

WELFARE RIGHTS MARCH 6



THE YELL

The Greatest Good
We Can Do For Others
Is Not Just To Share Our Riches
With Them
But To Reveal Theirs'
To Themselves

UNIVERSITY of NEVADA - Las Vegas

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February 23, 1971

MILLER VIOLATES HUMAN RIGHTS IN NEVADA WELFARE REDUCTION

The state of Nevada has always had one of the worst welfare systems in the United States. It currently ranks tenth from the bottom (or 40th from the top) in amounts paid to welfare recipients. This puts us on a level with such benevolent and humanitarian states as Alabama and Mississippi. To make matters worse Nevada's cost of living is twelve percent above the national average, one of the highest in the nation. Taking this, and the fact that Nevada has one of the highest per capita incomes in the nation, into consideration we have just reached the bottom of the list.

Not satisfied with being just among the worst, state welfare director, George Miller has taken a giant leap backward in order to insure that Nevada stands apart from the rest of the nation. In recent months he has ordered an audit and reduction of welfare recipients in the state resulting in almost 50%

of the poor in Nevada to be literally turn out into the cold. And for those of you who think that they should get a job, the only people in Nevada who are eligible for welfare are children. A mother with three children is given a maximum of \$144.00 a month.

In doing this George Miller has not only violated basic human rights but he has also broken numerous sections of the state welfare regulations. In some cases the recipient was not notified that she had been cut from the roles two or three weeks after the check was supposed to have arrived. This allowed them no time to even try to plan for the situation they were placed in. Many, when attempting to get a fair hearing, which is guaranteed by law, were told that if they sought legal aid on a fair hearing, not only would they lose but that it would be seen to that they never would receive welfare in Nevada again. These incidents

and more are continuing even now.

We of the Peoples Office dedicate ourselves to the ACTIVE support of the National Welfare Rights Organization and all other groups assisting them. Owing to the severity of this struggle we urge all young people to lend whatever support they can--no matter how large or small. The Peoples Office can be contacted at our office on the third floor of the Student Union or whenever we can manage it at a table in the lobby of the Student Union.

We can put an end to hunger in Nevada if only we can put aside all our petty differences and unite to work for the most basic human right--the right to be alive!

Michael Clark
Chairman, Peoples Office

The echoed steel girders
The melt of the flash
The eyes blue mask covered
A hephaestus steel mask

The anvils of concrete
The walkways of steel
The spit of the blowtorch
The lever and wheel.

The whizzing mind blotters
The students of nails
The hearts of asbestos
Will all go to hell.



Proposed Athletic Complex.

ATHLETIC COMPLEX

FUNDS NEEDED

I present this article about P.E. funds as an interested student, and athlete. We do have a serious problem.

Some students on this campus have little experience with Physical Education facilities at other schools, but, in my travels, as a member of the track team, I have seen community colleges with twice the facilities we have.

When our facilities were built in 1961, we had 344 students enrolled in P.E. 100 activity courses. Today, 10 years later, we have 1,804 students crammed in the same facilities. For those lucky students who have fought to get a shower before the following class, I can't help but be appalled.

At this point I would like to extend my congratulations to our small staff, who, in spite of a severe lack of space and facilities, continue to expand their programs in hopes of providing people like me with a complete education. I can only compare their efforts to the University of Utah. Utah has recently spent 6 million dollars on athletics and Physical Education facilities, and the facilities are fantastic. Yet, after participating in their athletics and P.E., I can say that the standards for turning out Physical Educators here are tougher than the University of Utah.

This means to me that the staff here is applying the great effort, why don't they get any financial help? It seems that in a time when we are finally getting a chance to move toward our potential, the politicians of our state seem to feel that we are getting too fat or that we don't need the facilities. How do you tell a recruited athlete that he will have to run in the desert because the state turned us down again? Coming from other states, they don't understand how a University situation could fail to have adequate facilities.

In a letter to President Zorn, Dr. Starr, the man behind the drive for better Physical Education and athletics, explains the problem as it stands. Here is that letter along with the proposed list of facilities and of proposed sports and activities.

(Continued on page 10)

BIBLE KNOCKS PEP PILL MANUFACTURERS

Senator Alan Bible, D-Nev., voiced his strong support again last week for legislation to tighten controls over the production and distribution of 'pep pills,' 'speed' and other amphetamines. 'The alarming increase in drug abuse, particularly among young people, is one of the gravest problems in America today,' Nevada's senior lawmaker declared. 'Congress has the power to take corrective action, and it should do so immediately.'

Bible said he is once again co-sponsoring an amendment to the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act to set manufacturing quotas on certain dangerous drugs.

He noted that eight billion dosage units of 'pep pills' and 'speed' are produced annually, 'even though America's legitimate medical needs are only a fraction of that amount.'

Bible voted for a similar amendment last year. It passed the Senate but was dropped in a House-

Senate conference committee.

The new proposal would authorize the Attorney General to establish and enforce manufacturing quotas, and would also tighten controls over the import and export of drugs.

'It is a fact that 50 percent of all legally manufactured amphetamine dosage units are diverted into illegal channels,' Bible said. 'This is a frightening statistic. It tells us how widespread the criminal traffic in drugs has become.'

Bible added the amendment he supports has the backing of the American Psychiatric Association, the American Public Health Association of Secondary School Principals.

The Nevada lawmaker also announced he is the co-sponsor of a joint resolution to authorize the President to proclaim the week beginning April 19 as 'Students' Week Against Drug Abuse.'

CSUN PROGRAM OUTLINED

Opening the Spring Semester, the CSUN Activities Board is presenting a well varied program for the student. On March 3, at 8:00 p.m. in the Student Union Ballroom, Bernadette Devlin the militant revolutionary from Ireland will lecture on what she considers the crisis of our time. Following Devlin on the 16th of March is the consumer's crusader Ralph Nader making an unprecedented speaking engagement in Las Vegas.

In the area of concerts, the Activities Board will present blues

great B.B. King in a two show concert on March 19. Tickets are free to CSUN students but must be picked up in advance at locations soon to be announced. On February 26, the tremendous camp rock and roll artistry of Flash Cadillac and the Continental Kids will also perform in concert. Flash, new on the Vegas scene, has already made a tremendous impact on University students through their performances at Circus Circus.

The Film Series moves into its second half by presenting "Who's

Afraid of Virginia Wolfe" on February 21, "Where Eagles Dare" on March 4, and "Two for The Road" on Sunday March 7. All movies will be held in the Union Ballroom.

Following the policy established this year for the first time, the Activities Board, chaired by Bob Anderson, provides as wide a range of entertainment as possible at no additional cost to the student. All CSUN Activities Board events are free to CSUN students.



by Rick Mitz

It's not the right time to be sitting here writing this column. In fact, it's not the right time for you to be sitting there reading this column. It's not the right time to do anything. It's the right time to do everything.

It's the right time to lobby with legislators; to overthrow the system; to work within the system; to work without the system. To stop the war; to start the peace; to clean up the cities; purify the air; crusade for Christ, destroy the establishment; establish a counter-culture and a counter-counter-culture. Picket big business. End racism, Struggle for freedom. Battle pollution. Tear down the walls. And enlist in any of the endless lists of sundry fights, struggles, battles, causes and crusades brought about by increased social pressure applied to the social consciences of our relevant existences.

There's a right time and a right place for everything... Or so says that age-old adolescent adage we've been nurtured on. All over the country, the hands on the clock point to the same time -- the right time -- to do something. To speak out, to start worrying. To become active in Activism, to become involved in Involvement, to Become.

Time is running out and we are chasing after it. Time is the question and time is the answer. And no longer is it as simple and as uncomplicated as that innocent nursery rhyme definition of time we thought we knew so very well.

The clock on the wall has a clean little face,
And it ticks all day long in its neat little case.
It sings as it works, for its hands, as you see,
Are as tidy and neat as nice hands ought to be.

Things have changed. Even the watches that adorn our student wrists that hold our clenched fists, somehow show us and the rest of the world what we are so adamantly for and against: the Spiro Agnew watch, the diamond watch, the Mickey Mouse watch. Stop watches, neck watches, under-water watches, time pieces run by electricity, battery and/or wind-up.

And, like clock-work, we punch in and punch out, keeping our eyes on our calendar girls and our calendar boys-over seas; seeing that, with every pendulum swing, that we are--indeed-- getting closer to getting further away.

Periodicals like Time and The Times tell us about the times: "Planes Get Free Rein in Cambodia," "Welfare Funds Cut to Indiana and Nebraska," "Draft-Raid Defendants Convicted..."

We are told: It's time to make Decisions.
We are told: It's time to get an Education.
We are told: It's time to Mature. To get good Jobs.
It's time to keep our country Free. We are told.
And we are told. By our parents. By our peers. By our periodicals. The decision has been removed from our hearts and, magically, medically transplanted into our guilt-ridden heads.

And yet, still we rhetorically ask: What is it the right time for?
"It's the right time to--y'know--to start caring about people. There's nothing to laugh at. It's time to do something about how sad the world is."
It's the right time to laugh. We must laugh while we still can. To keep our sanity."

