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FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1980

CARTER RECEIVES RECORD LOWEST JEWISH VOTE IN 30 YEARS

BAT MITZVAN

Shana Schiffman, daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Paul Schiffman, will be called to the Torah and become a Bat Mitzvah during services at Temple Beth Sholom, 1600 E. Oakey Blvd., on Saturday morning, November 22, 1980.

Rabbi Kalman Appel, spiritual leader of the Temple, will officiate

Shana Schiffman, and conduct the serughter of Mr. & Mrs. vices which commence aul Schiffman, will be at 9:30 A.M. Cantor lled to the Torah and conduct the services which commence at 9:30 A.M. Cantor Simon Bergman will come a Bat Mitzvah chant the liturgy.

The parents of the Bat Mitzvah will host the congregation to a Kiddush in the Temple's Entratter Social Hall immediately after the conclusion of services

TWO JEWS ELECTED TO U.S. SENATI

WASH. (WNS) Two Jewish Republicans were elected to the Senate in the wake of Ronald Realandslide vicgan's 28 Jews tory while elected to the were House. The record number includes 23 Democrats and five Republicans.

Elected to the Senate were Arlen Spector in Pennsylvania and Warren Rudman in New Hampshire. Two Jewish Democratic Senatorial candidates -Elizabeth Holtzman
in New York and Daniel
Berman in Utah, were
defeated. Also defeated was a Jewish
candidate for governor
of Vermont, John
Diamond.

The new 97th Congess which will convene in January, will have six Jewish senators.



Yahrzeits Tonight At Beth Sholom

(Friday, Nov. 21, 1980)
Barach Eisner
Pearl Phillips
Max Shore
Barney Goldstein
Blanche Strauss Zionts
Eli Cohen
Rose Grapel
Samuel R. Goldberg
Max Goot
Harry Rebotsky
Joseph Stern
Eva Franklin
Max Berenkrantz

Gabriel Bergman
Pépie Diener
Robert Blasband
Irving Berman
Jennie Marcus
Roz Katz
Eileen A. Mendelson
Sholom Singer
Rev. Moses Seligman
Gus & Bess Greenbaum
Abe Louis Padratzik
Jacob Silverman
Max Adelson

ONLY GETS 51 % FROM NYC DEMOCRATS

WASHINGTON (WNS) -- President Carter appeared to get more votes from Jews than did Republican Ronald Reagan, but Carter's vote was the lowest for a Democrat since before Franklin D. Roosevelt's Administration. A CBS-New York Times poll showed Carter received 51 percent, Reagan 37 percent and independent candidate John Anderson nine percent of the Jewish vote.

This was lower than the 60 percent received by George McGovern in his unsuccessful race against President Nixon in 1972. The CBS-Times poll also showed that in California,

(Continued on Page 6)



PRESIDENT'S **ADDRESSES** UJA BEGIN MISSION. PRIME MINISTER MENACHEM BE-GIN RESPONDS TO HIGH LEVEL OF PLEDGE INCREASES ANNOUNCED FOR 1981 REGULAR CAMPAIGN AND PROJECT RENEWAL AT KNESSET STATE DINNER CONCLUDING RE-CENT UJA PRESIDENT'S MISSION TO ISRAEL. OTHERS ON DAIS, LEFT TO RIGHT: UJA NATIONAL VICE CHAIRMAN SYLVIA HASSEN-FELD OF PROVIDENCE; YEHUDA AVNER, ADVISOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER; UJA NA-TIONAL VICE CHAIRMAN JOEL S. BRESLAU OF WASHINGTON, D.C., THE MISSION CHAIR-MAN; UJA NATIONAL VICE CHAIRMAN RO-BERT E. LOUP OF DENVER; AND UJA NA-TIONAL VICE CHAIRMAN ROBERT RUSSELL OF MIAMI, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL PROJECT RENEWAL COORDINATING COM-MITTEE.

TELL TALES

"One Man Plus The Truth Constitutes A Majority"

Reagan Pledged Support of Israel

Ronald Reagan will become President of the United States January 20 with perhaps having made stronger campaign commitments on Israel than any of his predecessors. He has stressed that he sees the United States not only has a moral commitment to the Jewish State but that he considers Israel an ally and a strategic asset in the Middle East.

Reagan has also promised to continue the Camp David process, to support a united Jerusalem under Israeli sovereignty and not to negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organization, which he has pointed out, he has no problem labeling as a "terrorist" organization.

His close aides have stressed that these were not just campaign pledges, that Reagan's support for Israel goes back to the creation of the Jewish State long before he ever thought of entering politics.

But Reagan, like all new Presidents, will find that once he enters office he will be buffeted by opinions from all sides, by people in the foreign policy establishment and perhaps, among some of his close advisors, too, who will provide him with "logical" reasons why he should "tilt" away from Israel.

Reagan, like the man he has just defeated, Jimmy Carter, enters the White House with little foreign policy experience.

That is why it is so unfortunate that the two top ranking members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Jacob Javits (R. NY) and Frank Church (D. Idaho), were defeated in this election. Both were also among the leading supporters of Israel in Congress.

Their counsel may be sorely missed as the Reagan Administration begins to feel its way in the complicated issues of the Middle East.*