

# AS VEGAS ISRAELITE

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## U.S. TROOPS STILL ON ALERT

WASHINGTON (WNS) -- President Nixon put the United States armed forces on alert in the wake of reports that the Soviet Union was planning to send troops to the Middle East.

Earlier it was reported that Egyptian President Anwar Sadat has written to Nixon and Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid Brezhnev asking them to send forces to police the ceasefire.

But Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger in a press conference reiterated the U.S. position that it "does not favor and will not approve sending of a joint-Soviet-United States force into the Middle East." Kissinger added that the U.S. "is even more opposed" to the unilateral introduction of the military force of any nation, especially a nuclear power, (Continued on Page 3)

## ISRAEL CONCERNED ABOUT POWS

The

Cabinet in its

TEL. AVIV (WNS) -- date. Israel is placing prime importance on the ex-change of prisoners of the ceasefire said it was importance on the exwar within the cease- conditional on an exch-

Minister ange of prisoners. In New York Maj. Gen. Uzi Abba Eban stressed this point here as he noted that while Israel has Israeli POWs. lists of all 1300 prisoners it holds, Israel has not received any notice from Syria on the fate of prisoners Syria took, Eban said that the U. S. and the Soviet Union in sponsthe ceasefire oring resolution at the United Nations adopted the principle of the exchange of POWs at the earliest

### YAHRZEITS TONIGHT AT BETH SHOLOM

(Friday, Nov. 2, 1973) Samuel London Moses Zumar Abraham Kahn Morris Star David Stein Herman Nachschoen Jack Snyder Phillip Solomon Eugene Weiss Benjamin Reise Jacob Peilte Jennie London Lena Nemsky Mary Freedman Sharon Wynn Unrot Hilda Weiss Sophie Soskin

UNITED NATIONS (WNS) -- A resolution calling for the immediate creation of a United Nations Emergency force for the Middle East was adopted by the Security Council calling for an immediate ceasefire between Israel and the Arab states. The resolution specified that the emergency force is to be composed of personnel from UN members excluding the U.S. and the Soviet Union as well as Britain, France and the People's Republic of China.

The latest resolution was adopted by the same 14-0 vote as the previous resolutions with China continuing to refuse to participate,

Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah said Israel accepted the resolution as the first step toward establishing the policy which Israel has urged; ceasefire, negotiations and peace.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammed el-Zayyat had asked for the latest Council session because he said Israel was violating the ceasefire and Egypt wanted American and Soviet forces to be sent to the fighting area to end Israel's purported violations. Tekoah denied the charges and said the ceasefire was in effect on both the Syrian and Egyptian fronts

The UN moves began after Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger returned from his meetings in Moscow with Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonod Brezhnev. The Security Council adopted a resolution sponsored by the two superpowers calling upon a ceasefire in place, the immediate implementation of

(Continued on ON PAGE 2)



WASHINGTON -- A PHOTOGRAPH OF GOLDA MEIR BECAME PART OF THE PERMANENT EXHIBIT OF THE NATIONAL PRESS CLUB HERE WHEN THE ARAB-ISRAELI WAR DOMINATED THE FRONT PAGES, DONALD R. LARRABEE (SECOND FROM LEFT) PRESIDENT OF THE ORGANIZATION OF WASHINGTON NEWSMEN AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS, ACCEPTS THE LENSPORTRAIT FROM HARRY S. WENDER, A NATIONAL B'NAI B'RITH LEADER AND CHAIRMAN OF ITS MEMBERS' INSURANCE PROGRAM, GOLDA AUTOGRAPHED THE PHOTO -- TAKEN BY AMA FEUR PHOTO-GRAPHER CARL WEINSTEIN (RIGHT), DIRECTOR OF THE B'NAJ B'RITH INSURANCE PROGRAM -- AS A MEMENTO OF HER VISIT TO THE PRESS CLUB EARLIER THIS YEAR, AT LEFT. DAVID G. BERGER, PRESS CLUB ARCHIVIST.

"One Man Plus The Truth Constitutes A Majority"

BY. JACK TELL



# Israel Hopes High

With monumental events happening in rapid succession being reported consistently on radio and television, making even daily newspaper stories obsolete, the task of weekly newspapers, like the LAS VEGAS ISRAELITE, is to summarize and generalize.

Some significant circumstances have evolved which lend credance to a lasting peace this

To begin with, for the first time leaders of both sides met twice on the Egyptian side of the Suez, on the road to Cairo, where Israeli troops had Egypt's 3rd army trapped on the Israeli side. On this score, for the first time in the history of warfare, a victorious army permitted water, food and medical supplies to go through their lines to an entrapped enemy. This proves beyond dispute, after being attacked four times in the past 25 years, the sincerity of Israel for peace and lasting harmony. If it does not work, it appears that any further attemprs at conciliation would be as useless as one beam of Dayan's binoculars,

Barring unforseen maneuvers by Russia, it is quite probable that direct negotiations will ensue once the POW arrangements are mutually agreed upon to the satisfaction of both sides. Israel offered to return 7000 Egyptians for 450 Israeli captives. The Arab Ambassador was scheduled to meet with Pres. Nixon on Wednesday and on Thursday Golda Meir has the appointment. U. S. Ambassador to the U.N., John Scali, said progress of negotiations depends on the POW understanding.

It is interesting to note the different circum-stances surrounding the U.N. resolutions of the 1967 and 1973 wars. Here is a report from the man who drew up the cease-fire understanding in 1967, Eugene V. Rostow.

ST, LOUIS,...A leading architect of the U.S. sponsored 1967 resolution that ended that year's Israel-Arab war asserted here today that that United Nations document, which is the substantive part of the resolution adopted by the Security Council on October 22, 1973, does not call for Israeli withdrawal from all occupied territories but does require negotiations between the Israelis and the Arabs to establish peace with "secure and recognized" boundaries.

Eugene V. Rostow, who was U.S. Undersecretary of State for Political Affairs in 1967. addressing the National Executive Council of the American Jewish Committee on the final day of its annual meeting, said the Resolution No. 242 of November 22, 1967, embodied a

(Continued on page 4)