But no longer are the issues of immediate importance. The Urgency is what has become so urgent, and somehow, somewhere between the nursery rhymes and the classroom clock, we have learned well how to relate to issues, but not to people. Certainly not to ourselves.

So we run, running after the hour hand as the minute hand chases us.
"Time is running out--and we're being run by the clock, rather than the clock being run by us. We are being told everything--when to sleep, when to get up, when to love, when to hate. And all this talk about honesty and kindness--that can only be achieved when we can overcome the clock, when we can overcome time as our enemy and ruler."

Where is that medium between the innocence of youthful rhymes and the sophistication of truthful times? There are black and white problems --the black and white of peoples' faces, the black and white of our air, the black and white of this newspaper print. But there's also a whole world of gray that desperately needs some color between those youthful rhymes and truthful times.

It's the right time to stop thinking about what it's the right time for and to start doing something."

And the hands on the clock, as they strike the hour, point to us all. It helps us to keep up with the time as it flies,
And it tells us the hour to sleep and rise;
It's a friend that we need, as it hangs on the wall,
Ticking lessons of truth and good will to all.

The Pusher
is Coming

LETTERS

Doctor Zorn:

I am enclosing a petition which has been circulated among the Student Body and Faculty regarding library weekend hours. I have collected over 700 signatures in a remarkably short time; I am sure that an extended campaign would collect many more.

Two factors became evident from the reaction of those I approached with this petition: (1) nearly every student and faculty member is in favor of extended library hours, and (2) between 5 and 10 per cent of the student body cannot properly complete their studies with the present short weekend hours (because of these student's work schedules, etc.).

The Student Senate has passed a similar resolution, calling for increased weekend hours, at their meeting Thursday, February 11. The faculty is also in general agreement on this issue, as shown by their signatures (including those of several Deans) and as evidenced by the reactions of the Faculty senate Library Committee. Mr. Ericson, also, would like to extend his hours of operation.

We hope that these documents will stimulate and enable you to take the appropriate administrative and budgetary action to allow the library to be open enough to adequately serve the student body. We feel that this is an essential issue in the problem of University - level education. We hope, finally, that your policy and your representation to the Regents and to the Legislature will operate toward the eventual goal of a full-time, 24-hour library service.

Sincerely yours,

James Hanlen

Dear Editor:

The battle lines were drawn. On one side was the Hotel Administration faculty and students. On the other side was the Ad Hoc Committee on Restructuring the University. The battleground was the Gold Room in the Social Science Building. The time was 3:30 p.m. on February 6, 1971.

For more than one and a half hours the battle waged back and forth. Hotel professionals trying to explain the need for continuing the name, 'College of Hotel Administration' and of having a Dean as Chairman of their College. Ad Hoc Amateurs saying you have nothing to worry about, you have built a college with a nationwide reputation and we will do all in our power to destroy that image. Back and forth the salvos were fired. Semantics became the chief ammunition for both sides. To be or not to be... That is the college.

As the battle ended it was quite apparent that the Ad Hoc Amateurs wanted to appear knowledgeable and helpful. They promised full consideration for the two proposals requested by the Hotel College.

UNLV has an opportunity to have a shining showcase star blazing throughout the nation. High priority has been assigned to this project. When will this priority be utilized? If Howard Hughes offered money to build The Howard Hughes College of Hotel Administration would the Ad Hoc Committee again resort to semantics and dim this once in a life time opportunity?

THE COLUMN

By Rada Tatat

This is strictly for the record... It looks like bad times are ahead throughout the "Republic." Although the relationship between today's "citizens" and the police isn't good, the outlook for tomorrows "citizens" (today's Teenyboppers) and the same stinks, and both sides are responsible. Regardless of what the public is told about the increasing quality of new law enforcement officials, that "quality" is barely visible. Its no joke. One numbskull in Orange County California--a member of one of those junior cop corps--tells how he assisted the local police in saving Disneyland from the Yippies last summer. He then sermoned on how the only way to stop crime was more police (undoubtedly of his caliber), who could instill respect into the lawful masses. This is one of the sick points obvious in today's badgehangers, they set themselves far apart, and often above, the "masses." Thanks to award winning programs like "Dragnet," the public is pictured as a conglomeration of misfits each having his own idiosyncratic twirk. An illustration might suffice:

Jack Webb is investigating a Peeping Tom complaint by a "typical" housewife who smokes cigars and blows smoke rings out of her ears. Webb closes the case after learning that the Peeper is the woman's husband who likes to lick windowpanes. The only sane minds in the program are, of course, the police. Granted, this planet is busting with "undesirables" but there's a lot of "good dudes" that get hurt (or "harrassed") because of careless and hasty classification of people in general. People, "in general", are neither good nor bad, they're human.

The majority of police in this town seem to be straight, but its the bigmouthed, paranoid, John Birch, gunloving, "patriot" member of the NRA who hates "Commie Freaks" that molds the popular image. Why not? This is cop who makes the most noise. Thus, many innocent "shoeshines" are viciously and unjustly dubbed "Pig." It becomes a case of both "sides" falsely labeling the other.

The polarization between students and police in many parts of the country is tremendous. If it continues, the future will be disastrous. The brains and intellect needed appear to be shying away from law enforcement. Its no wonder, the job, the people, and the conditions are more hostile than ever.

Vacancies can be filled, but with what? With more gunloving haters of "Commie Freaks?" It may continue to grow in a vicious circle. Perhaps however, many in our numbers would volunteer to "keep the peace" on the domestic front for a couple years if it satisfied Selective Service. ok, oh well, its just a thought. "Blessed are the Peacemakers, for they shall be called Sons of God." Matt.

The Yell

Editorials and Features

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COMMUNICATION COURSE STARTED AT WESTMINSTER COLLEGE

Communication: "a giving, or giving and receiving, of information, signals, or messages by talk, gestures, writing, etc." At least, that's how Webster's New World Dictionary defines the word.

Take this definition and apply it to a college level course on Human Development and you get a course on the development of self-concept via communication techniques.

Dr. Earl Houts, professor of psychology at Westminster College, has designed a course which offers students in a liberal arts program the opportunity to "fulfill their needs to know, to act, and to feel as human catalysts in their own development within a culture."

Emphasized is the process of being and becoming. The aim of the course, as defined by Dr. Houts, is to help the developing individual to maximize the potentials of his being that he may become the person he feels he must become (self-actualization).

Students in the course this fall used various means of communication in order to cognize their own self-concepts. One of these means was interviews with individuals representing the several developmental levels of man.

These levels included middle, childhood, adolescence, early adulthood, middle adulthood, and late adulthood. The class became involved in discussions on the Women's Liberation movement with a middle adult, the Depression with a later adult, being "well mal-adjusted" with a young adult, and collecting football cards with a nine-year-old boy.

As several of the students pointed out, communication was made easier by the atmosphere of the classroom which allowed an aura of freedom of expression, open-mindedness, and acceptance of others. It was generally agreed that the relaxed atmosphere led to self-actualization and creative thinking.

The ability to communicate was stressed in other ways, too. Buzz groups discussed the differences between attitudes, values, and ideals. Role playing brought two faculty members to class as a "counselor" and a "parent with a wayward son."

The choosing of a mate and of a vocation were developed through telephone interviews. The class also held a symposium on middle adulthood. The visitors to the course generally agreed that they had an "enjoyable experience" and would like to repeat it.

As to the students' reactions to the class, one member remarked that he had entered the classroom in September with a hostile attitude and had left the classroom in December with regret.

It was also pointed out that the course was beneficial only as far as a student was willing to involve himself in the activities. He had not only to receive the information and experience but also to give what he could.

LIZ DREW INTERVIEWS PROMINENT FIGURES

One-to-one conversations between prominent national and international figures and Elizabeth Drew, Washington Editor for the Atlantic Monthly, make up the new weekly series "Thirty Minutes With..." seen each Tuesday at 10:30 p.m. on Channel 10.

These half-hour, color programs, produced by WETA, channel 26, Washington, D.C., for the Public Broadcasting Service, present Mrs. Drew and her guest in an informal setting, either in-studio or on remote location. The thoughts and beliefs of important public figures are revealed as Mrs. Drew discusses with them the critical issues facing this country.

Some of the guests who have already appeared, or are slated to appear on the program are:

ELLIOT RICHARDSON, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, and former Under Secretary of State . . . January 12, 1971

SENATOR EDMUND S. MUSKIE of Maine, considered the leading contender for the 1972 Democratic Presidential Nomination January 19, 1971.

GEORGE P. SCHULTZ, director Office of Management and Budget and former Secretary of Labor January 26, 1971.

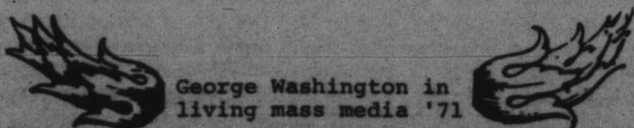
SENATOR HAROLD E. HUGHES, Democrat of Iowa, one of the seven U.S. Senators being mentioned as possible 1972 Democratic Presidential nominees . . . February 9, 1971.

SENATOR GEORGE S. McGOVERN Democrat of South Dakota, the only announced candidate for the 1972 Democratic Presidential nomination February 23, 1971.

