

10 NO. 43

P.O. BOX 14096 LAS VEGAS, NEV. 89114

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1974

876-1255

The historic agreement for Russia to permit Jews to emigrate without harassment will be noted with prayer and thanksgiving at Temple Beth Sholom, Friday evening, October 25 at 8:30 p.m. when Rabbi Philip Shnairson reviews the history of the struggle for Soviet Jewry. He also will review the success of the Sen. Henry Jackson Amendment tying free emigration to free trade with the U.S.

The Rabbi also will discuss the implication of this event for the future of Israel in the remaining Russian Jewish community.

The theme of the Religious Service on the eve of the Sabbath, as chanted by Cantor Joseph-Kohn and the Temple choir, will be one of gratitude.

Refreshments will be served in the social hall following the services and children will celebrate in songs and dances the youth struggle for Soviet Jewry.

The community is invited to attend.

NEW YORK (WNS) --Two Jewish organiza-Soviet or closing by authorities of a Synagogue in the Moscow of Tomilino suburb which has been opera-

YAHRZEITS TONIGHT AT BETH SHOLOM

(Friday, Oct. 25, 1974) David Stein Morris Star Abraham Kahn Herman Nachschoen Jack Snyder Phillip Solomon Eugene Weiss Jack Markus Benjamin Reise Jacob Peilte Israel Alderman Charles B. Edwards Sol Braiker

Jennie London Lena Nemsky Mary Freedman Sharon Wynn Unrot Hilda Weiss Sophie Soskin Marie Gordon Zohra Benisty Ida Haber

ting for 42 years. Harold M. Jacobs, tions have denounced the president of the Union Orthodox Jewish Congregations America, sent a tele-gram to Soviet Premier Leonid I. Brezhnev and to Anatoly Dobrynin, Soviet Ambassador in Washington, demanding "the immediate redress of this breach of the religious rights of Jews in the Soviet Union."

In a telegram Dobrynin, a copy which was sent to Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, Stanley Lowell, president the National Conference on Soviet Jewry, said the Soviet Union cannot have detente and improved relations while "arbitraily" closing a synagogue. He said that "we demand religious freedom for our people" as well as free-dom of emigration and and end to harassment,

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WASHINGTON (WNS) -- The Ford Administration and key Congressmen have formally agreed upon a compromise to provide trade benefits to the Soviet Union in return for substantial relaxation in the USSR's emigration restrictions.

The agreement which provides assurances that at least 60,000 persons will be allowed to emigrate annually was announced at the White House by Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D. Wash.). Jackson, and Sens, Jacob Javits (R. NY) and Abraham Ribicoff (D. Conn.) have been meeting Jim regularly to work out a compromise. President Ford entered the negotiations shortly after his inauguration and he personally took over the final discussions before the agreement was completed.

Jackson termed the agreement "historic in the fact that an agreement on human rights was worked out in a trade agreement." Javits asserted it was "a great tribute to the deep moral feelings of our country." Rep. Charles A. Vanik (D. Ohio), who along with Rep. Wilbur Mills (D. Ark.) had introduced the Mills-Vanik amendment in the house as a companion to the Jackson Amendment in the Senate, said the accord "has cleared the way for humanity and human rights."

The agreement calls for an exchange of letters between Kissinger and Jackson in which Kissinger said he had assurances from Moscow that the Soviet authorities would end harassment of persons applying for emigration visas.

Jackson's letter said "We would consider

a benchmark -- a minimum standard of initial compliance - to be the issuance of visas at the rate of 60,000 per annum; and we understand the President proposes to use the same benchmark." Jackson said the formula represents "a definite change" in the Soviet view of human

rights that "is worth trying."

Javits noted that "the key element of detente in all its manifestations is the good faith performance of this agreement." Jackson noted that if the agreement is implemented in good faith more than 60,000 a year will be allowed to emigrate since the agreement calls for the number to rise and correspond to applications.

A key element of the compromise is that Congress will judge whether the Soviet Union is living up to the agreement. A dispute over this had held up the agreement since Kissinger and Ford had demanded that the President be the judge of compliance and the three Senators had argued for congressional control. "We have a double lock on compliance," a congressthat the trade bill will include the Jackson/Mills Amendments. The bill, as agreed upon, will give the President authority to provide the Soviet Union with most-favored-nation trade benefits and credits for 18 months.

"One Man Plus The Truth Constitutes A Majority"

BY JACK TELL



Brennan for Dist. Judge



JIM

At election time Sun columnist Paul Price comes out of the woodwork to bare his fangs as is his custom, and this year his poisonous darts are directed at James Brennan, candi-

date for district judge.

There are three specific charges Price is making against Brennan, and if he but mentioned them once or twice we would have shrugged them off as animousity because Brennan had easily won over Paul years ago for the county commission. But constant repetition of the exact same accusations, not only made boring reading, but also created the suspicion that Price was up to his old tricks of cashing in on an election. We have Paul's sworn testimony that he had accepted thousands from at least one candidate and attempted to get on the payroll of another.

We investigated the charges being made by aul against Jim and, as expected, came up with circumstances different from those Price is presenting to the public. It should be pointed out that we've known and respected both Brennan and his opponent William Compton for many

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