainment of at best a strictly limited objective.

We strongly endorse the President's program.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND RELIEF

The relief problem is one of state and local responsibility. The work of local agencies, public and pri-

vate, have been coordinated and carried on a nation-wide scale under the leadership of the President. Sudden and unforeseen emergencies such as the drought have been met by the Red Cross and the government.

The President has urged congress to create an emergency relief fund to be loaned temporarily to any state.

The Republican party endorses this record and policy and is opposed to the federal government entering directly into the field of private charity.

Constructive plans for financial stabilization cannot be completely organized until our national, state and municipal governments not only balance their budgets, but curtail their current expenses to a level which can be steadily and economically maintained for some years to come.

We urge prompt and drastic reduction of public expenditure and resistance to every appropriation not necessary to the performance of the essential functions of government.

THE DOLLAR

The Republican party established and will continue to uphold the gold standard and will oppose any measure which will undermine the government's credit or impair the integrity of our national currency. Relief by currency inflation is unsound in principle and dishonest in results.

BANKS AND THE BANKING SYSTEM

There is need of revising the banking laws so as to place our banking structure on a sounder basis. For the better protection of the depositing public there should be more stringent supervision and broader powers vested in the supervising authorities.

One of the serious problems affecting our banking system has arisen from the practice of organizing separate corporations under and controlled by the same interests as banks, but participating in operations which the banks themselves are not permitted legally to undertake. We favor requiring reports of and submitting to thorough and periodic examination all such affiliates until adequate information has been acquired so the problem may definitely be solved.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

We favor the participation by the United States in an international conference to consider matters relating to monetary questions, including the position of paper, exchange problems, and commodity prices, and possible co-operative action concerning them.

HOME LOAN DISCOUNT BANK SYSTEM FOR THE BENEFITS OF HOME OWNERS OF THE UNITED STATES

Favors the creation of a system of federally supervised home loan discount banks designed to serve the home owners of all parts of the country and to encourage home ownership by making possible long term credits for homes on more stable and more favorable terms.

There has arisen in the last few years a disturbing trend away from home ownership. We believe that everything possible should be done by governmental agencies, national, state and local, to reverse this tendency.

AGRICULTURE

Farm distress blamed on expansion of agricultural production during the war, deflation of 1919-20 and dislocation of markets after the war.

The party pledges itself to revise tariffs to maintain parity of protection to agriculture with other industry.

The time has come for reconsideration of tax systems, federal, state and local, relieving unjust burdens.

The fundamental problem of American agriculture is the control of production to such volume as will balance supply with demand.

THE TARIFF

Because many foreign countries have recently abandoned the gold standard, lowering costs of many commodities in terms of American currency, adequate tariff protection is today particularly essential. The tariff commission should promptly investigate individual commodities so affected by currency depreciation and report to the President any increase in duties found necessary to equalize domestic with foreign costs of production.

Policy of a flexible tariff, giving power to the President to modify rates is supported.

We favor the extension of the general Republican principle of tariff protection to natural resource industries, including products of farms, forests, mines and oil wells with compensatory duties on the manufactured and refined products thereof.

VETERANS

Increased hospital facilities have been provided, payments in compensation have more than doubled, and generous provision made in rehabilitation, pensions, and insurance.

We believe that every veteran incapacitated in any degree by reason of illness or injuries attributable to service in defense of his country should be cared for and compensated, so far as compensation is possible and that the dependents of those who lost their lives in war or whose death since the war in which service was rendered is traceable to service causes, should be provided for adequately. A careful study should be made

of existing veterans legislation with a view to eliminating inequalities and injustices and affecting all possible economies.

FRIENDSHIP AND COMMERCE

We believe in and look forward to the steady enlargement of the principles of equality of treatment between nations.

The American policy known as the "most favored nation principle" has been our guiding program and we believe that policy to be the only one consistent with a full development of international trade.

CONDITIONS ON THE PACIFIC

Throughout controversy in the Far East, the President and his secretary of state have maintained a just balance between Japan and China. Throughout the controversy our government has acted in harmony with the governments represented in the League of Nations, always making it clear that American policy would be determined at home but always lending a hand in the common interest of peace and order.

WORLD COURT

We recommend the world court for the settlement of international disputes by the rule of law. America should join its influence.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENT

In the Geneva disarmament conference America is an active participant. This policy will be pursued.

Maintenance of our navy on the basis of parity with any nation is a fundamental policy to which the Republican party is committed.

NATIONAL DEFENSE

We support the essential principles of the national defense act as amended in 1920 and by the air corps act of 1926, and believe that the army of the United States had through successive reductions, accomplished in the last 12 years, reached the irreducible minimum consistent with the self-reliance, self-respect and security of the country.

WAGES AND WORK

For the principle of high wages, the shorter working week and work day for government and private employment.

For legislation designed to stimulate, encourage and assist in home building.

IMMIGRATION

Restriction of immigration on basis of present laws.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Commend the constructive work of the United States department of labor.

LABOR

Collective bargaining recognized and approved; also other laws to aid and protect labor.

HIGHWAYS

Continuation of federal co-operation with the states in the building of roads in accordance with our needs and resources.

CRIME

Enactment of rigid penal laws that will aid the states in stamping out the activities of gangsters, racketeers and kidnapers.