Since 1965, interviewer Elizabeth Drew has written a column on Washington affairs as well as frequent in-depth articles for the Atlantic Monthly and other publications. In 1970, she won the Society of Magazine Writers Award for Excellence in the category of Politics, Government and International Relations.



DRAWINGS FOR GEORGE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, 1971
AN EXHIBIT BY IRINA GRONBORG. UNLV ART GALLERY.
February 22, of course, continuing thru the 28th



MASTERING THE DRAFT

Hearings on extending the draft began recently in Washington and this reporter was present. A serious effort is being made by some Congressmen to eliminate the draft when the present draft law expires next July 1. As the debate begins, the publicity in favor of a volunteer army may lull you into complacency. What follows are this reporter's notes from the beginning of the hearings. Form your own conclusions and plan accordingly.

Senator Stennis began the hearings before his committee by announcing his views before suffering a single witness. "I do not oppose the volunteer army concept as an IDEAL," he confessed, perhaps for the sake of those youthful idealists who had crowded the chamber an hour before the hearings began. "But the voluntary objective is to me a flight from reality. . . I don't want to play up the volunteer army concept to the point where we fool the American people and fail to pass a meaningful draft law."

After this prologue, the first witness, Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird, responded with the Administration's position: "What you are considering today, Mr. Chairman, is a legislative proposal of the highest importance. People -- not arms or equipment, not buildings or computers, not any of the hardware requirements of defense -- are the priceless vital asset of our national defenses."

And people -- not arms or equipment -- were, indeed, the object of the Administration's legislative proposal, known formally as Senate Bill 427, that proposal would extend until July 1, 1973 the power to draft "the priceless vital asset of our national defenses" -- you.

Assuming a two-year extension of the draft, Stennis asked whether Laird could agree to an annual ceiling of 150,000 draftees. Such a ceiling is part of Senator Kennedy's new draft reform bill.

Laird squirmed evasively beneath the floodlights: "Well, if we can get a fifty percent increase for first-term enlistees, then, I believe draft calls in 1972 will be lower than 1971, which will be lower than 1970 (163,500 draftees). But there are so many variables, like the inflationary spiral, that I can't commit myself to any statutory ceiling."

"It seems to me," Stennis lamented sardonically, "you are not even committed to venture a 150,000 ceiling for even the second year of the new draft law . . . Assume you do get all the benefits you're asking for a no-draft army, would you then be willing to agree to a statutory ceiling of 150,000 or even 163,500?"

Now Laird stopped squirming. At least Stennis' question had been based upon a hypothetical assumption; so Laird's answer need be no more valid than Stennis' assumption: "Why yes," Laird stated unequivocally, "if we get all the benefits, we can meet a ceiling in calendar year 1972." (Not that Congress will ever pass the ceiling proposed by Kennedy.)

Among the benefits to volunteerism sought by the Administration are those which may result from barracks improvement, enhanced recruitment, increased ROTC enrollment, and combat bonus pay. Of course the prime inducement for volunteerism will supposedly come from \$908 million in military pay increases (effective in fiscal year 1972). The rate of basic pay for first-term enlistees may be increased by fifty percent -- from \$134.40 per month to \$201.90 per month.

This paltry pay increase caused Senator Goldwater visible disappointment: "We don't pay the man who sticks his head out before the enemy with an M-16 as much as we pay hired domestics in this country. A fifty percent increase is not enough at lower ranks. We must do more. The Romans are supposed to have paid their soldiers the equivalent of \$10,000 in our 1946 money!"

Following Secretary Laird's testimony, Senator Stennis eulogized: "If we're going into the marketplace to get an army, we'll get some good men; but we'll get a good many who'll make no more than a paper army. We'll get too high a proportion of dropouts, or ne'er-do-wells, or whatever."

"We're putting the money on the wrong horses -- the men at the lowest ranks with only two years of service. Too many of these men will wash out when we try to buy an army. We ought to put the money where the higher ranks are, the corporals, and the sergeants. These are the second-termers, the proven ones."

"This volunteer service will lose the basic spirit of the modern American army, provided by the civilian who comes into serve his country and comes out a better man for it. We're abandoning the basic instinctual spirit, the backbone of our army, by putting the emphasis on money."

"As an ideal I would support the volunteer concept, but as a practical matter it won't work out . . . Let's be realistic and extend this draft thing for four years and see what you can do with volunteer incentives. Just to extend this draft for two years is impractical."

"The army's at the bottom of the ladder of volunteerism and the voluntary concept will destroy the army. We've got a war goin' on. And I'm goin' to fight this voluntary concept as long as I can."

We welcome your reactions to the opinions expressed in this report. Send them to "Mastering the Draft," Suite 1202, 60 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y. 10017. We will make the student consensus known to Senators Stennis and Goldwater and Secretary Laird.

START TO FINISH HISTORY OF VEGAS PRESENTED

A view of the history of the Las Vegas area beginning almost five billion years ago and ending with the present-day will be offered in a six-week course which began Tuesday at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas.

The non-credit class is being sponsored by the Continuing Education Division at UNLV. Two credits toward state recertification is offered to teachers taking the course through the Clark County School District's In-Service Education Department.

Illustrated lectures will emphasize the geologic evolution of the area, the origin and adaptations of the first humans and on through to the creation of a modern city.

Instructor Janis Thurman said discussions will include stories of the early pioneers and some of the colorful events that have shaped Las Vegas.

Dr. William Fiero, geologist for UNLV and the Desert Research Institute, and Dr. Sheilagh Brooks, professor of anthropology at UNLV, will be guest lecturers in their respective fields.

Lecture sessions will meet from 8 to 10 p.m. each Tuesday on the UNLV campus in the Southwestern Radiological Health Laboratory auditorium.

Mrs. Thurman, a writer and lecturer on Southern Nevada history pointed out that a number of field trips in the city and adjacent areas will allow class members an opportunity to view a number of historical spots directly.

Field trips will include visits to such historic sites as the Old Mormon Fort and the original Las Vegas Spring. Geologic and anthropological sites will be visited as well as areas of industrial interest to the city.

Highlight of the course is a trip by boat down the Colorado River's Black Canyon. The class will explore a number of scenic wonders and inspect the site of the canyon ringbolt placed in the canyon wall by early Mormon settlers to winch themselves around the rapids.

A fee of \$30 is charged to cover the classroom and field trip expenses. Copies of old maps and pictures are also distributed for the nominal fee.

Las Vegasans interested in enrolling may send a check made payable to the Board of Regents to the Director of Continuing Education, UNLV. Teachers interested in taking the course for recertification credit may contact the school district's In-Service Education Department.

IRS SAYS LICENSES REQUIRED FOR EXPLOSIVES

Explosives manufacturers, importers and dealers must be licensed, beginning February 12, the Internal Revenue Service said today.

'The Organized Crime Act of 1970 which goes into effect on that date also requires persons planning to transport explosives between states or abroad for their own use to be licensed,' Warren Bates, Nevada IRS director, said. 'The new law provides more severe penalties for persons who use or attempt or threaten to use explosives for violent or destructive purposes.'

The responsibility for enforcing explosives regulations has been assigned to the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Internal Revenue Service by Congress.

Bates said the licensing law defines an explosive as any chemical mixture or device which primarily or usually functions by explosion. Dynamite, pellet powder, initiating explosives, detonators, safety fuses, squibs, detonating cord, igniter cord, ignitors and black powder fall into this category.

However, no permit is needed for black powder in amounts of five pounds or less, small arms ammunition, or smokeless powder.

'No permit is needed for the purchase and use of explosives in one's home state,' Bates said. 'But, beginning Friday a person buying explosives must furnish proof of identity and state, under penalty of perjury, he is not prohibited from receiving explosives.'

Those not permitted to purchase explosives include persons under 21, anyone under indictment for or previously convicted of a crime punishable by more than one year's imprisonment, fugitives from justice, users of marijuana and other drugs, and mental defectives.

To apply for an explosives license an individual should send the appropriate form and fee to the Internal Revenue Service Center, 1160 West 200 South, Ogden, Utah 84405.

These forms are available at the IRS office at 300 Booth Street, Reno, Bates said.

Manufacturers' licenses cost \$50; manufacturers' limited (non-renewable), \$5; importers', \$50; dealers', \$20; users', \$20; and non-renewable users', \$2.

BASILE RENAMED

TO FINANCIAL

"WHO'S WHO"

Dr. Richard E. Basile, a lecturer in the College of Hotel Administration at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas has been renamed to the "World's Who's Who in Finance and Industry."

The publication edited and distributed by Marquis Who's Who, Inc. of Chicago, provides an index of principal businesses and their key executives. It includes 7,000 businesses from around the world and career sketches on some 28,000 reference-worthy executives.

Dr. Basile, who joined the UNLV faculty in September, was previously corporate vice president for Automatic Retailers of America (ARA Services) which last year had more than \$600 million in sales.

While with ARA, Dr. Basile served as vice president for purchasing, director of development and vice president for restaurant acquisitions.

At UNLV, he teaches management courses in hotel, including operations, franchising and labor relations.

