## FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1965

## HARRY LEVY

Continued from Page 1 After 14 years as an executive in a series of super markets, from the Clark and **Townsite Market with Mark** Schulman, to the Market Spot with Abe and Sarah Salzman, to Panorama on West Charleston, Harry retired from active interest in the business world to devote all his time to civic and community projects. Soon after he turned his businesses over to his son-in-law Art Turk and his son, Alvin, Harry was ap-pointed, in 1950, by the late Judge A.S. Henderson to the Clark County Probation Board. The next year he served as chairman and then was re-elected 13 consecutive times.

Former Mayor of Las Vegas C.D. Baker appointed Harry to the City Housing Authority, where he has been serving as vice chairman since 1952. His outstanding work with this group promp-ted his being elected to the board of directors of the National Housing Commis-sion, where he is still serv-ing in his fourth session ing, in his fourth session.

In 1959, Gov. Grant Sawyer appointed Levy to the State Tax Commission, where he served until his election as a City Commiselection as a City Commis-sioner in 1961, a post he still holds and is favorably regarded to retain in the upcoming elections. Yes, Harry has come a long way in politics since he worked as clerk in City Hall soon after graduation from

soon after graduation from High School in Los Angeles, where he had progressed throught the regular county school system. Harry, who was barely six months old when his parents, Max and Esther (nee Wood), moved the family from Batavia, New York, to the west coast city, considers himself a native of Los Angeles. Papa and Mama Levy, who had run away from their Austrian homes to be married at the ages of 15 and 16, first landed in England where the older of Harry's three brothers and six sisters were born. Others saw the first light of day, in New

York, where the family lan-ded in 1900. It was on June 3, 1928, when Harry took the mar-riage vows with Jeanne Sklar, whom he'd known for a year. Harry has proud recollection of his prospective bride working long hours as a tele-grapher to support her moth-er, three brothers and a sis-

ter. Soon after, Harry started as an apprentice with a wholesale grocery merchant and in six months was promoted to warehouse fore-man. A couple of years later he was superintendant and in 1935 became general manager and vice president. No doubt about it, Harry came

up the hard way. Being thoroughly familiar from the ground up with ev-erything he attempts has been a large advantage to the civic groups with which Har-ry has been associated. For instance, his work with the Senior Citizens of Clark County, has made it possible for local members to have available from Washington, equipment so modern and so new, it cannot be found in any other chapter in the world. That is why the next unit to be formed will be named the Harry Levy Senior Citizens Club.

After being granted the Humanitarian Heart Award for 1955, The Man of the Year

honor for 1960, the Joint Defence Appeal Man of the Year award for 1961, it is no wonder Harry Levy's name was included in this year's Who's Who. In addition Harry is a 32nd Degree Shriner, a member of B'nai B'rith, Elks, Kiwanis and Hualapi Business Men's Club. Last year he became the third

preme Council to the Order of the Demolay. Quite an array of civic fraternal participation, don't you agree? But that's not all. Harry is another of the early settlers of the Jewish community in Nevada, who spent

endless hours through months and years to bring us Temple Beth Sholom, the proud haven of our Faith in the desert. The edifice we worship in at present was built during the reign of Harry Levy as president of the

Temple Board of Directors. Our Harry, whose enviable



BONN. (JTA) -- The Bund-estag, lower house of West Germany's Parliament, vo-ted to extend the period for the prosecution of Nazi war criminals for four and a half years. The present cut-off date for such prosecutions under the West German statute of limitations for prosecution of murder is May 8 this year. The Bundestag would extend the date to December 31, 1969. The vote was 344 to 96, with four abstentions.

The formula used in the measure was to provide that the statute base should be December 31, 1949, instead of May 8, 1945, the date of the capitulation of Nazi Germany to the Allies. Under that formula, the limitation remains at 20 years, but the 20-year period is moved forward.

The measure approved by the Bundestag, which must now be approved also by the

Senate and the President, differed substantially form earlier proposals. Chancellor Ludwig Erhard's Christian Democrats joined with the opposition Social Democrats at the first reading in the Bundestag on March 10, to abolish all termination dates for prosecution of Nazi war criminals. Another pro-posal was for the Bundestag Legal Committee to extend the cut-off date for 10 years. Both proposals were withdrawn before the vote.

Immediately after the Bundestag vote, Minister of Justice Ewald Bucher submitted his resignation from the Cabinet. Mr. Bucher had insisted that the Cabinet reject extension when the subject came up several months ago, and afterward said he would resign if his stand were to be reversed by Parliament. He opposed prolon-gation of the cut-off date be-





## LAS VEGAS ISRAELITE