NARCOTICS

Continuation of the present relentless warfare against the illicit narcotic traffic and the spread of the curse of drug addiction.

CIVIL SERVICE

Approval of civil service.

PROHIBITION

Prompt submission to state conventions of a Constitutional amendment which would:

1. Give "the people" an opportunity to pass upon the prohibition question.
2. Retain for the federal government "the power to preserve the gains already made in dealing with the evils inherent in the liquor traffic."
3. Allow states to deal with the prohibition problem as their citizens may determine, but subject always to the power of the federal government to protect those states where prohibition may exist and safeguard our citizens everywhere from the return of the saloon and its attendant abuses.

NEGRO

Maintenance of equal opportunity and rights for negro citizens.

DEMOCRATIC FAILURE

The vagaries of the present Democratic house of representatives offer characteristic and appalling proof of the existing incapacity of that party for leadership in a national crisis. Individualism running amuck has displaced party discipline and has trampled underfoot party leadership. A bewildered electorate has viewed the spectacle with profound dismay and deep misgivings.

PARTY GOVERNMENT

Only by united party action can consistent, well planned and wholesome legislative programs be enacted. Without it, election under a party aegis becomes a false pretense. We earnestly request that Republicans through the Union demand that their representatives in congress pledge themselves to the end that the insidious influence of party disintegration may not undermine the very foundations of the Republic.

CONCLUSION

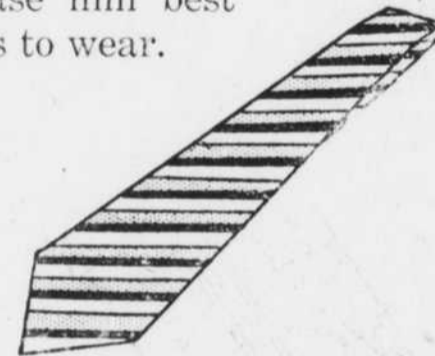
"The Republican party faces the future unafraid."

"With courage and confidence in ultimate success, we will strive against the forces that strike at our social and economic ideals, our political institutions."

Tribute to a Prince of GOOD FELLOWS

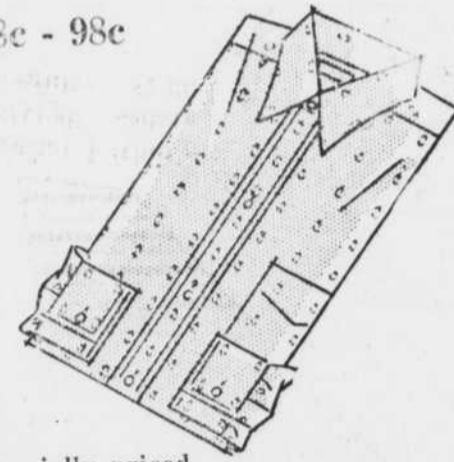


SUNDAY is Father's Day and you'll want to pay your tribute generously to one who has manifested a lifetime of generosity in his provisions for your wants and needs. You'll please him best with things to wear.



TIES... a special Father's Day Value. Stylish, sedate patterns of regular \$2.00 quality at

48c - 68c - 98c



SHIRTS... specially priced. Collar-attached styles in plain white or patterns; all sizes at \$1.55 - \$1.79 - \$2.45

HOSE... exceptional values in Lisle. Sale Price 27c. Silks at 39c. \$1.00 values at 59c.



And Other Suggestions, Such As HANDKERCHIEFS GIFT ORDERS HATS PAJAMAS BELTS BATH ROBES FLANNELS SLIPPERS

AT

BECKLEY'S

FIRST AT FREMONT

MID-SUMMER Clearance Sale

Starts Today REAL VALUES

ALL SHOES REDUCED

TO CLEAR THE DECK FOR NEW FALL

FOOTWEAR.

BOULDER CITY

LASKY'S

Mid-Summer SHOE CLEARANCE SALE!

STARTS TODAY

ALL LADIES' NOVELTY SHOES REDUCED TO NOTHING HIGHER

COME NOW—WHILE SIZES AND STYLES

\$2.87 and \$3.87 ARE AVAILABLE

LASKY'S SHOE STORE LAS VEGAS

TALK OF THE TOWN SALE — NOW ON

Announcing

AN EVEN GREATER REDUCTION ON

LADIES' HOSE

BRAND NEW — FIRST QUALITY

ALLEN-A CLOSING OUT

Formerly 85c & \$1.00

Now 59c

Formerly \$1.35 & \$1.65

Now 79c

PHOENIX

Was \$1.00

Now 79c

Was \$1.65

Now \$1.29

Was \$1.95

Now \$1.49



BECKLEY'S

FIRST AT FREMONT

PALACE THEATRE

BARBARA STANWYCK IN ADOLPHE MENJOU

COOLEST SPOT IN LAS VEGAS

PALACE THEATRE

TODAY TODAY TODAY "FORBIDDEN"

NEWEST AND FINEST THEATRE

PALACE THEATRE

TODAY TODAY TODAY "FORBIDDEN"

PALACE THEATRE

BARBARA STANWYCK ADOLPHE MENJOU

COOLEST SPOT IN LAS VEGAS