A member of the American Arbitration Association, Dr. Basile is actively involved in arbitration and labor-management problems in the Las Vegas area.

In addition to formal academic degrees, Dr. Basile holds a Doctor of Humane Letters from Combs College in Philadelphia.

Dr. Basile is also listed in "Who's Who in the East," International Biography of World Executives," and "International Who's Who of Hotel Executives."



Alpha Kappa Psi, a professional business fraternity, recently held their chapter elections. The new officers are from left to right: secretary - Jack Morgan, Treasurer - Mike Ryan, Vice-President - Lee Bernhard, President - John Wanderer, Master of Rituals - Mike Duffy.

Also, Alpha Kappa Psi is now conducting a pledge program. The fraternity is open to all first semester sophomores who are in the colleges of Business and Economics, and Hotel Administration.

CANNON SPONSERS ANTI-POLLUTION FINANCING BILL

Nevada Senator Howard Cannon recently joined in sponsoring legislation designed to help states and cities overcome the gap between growing environmental needs and an increased financial inability to meet those needs.

The vehicle for doing this is called the Environmental Financing Act, which would establish an environmental bank, an environmental trust fund, and environmental savings bonds.

Cannon said the bank would provide local governments long term, low interest programs including loans for the construction of waste treatment plants, separation of combined storm-sewer systems, creation and maintenance of solid waste disposal programs and the establishment and enforcement of air and noise pollution standards.

Under the environmental trust fund there will be a perpetual, insured and growing source of funds guaranteed which at first would be used as the capital to finance the loans made by the bank and later could be appropriated for other ecologically essential purposes.

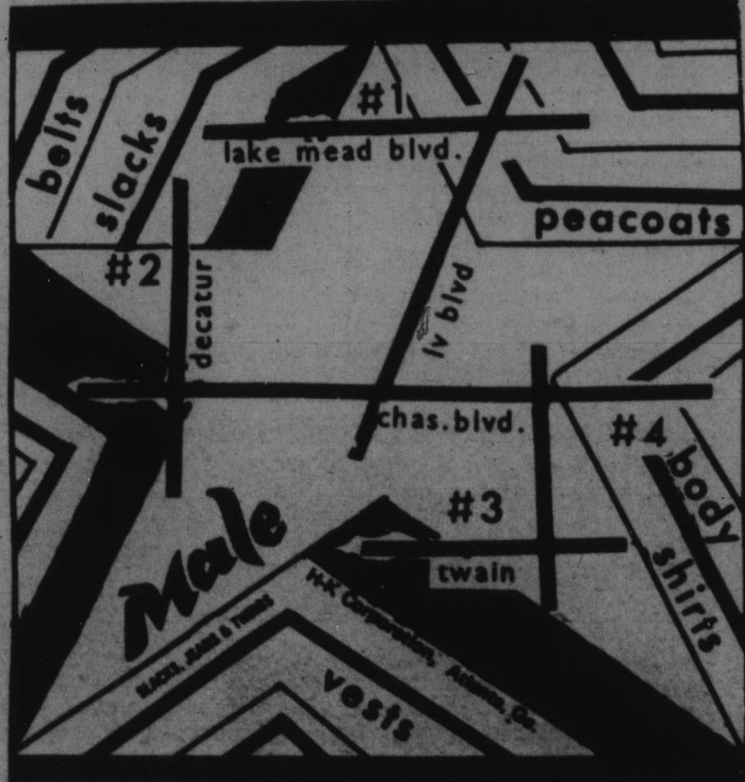
The savings bonds would work on the order of the present U.S. savings bond program. Proceeds will be placed in the trust fund, from which the environmental bank would draw its money. As the cities, states and other public bodies pay back their loans from the bank, the moneys will be utilized to pay the citizens when they redeem the bonds at maturation.

Cannon warned that states, cities, and other public bodies are finding it increasingly difficult to finance their environmental programs. "Often, Federal financial assistance to these local programs was impounded, delayed or less than promised," he said.

"Environmental savings bonds offer the citizen a chance to buy a share in cleaner air and water. For the first time, there will be an answer to the frequent question of "What can I do?" Cannon said.

He pointed out that if only two-thirds of the 30 million persons who participated in Earth Day last year bought a 25 cent environmental savings bond, \$500 million in capital would be generated toward clean air and water.

REBEL BRITENES

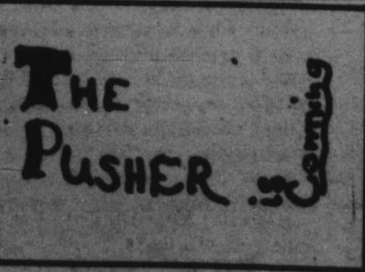


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INTERVIEW WITH ATTORNEY HOWARD MOORE

CAN ANGELA DAVIS RECEIVE A FAIR TRIAL

Angela Davis, arraigned on charges of murder, kidnapping, and conspiracy to murder and kidnap, is scheduled to stand trial in California. Atlanta lawyer Howard Moore, interviewed here by Sue Thrasher and Reber Boulton of College Press Service and the Atlanta Media Cooperative, is heading a defense team of five lawyers.

What is being done to involve people in Angela Davis' defense?

Defense committees are being set up around the country to educate people, and her family is speaking throughout the country. Black people are already concerned. This is just another episode in the repression of black people. There is literally no difference between what happened to Julian Bond, Stokely Carmichael, and H. Rap Brown, and what has happened to Angela Davis. They all share one common thing; they took a stand on questions of national importance.

How long do you think the trial will last?

Well, the pretrial proceedings should take at least four to five months. The trial itself could take anywhere from two days to six months.

The indictment itself doesn't say much about what she is supposed to have done, does it?

Well, you don't have to say she did much in California. The conspiracy indictment is a capital crime in itself and can be satisfied by showing sufficiently "significant circumstances." In California a jury can say that these facts—if proved—show her guilt of conspiracy. In respect to the other charges, they are based upon the California law of principles which simply says "all persons concerned in the commission of a crime" are as guilty as if they actually did the act. How does one evidence his concern in the commission of a crime.

Will you be allowed to see the grand jury minutes?

(California refused to let Davis' lawyers see the minutes of the

proceedings for use in attacking the indictment in the New York extradition proceedings.)

We have the grand jury minutes now and we've raised a challenge to the sufficiency of the evidence as demonstrated by them. If that motion is successful I imagine that will be the end of it. It's sort of a ticklish thing because the test is whether there's a reasonable suspicion of guilt. A reasonable suspicion however is not conjecture, surmise, or speculation, but is based on reason.

What's in those minutes?

The minutes are still sealed (meaning their contents can't be revealed to the public). There's a protective order on those minutes that doesn't expire until the middle of January at least. You see one of the defendants, Ruchelle Magee, still has a problem with his lawyer. He attempted to dismiss his lawyer.

Was Magee one of the parties to the case where they had the kidnapping of the judge, which caused all this?

Brother Magee was a witness on the stand at the time Jonathan Jackson was reported to have entered the courtroom and taken control. He, along with Jackson and two others, then left the courthouse with the judge and entered a van to drive away. It's claimed that Magee shot the judge. But I think the state's going to have some trouble showing that he shot the judge.

From what I've read in the straight press it sounds like the police shot the judge.

Yeah, I think that's one argument that could be made; it seems unlikely Magee shot the judge.

Was Magee's lawyer court-appointed?

Yes. He's twice attempted to have himself designated as his own attorney and he's twice lost that.

Is the Angela David Defense Committee interested in his case, and will you be doing any work for him?

We certainly support him and will give him every help that is

possible, but we are not in the position, as Angela Davis' counsel, of acting as counsel for Brother Magee.

What about the international interest that has been shown like the protest of the Russian scientists? President Nixon said one could come.

It's obviously a propaganda ploy, designed to bait worldwide opinion condemning this vicious trial of Miss Davis. I think that Mr. Nixon should be concerned about American citizens getting into the courtroom and being treated fairly rather than VIP treatment for a person from the Soviet Union. This is a concern he hasn't demonstrated since he has been in public life.

Will Angela participate in her own defense?

We really don't know yet. The judge hasn't ruled yet. We hope she will be allowed to participate. If she is allowed it will be an integral part of the defense by counsel and it will be at appropriate times when her own participation should be most effective in terms of what the ultimate outcome will be.

To what extent are you and the other lawyers able to confer with her in the jail?

We have unlimited rights to confer with her up until 9 at night. It's a bit of a hassle to get in to see her. You have to be subjected to a personal body search. Angela's conditions of detention are not very good; they have been treating her as though she were a convicted felon rather than one awaiting trial.

Do you feel like you can carry on any significant communications anywhere in a jail?

Well, there are different kinds of communication—oral, written and by sign.

Well, doesn't it hamper your consultation not to be able to have full oral communication?

Yes, but that seems to be the restriction of the day. There is no place in America where you can talk orally about important matters when you are a political personality.

Can she correspond with people other than lawyers freely?

Her ability to correspond beyond a limited list is nil. She is not able to have press conferences. *Jet*, *Time*, *Der Spiegel*, *Le Monde*, and a Scandinavian magazine have requested interviews, but have been denied. We intend to take appropriate action if things don't change.

Under what conditions was she removed from the Women's House of Detention in New York?

She was taken under military conditions—top secrecy. The Holland Tunnel was closed; she was put on an air national guard plane for California that took twelve hours. Even when she went to the toilet the matron went with her. That's the kind of mentality existing around this case. It seems their pride is really hurt by, one, the rip-off and then the blow-off.

What are the chances of Angela getting out on bail?

I don't see how she can miss getting out on bail, but I don't decide the question.

What sort of defense are you going to raise that you can talk about this far in advance?

Well, it's too early to tell. The case is in constant development. We have a real heavy kind of investigation going on now. We are trying to marshal every strand of evidence.

What do you think will be necessary to get her a fair trial, or is that possible?

I would tend to think, as she

thinks, that it is very doubtful she can get a fair trial. Without a fair trial it is just like a firing squad. Through some miracle maybe we can get twelve people who have common decency and some sense of justice, who will take the jurors oath seriously and find her not guilty.

Why do you say "by some miracle"?

There is an overwhelming amount of publicity that has gone out—a lot of it unfavorable. And then there's the fact that she's black. Anytime a black person goes to trial, the likelihood of a fair trial is far less than for a white person. Then she's a Communist, and Communists don't fare too well. You put being black and being a Communist together and you have one hell of a pickle. Then the judge that was ripped off isn't the kind of thing that is going to lead people to reason coolly. It's the kind of thing that is likely to inflame passion.

Will your defense concentrate on the political aspect of the trial?

The trial of necessity is a political one—not because Miss Davis has made it that, but because the state has made it that. The state alleges she was active on behalf of the Soledad brothers—that she was concerned and interested in the Soledad brothers. So they put her beliefs, her affiliations, her commitments in question. I'm reasonably confident that no trial can take place in which there is no effort to show the bankruptcy of the judicial system. It is very necessary to develop the trial along the lines that it is a people's trial. Judicial power rightly belongs to the people. The courts, the juries, the prosecutors, and other officials who get involved are merely guardians for the people's judicial power. Then they use it for selfish interest, they should be exposed, and condemned by the people. The power of the people will free Angela.

NEW APPOINTEE TO HOTEL DEPARTMENT

A former accountant and controller with wide experience in the food service industry has been appointed to the faculty of the College of Hotel Administration at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas.

Robert W. Moore, 39, joins the teaching staff this semester as a lecturer in hotel administration. His appointment was announced by Jerome Vallen, director of the college.

A specialist in data processing and accounting, Moore comes to

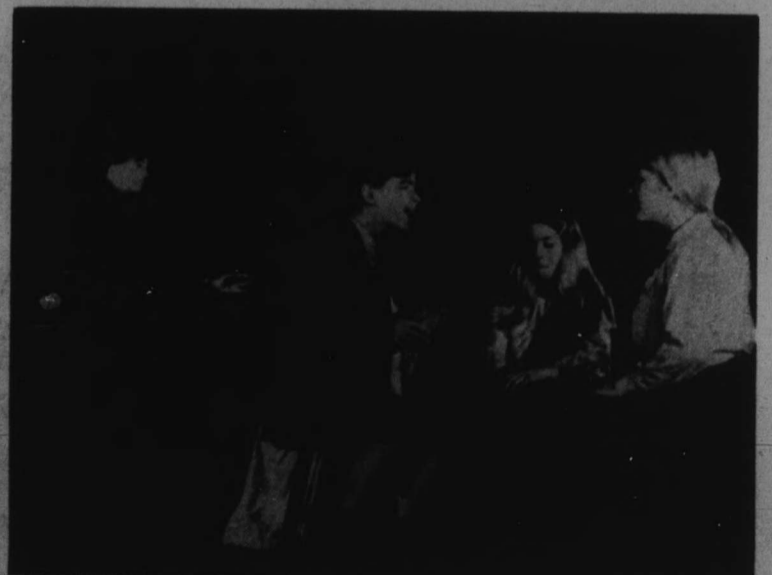
UNLV from the franchise and restaurant division of Great Western United Corporation (Shakey's Inc.) in Denver, where he was employed as controller.

He holds a bachelors degree in economics from the University of California, Los Angeles where he graduated with honors and earned membership in Phi Beta Kappa fraternity. He received his Master of Business Administration degree at the same university with a Will Rogers Scholarship grant and a National Defense Educational Fellowship.

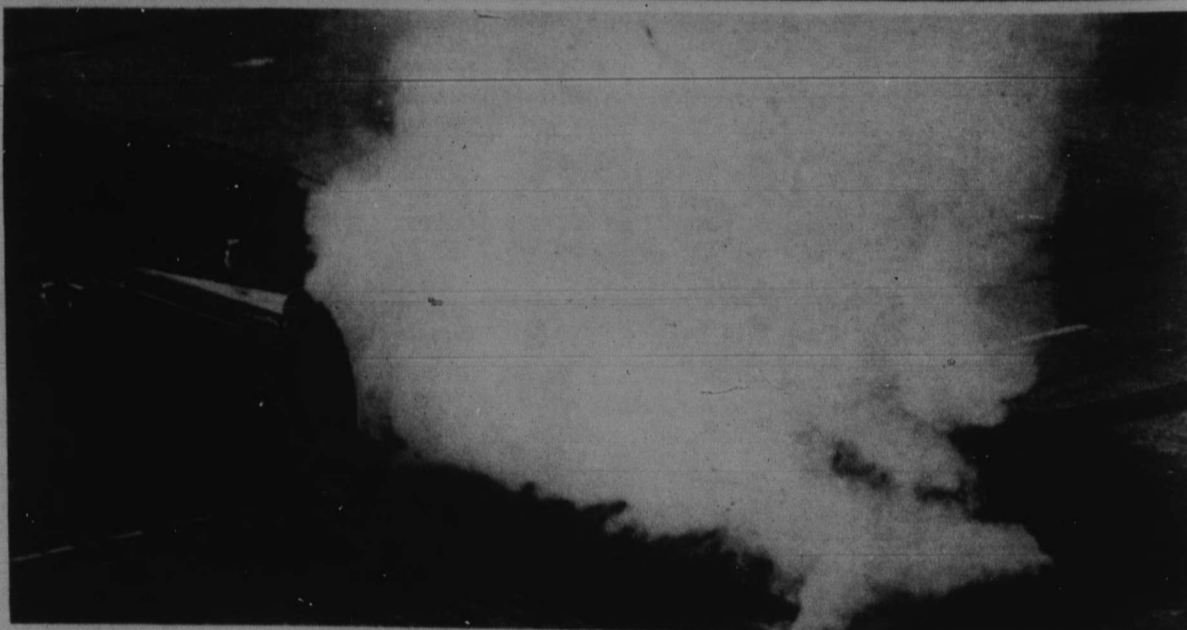
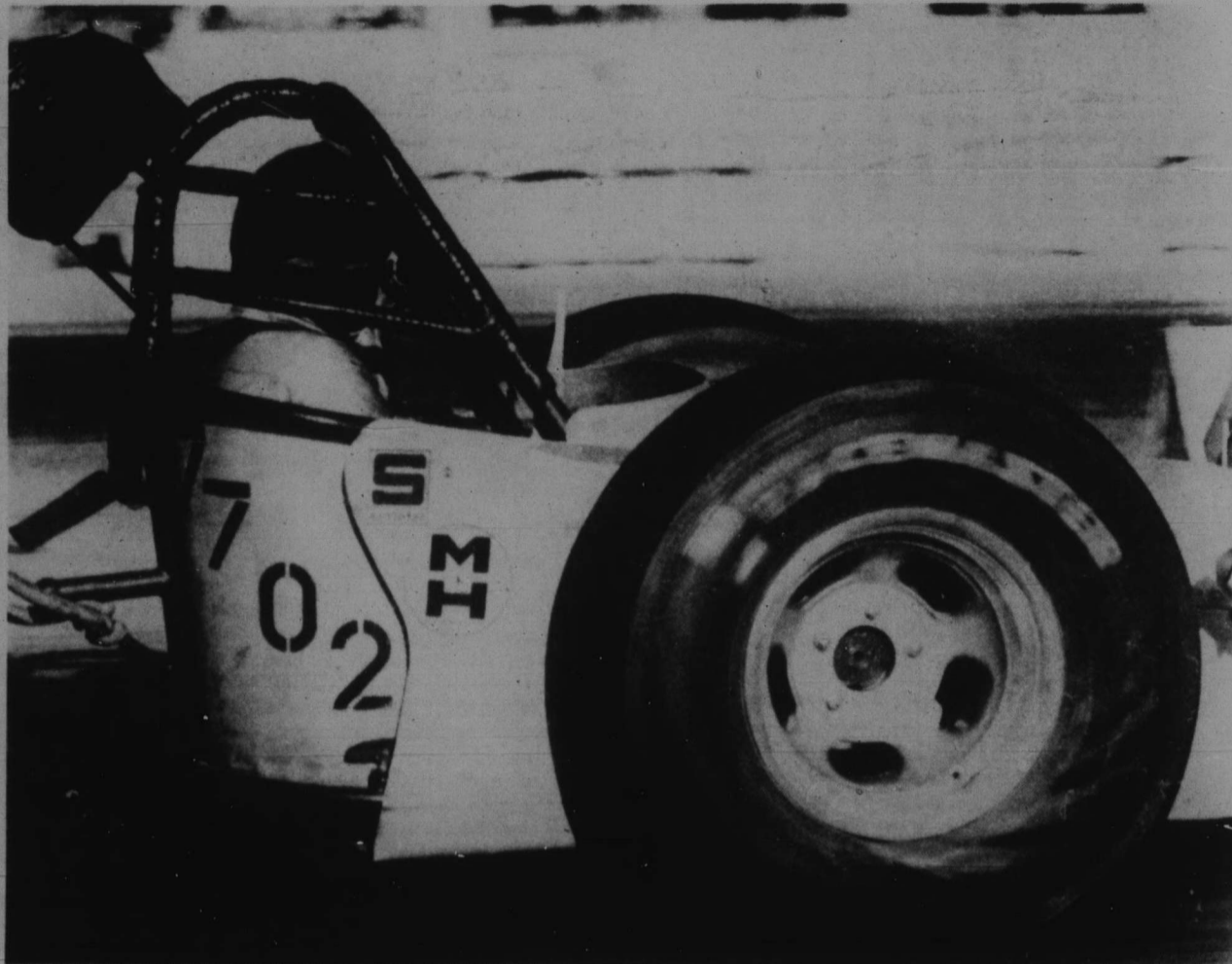
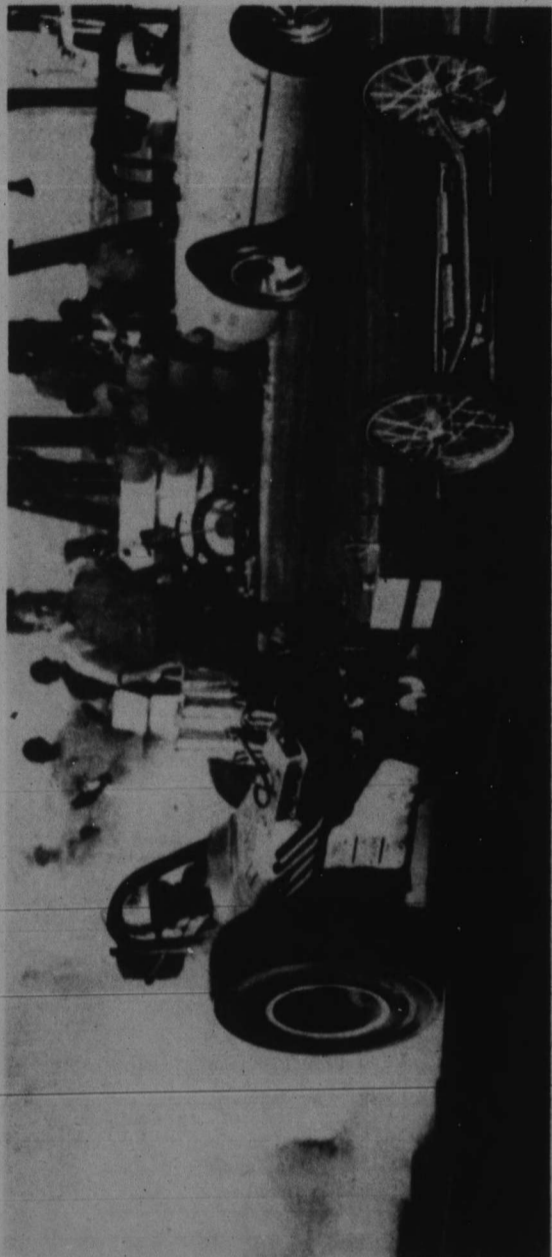
The new lecturer is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and holds a CPA's license from California.

Moore is teaching courses in hotel accounting and interpretation of hotel financial statements. Because of his extensive background in data processing, he will teach a new course in the fall semester on the application of data processing to innkeeping. He will also instruct hotel realty.

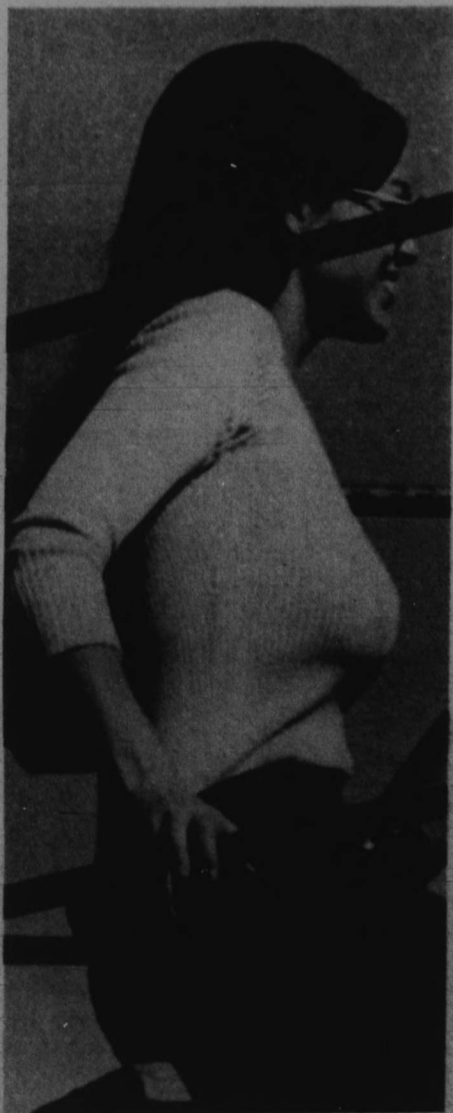
His wife, Marilyn, and their four children will move to Las Vegas at the end of the school year.



Marion Zorn as Mrs. Gibbs and Sue Ferguson as Mrs. Webb, are at breakfast with Mrs. Webb's children Emily and Walley in a scene from *Our Town*. The play is being presented by UNLV Youth Theatre. Picture by Tom Zervos.



DIGGING THE DIGS



PHOTOS BY LEON POTTER

NEED NEW PARTY

Editor's Note:

The following is an article from the Arizona Daily Wildcat by Professor Paul E. Damon, a professor of Geosciences. We reprint it for our readers information.

For five centuries Western Man's technological superiority has allowed him to expand into underpopulated regions of the globe and to subdue and exploit other cultures. Our ancestors felt it was their manifest destiny to subdue a continent and they did so. The wave of conquest reached the Pacific Ocean, halted briefly, then launched forth westward once more. It has now reached Asia from whence it will be turned back irrevocably.

As we have exploited technologically inferior people, we have also exploited our environment. We have cut and burned vast forests, destroyed vast herds of buffalo, exhausted and abused the soil, replacing the wilderness with huge megapolises - chromium plated jungles of twentieth century America. Like Faust we have sold our souls to the devil for power and material goods, and like Faust our spirit is restless and dissatisfied.

MANY OF us are now aware that this historical process must come to an end. Few underpopulated areas remain to be settled and ecological factors set limits to environmental exploitation. Fewer of us recognize that our institutions, which have evolved during this period of conquest, must undergo radical changes. For example, our economic system is geared to continuous expansion, waste and exploitation. Since the Second World War, economic stability has depended upon growth at the rate of compound interest - 6 per cent per year, doubling every 11 years. We have used military expenditures as a fly wheel to sustain this rate of growth. We have exported huge amounts of capital and, as a consequence, it is said that the United States, 6 per cent of the world's population, controls 60 per cent of its resources. It will not be easy to sober up after this binge!

The logic of the international jungle pushes us towards economic imperialism. Under the sway of this law, we must not lose markets or sources of raw material. The nations of the world must keep an open door to our exploitation. The world must be made safe for "Smith-Deynsian capitalism." Profits must be privatized, risks socialized. Dictatorships, friendly to the system, must be supported. Dangerous democratic movements must be suppressed. Our military-industrial complex must have its way. The Pentagon and C.I.A. must not be restricted in their efforts to enforce the Pax Americana. Thus, proceeds the course of empire.

Inevitably, if unrestrained by the more generous energy of our minds and our nobler instincts, this historical process will continue to unfold. We must change radically or run the course of imperialism in opposition to the aspirations of the suppressed majority of the peoples of this earth. Our legions with their machines may hold sway for awhile, but inevitably the tide of such a battle will turn against us. It is not right that so few should exploit so many. America is on a collision course with history!

WHAT CAN be done by those of us who believe that we can foresee the impending crisis? Certainly, I have no hope for the imminent radical reform of our two large political parties. They are part and parcel of the system, controlled by the historic process, subject to the prevailing economic interests. Furthermore, in the November elections the American people opted for the unattainable, i.e., the status quo. It is unattainable because what appears to be maintaining the status quo, is, in fact, maintaining the historical process just described. The process which places us athwart the path of progress for the groaning masses on this earth.

Therefore, I do not look to the two-party system for an answer to our problems. You cannot put "new wine in old bottles." We need a new bottle for the groaning masses on this earth. bottle for new wine - a New Party.

Then, can we do nothing to avert our fate? I am not that pessimistic. I believe that those of us, young or old, who are aware of the magnitude of our problem can begin now to lay the groundwork for a new American - an America which will live in equilibrium with its environment and at peace with its neighbors. The most radical athwart the historical course of exploitation and, if successful, it will inevitably evolve new institutions. Furthermore, we have, among our minorities, members of the aspiring third world. Ecologists and minority groups are not yet fully aware of their kinship nor of the power latent in their cooperative efforts.

We must now build the coalitions, dream great but gentle dreams and nurture the embryonic institutions which will be needed tomorrow. The majority of the people are not listening now. Unfortunately, they must first suffer a change in their fortunes. This change in fortune is coming. We know not whether it will be economic depression, ecological or international crisis. We must learn now to live in the strange and new world which will be visible when a fresh wind blows the smog away.

ANTHROPOLOGY- SOCIOLOGY DEPARTMENT GRANTED \$23,500

A \$23,500 grant has been awarded to the anthropology-sociology department of the University of Nevada, Las Vegas to teach field methods in archaeology to junior college and small college teachers. Funds for the summer project were provided by the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities.

Dr. Claude N. Warren, chairman of the department and the instructor for the special course, said that the post-graduate grant will be carried out in conjunction with an archaeological survey being conducted by the University of California, Los Angeles.

'There will be 25 students in the course,' Dr. Warren said. 'In addition, UCLA is hiring four teaching assistants and an assistant project director from their graduate program to assist me in the undertaking.'

The 'dig' or excavation site, is in Santa Barbara County, Calif., and is thought to contain artifacts from 5,000 years ago until almost pre-historic times.

'We are not looking for any major find,' Dr. Warren emphasized. 'This is primarily a teaching exercise in the methodology of archaeology. These small college and junior college teachers are all involved in anthropology or archaeology, and we are just teaching field methods.'

The grant will pay the tuition of the students and part of their living expenses.

CSUN BUDGET

BOARD OF REGENTS
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS
EIGHT MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 30, 1970

	January	Year To Date	Budget	(Over) Under Budget
CASH RECEIPTS:				
Student fees	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 0
Newspaper ads	743	743	743	0
Miscellaneous ads	27	27	27	0
Interest income	174	174	174	0
Miscellaneous	6	6	6	0
Activities Board	4,053	4,053	4,053	0
Summer receipts	6,201	6,201	6,201	0
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 1,367,304	\$ 1,367,304	\$ 1,367,304	\$ 0
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:				
General expenses:				
Supplies and maintenance	\$ 165	\$ 165	\$ 165	\$ 0
Telephone	79	79	79	0
Travel	97	97	97	0
I.D. cards	303	303	303	0
Accounting	593	593	593	0
Salaries	2,810	2,810	2,810	0
Donority donation	70	70	70	0
Miscellaneous	894	894	894	0
Total current disbursements	1,047	1,047	1,047	\$ 0
Summer disbursements	4,279	4,279	4,279	0
Prior years bills	31	31	31	0
Total general disbursements	\$ 1,357	\$ 1,357	\$ 1,357	\$ 0
ACTIVITIES BOARD:				
Hotel rental	\$ 1,950	\$ 1,950	\$ 1,950	\$ 0
File series	390	390	390	0
Lecture series	5,047	5,047	5,047	0
Afternoon free concert	129	129	129	0
Birth concert	5,229	5,229	5,229	0
Homecoming	5,644	5,644	5,644	0
High voltage concert	61	61	61	0
Travel	74	74	74	0
Miscellaneous	115	115	115	0
Current activities board disbursements	443	443	443	0
Summer disbursements	350	350	350	0
Total activities board disbursements	\$ 893	\$ 893	\$ 893	\$ 0

BOARD OF REGENTS
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS (CONTINUED)
EIGHT MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 30, 1970

	January	Year To Date	Budget	(Over) Under Budget
NEWSPAPER:				
Printing	\$ 948	\$ 948	\$ 948	\$ 0
Equipment rental	126	126	126	0
Production cost	28	28	28	0
Construction	976	976	976	0
Office supplies	6	6	6	0
Miscellaneous	301	301	301	0
Salaries	225	225	225	0
Equipment	6	6	6	0
Telephone	6	6	6	0
Current disbursements	1,985	1,985	1,985	\$ 0
Summer disbursements	828	828	828	0
Total newspaper	\$ 2,813	\$ 2,813	\$ 2,813	\$ 0
MAGAZINE:				
Production cost	358	358	358	0
Equipment	200	200	200	0
Supplies	15	15	15	0
Miscellaneous	4	4	4	0
Salaries	118	118	118	0
Current total disbursements	129	1,283	1,283	\$ 0
Summer disbursements	203	203	203	0
Total magazine	\$ 122	\$ 1,486	\$ 1,486	\$ 0

	January	Year To Date	Budget	(Over) Under Budget
ATHLETICS	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 0
ADVISORY ASSOCIATION	1,100	1,100	1,100	0
SHIPPING SERVICE	1,000	1,000	1,000	0
BLACK STUDIES	1,000	1,000	1,000	0
CONTINUITY FUND	1,000	1,000	1,000	0
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,500	\$ 0

BOARD OF REGENTS
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS (CONTINUED)
EIGHT MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 30, 1970

	Balance December 31, 1970	Income	Balance January 31, 1971
CASH BALANCE:			
Business office	\$ 110	\$ 0	\$ 110
Checking account	4,715	1,179	5,894
Savings account	525	28	553
Cash on hand - radio	5,830	105	5,935
TOTAL	\$ 11,180	\$ 1,302	\$ 12,482

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It beat Ferrari, Porsche, Jaguar and Rolls Royce.

The 1971 Capri from Lincoln-Mercury beat everybody.

It was named "Import Car of the Year" for 1971 by "Road Test" magazine.

Here are just a few of the things they had to say about the Capri.

"All of our staff had heavy exposure to the car during the months just passed, along with dozens of other imports, but despite this varied experience, our choice was unanimous."

"...in some years it's difficult to pick a single one that's outstanding. That was not the case this time."

"Remember that theoretically, Rolls Royce was just as much in contention for this award."

"To find a match for the car's roadability, you have to compare it with something much more expensive such as a Porsche 914 or a Datsun 240Z."

"Now...available as an option the spanking new 100 horsepower, overhead-cam four...and that extra cost isn't much... \$50 surcharge for the optional power. What you get for that modest sum is a Capri that will do zero to 60 mph in 11.8 seconds... without sacrificing much if any of the 24.5 mpg economy



served up by the standard model."

"...the Capri corners like a Siamese cat on sandpaper."

"The four-speed gearbox with its fully enclosed 'rail' shift linkage stems directly from the LeMans-winning GT40 Fords."

"No car at any price except the rare few that are equipped with genuine ZF boxes can compare for shifting ease with the Capri's so-called 'rail-linkage' in the standard four-speed box."

"...options include a three-speed automatic transmission..."

"Another surprising feature on a modest-cost, volume-produced engine (100 hp) is the use of twin-venturi Weber carburetion. Though probably not the same design, the six Weber 2V's used on the 12-cylinder Lamborghini cost \$1,800 to replace."

"The Capri...represents a remarkable bargain...it offers outstanding value at any reasonable price—say, even \$2,900 in standard form...would be a good buy with just normal handling characteristics."

"There's not much fault that can be found with the Capri, a tangible that caused us to choose it as our Import Car of the Year for 1971."

Unquote.

The Capri. Under \$2,500
mfrs. suggested retail price.
See your Lincoln-Mercury dealer for his price.



US INVOLVEMENT EXTENDS INTO 8 HEMISPHERE LANDS

Dr. Etzioni says to his knowledge the U.S. is "involved militarily" in at least eight hemisphere nations. This is backed by a report from Tad Szulc, the Times' longtime correspondent in Latin America: "Until last year, the cornerstone of the U.S. military-political doctrine in facing leftist revolutionary threats - aside from direct intervention in Guatemala in 1934 and in the Dominican Republic in 1965 - was close cooperation with the military forces . . . Acting on request, the U.S. has been training Latin American armies and police forces in counter-insurgency techniques, dispatching adviser teams from Special Forces units and supplying specialized anti-guerilla equipment and weapons. . . U.S. military influence on local commanders was widely considered as an element in the coup d'etat that deposed Brazil's leftist (and duly elected) President, Joao Goulart, in 1964 . . . The 14,000 American troops under Southcom (our hemisphere command) include a Special Forces contingent from which mobile training teams were drawn to assist the Columbian Army in fighting leftist insurgents and the Bolivian Army to smash the guerillas led by Ernesto Che Guevara in 1967."

A House subcommittee report in 1969 quoted Southcom's staff as saying that "the U.S. military presence in the Canal Zone serves as a credible deterrent to adventurism by radical elements who would be more active in the hemisphere if Southcom did not exist."

The Manchester Guardian says Washington has relied chiefly on the military to keep a firm hand, while neglecting basic causes of unrest.

NIXON REFUSES TO END VIETNAM WAR

Of Cambodia alone, LeMonde explains, "To safeguard the strategic highways against communist ambush would require the permanent presence of large numbers of South Vietnamese troops. They would have to be strung out over hundreds of miles, leaving them vulnerable to guerillas harassment. SAIGON, OF COURSE, IS IN NO POSITION TO FURNISH MANPOWER ON THIS SCALE."

The critics also point out the record air pounding of Laos has not seriously hampered enemy supply lines. The Pathet Lao claims to have knocked down 1580 planes over Laos; we admit losing 64.

The Laird alternative is to retire U.S. forces to enclaves, speed up withdrawals, and get out by the end of the year. Admittedly, this would probably be the end of President Thieu, Prince Souvanna Phouma of Laos and General Lon Nol of Cambodia.

This President Nixon will not accept. A Christian Science Monitor dispatch says: "And the conscience of the Nixon Administration will not let it finally pull U.S. forces out of South Vietnam until it is relatively free from attacks from any direction." A correspondent who knows Mr. Nixon well, Richard Wilson of the Des Moines Register & Tribune, urges: "Nixon should tell the country clear and loud again that he will not end the war except upon a favorable basis to the future of South Vietnam and the future of American policy. THIS IS WHAT HE WANTS, AND THERE IS NOTHING TO BE GAINED BY HIDING HIS REAL PURPOSED BEHIND ASSURANCES THAT THE WAR WILL BE OVER BY 1972."

A third alternative is suggested by Stanley Karnow, Far East specialist for the Washington Post: presidential elections in South Vietnam may bring in a peace candidate who can set up a broadly based regime and negotiate with the enemy. Thieu opened his campaign "by indirectly linking peace candidates with the Communists and repeating his own hard line of victory over the Communists," says the Times.

WIDENING OF STRUGGLE IN VIETNAM FEARED

American ground units may have to drive into Laos and Cambodia since the little "blitzkrieg" did not locate enemy headquarters, troops or supplies. This is what Senator John C. Stennis (D-Mass.) meant when he said the U.S. "may have to involve itself deeper in Cambodia." The chairman of the Armed Services Committee has been an accurate forecaster. (It has been suggested that the reason for the long news blackout was that the Pentagon hoped to announce a large victory.)

The stakes are high, the American economy and Mr. Nixon's political future. As the New York Times points out, the Administration's budget poses a rapid cut-back of Indochina war costs. If the budget falls apart, so does the economic "game plan." European bankers warn they cannot support the dollar if the heavy outflow to Southeast Asia continues. Political reporter David S. Broder says in the Washington Post the issue may be complete U.S. withdrawal from Indochina this year. Gallup reports 73% favor this, compared to 55% in September; all categories want out.

Too, the Chinese are beginning to sound as they did prior to their entry into the Korean War. A Foreign Affairs Ministry statement says: "The 700 million Chinese people will forever stand together with the three peoples of Indochina and pledge themselves to provide a powerful backing to them until the U.S. aggressors are completely driven out of all the three countries." Monitored broadcasts indicate the Chinese are digging air raid shelters in Yunnan province north of Indochina.

The "blitzkrieg" was devised by Dr. Henry A. Kissinger, the President's security advisor, and his "Washington Special Action Group." The plan: troops of Cambodia, South Vietnam, Laos and Thailand drive into north Cambodia and south Laos. B-52 bombers sweep ahead with the heaviest bombings in history. Two U.S. carriers in the Gulf of Siam send gunship helicopters to strafe with "fragmentation rockets, cannon and rapid-firing miniguns," according to the AP. U.S. air commandos of the Special Operation Force may strike specific targets under the guise of rescuing POW's. The aim-to relieve pressure on Cambodia, find and destroy the elusive enemy headquarters, cut the Ho Chi Minh trail as it enters South Vietnam, and knock out logistics for a purported enemy drive in May. Since the action did none of these, this spring Kissinger may push renewed bombing of the north (including a transport center on the China border), mining of Haiphong harbor, tactical nuclear weapons of Hiroshima power, and U.S. troops.

SOUTH VIET TROOPS UNABLE TO HOLD GROUND IN WAR

The tactic was buttoned up, DESPITE MILITARY OPPOSITION, after Kissinger sent his deputy, Brig. Gen. Alexander Haig, to Cambodia to find out how bad the situation was. Lawrence Stern of the Washington Post tells of the comment of "one ranking U.S. military commander" when the plan was first broached last year. "It would be a serious mistake," he said. "We have enough problems in Vietnam." He added "this was the combined view of the American military command and top embassy officials." The danger is, says a Christian Science Monitor editorial, it could lead to "a general, inconclusive broadening of the war" when all desire that "this terrible, costly and largely bootless struggle (be) wound down." The military leaders argue: the million man ARVN (South Vietnam force can't hold the 65,000 square miles of South Vietnam, 91,000 of Laos (most of it in Pathet Lao hands), and 69,884 of Cambodia (half under enemy control). A Times dispatch from Saigon says ARVN desertions are increasing "and now top the list of problems." In 1969, ARVN men "deserted at the rate of 8,000 a month, or nearly-10% a year. Last year the numbers jumped by 30%."

CANNON STANDS BEHIND ECOLOGY COMMITTEE

Nevada Senator Howard Cannon today called for speedy congressional approval of a measure to create a House-Senate Committee on the Environment.

The bill was first introduced last year and passed both the House and Senate. However, the measure floundered on the waning days of the Congress "on the picayune question of whether a senator or a congressman would be the first to fill the alternating chairmanship," Cannon said.

The resolution gives the committee no legislative authority but would receive the annual reports of the White House Council on Environmental Quality conduct hearings on the matters of the committee's own choosing, and funnel executive agency recommendations and advise to the appropriate operating committees of the Congress.

The senator pointed out that during 1970 there were jurisdictional conflicts in the Senate over ocean dumping, land use planning, coastal zone management, pesticides, radiation standards, low emission vehicle development, power plant siting and environmental class actions.

"In addition," he said, "none of the existing congressional committees is equipped, or has the authority, to provide a comprehensive overview which will identify the emerging problems which threaten the deterioration of man's environment."

Cannon said "A joint body would provide the necessary clearing-house to funnel legislation to their logical committees. It would save duplication of effort and precious time in considering the various legislative proposals."



UNCLE SAMS: WHERE IT'S ALL RED, WHITE & BLUE

UNLV VS UTAH

The University of Nevada, Las Vegas Rebel baseball team travels this Saturday to Costa Mesa for a 12 noon doubleheader against Southern California College. This year, the Rebels will be trying to plug a giant gap in their pitching staff created by the graduation of last year's ace Ralph Garcia. Since his graduation, Ralph has been drafted by the San Diego Padres organization and performed last summer with their California League club, Lodi. Ralph's performance at Lodi has brought him an invitation to try-out this spring for the parent club. Let's hope we will soon be witnessing the first UNLV Rebel baseball player in the majors.

Coach Doering returns his other two starters from last year in Dennis Chambers and John Christian. Chambers will take over the

position of ace on the Rebel staff. The third starting assignment will be handled by Freshman Herb Pryor. But last year's strong suit, pitching, will have to take a back seat to this year's newly developed hitting attack. Bill Anthony will again be the Rebel's catcher. Last year, Bill led the team in almost every hitting department and this year he looks ready to take up where he left off. At 1st base will be Fred Demick. Fred is one of the toughest out on the team. He's hard to strike out and last year he hit at a .300 clip. He's a great team leader and very consistent in his play. The rest of the infield, Mike Lombardi at 2nd, Loren Davis at 3rd, both returning lettermen and Junior College transfer Les Contreras at shortstop all seem to be swinging good sticks and all carry excellent gloves on defense.

The Rebel outfield should be the giant plus of Coach Doering's attack. In left field, Albert Walker brings a loaded bat, great speed, and a super throwing arm from Harbor Junior College. If the team has a super star, he is in center field. Charlie Weir has all the utensils to be a real pro prospect. Look for Charlie to have a super

year. Between Albert in left and Charlie in center, any ball hit out there should be an out. In right field will be Rich Meily. Meily redshirted last year. Rich should wheel a cannon this year at the plate and if he does then nothing will be safe in the right field parking lot. Watch for Coach Doering to develop a sore arm waving his Rebels home from his 3rd base coaching box. Don't miss this year's UNLV Rebel ballclub.



ROBERT RILEY TRIES TO SHOOT AGAINST GIANELLI.

TRACK

The Rebels open their outdoor track season on Saturday, March 6 against La Verne College and Palomar Junior College. The meet will be held in Las Vegas at Valley High School.

The indoor meet last Saturday was cancelled by Coach Edwards because only 7 athletes were accepted for the competition. Since the cost of transportation exceeded the need for just 7 men, the cancellation was inevitable.

The outdoor season is long enough though, so we forgive you Coach.

Here is the 1971 Rebel track team schedule:

INTRAMURALS

The 1970-71 Intramural basketball program was completed last Sunday as the Fraternity Chompers defeated the Kappa Sigs, 64-56. Both teams went into the championship game undefeated. The Chompers compiled an outstanding 6-0 mark enroute to winning the independent league. The Kappa Sigs entered the final game with a perfect 4-0 mark, thus winning the fraternity league. The lead was exchanged many times throughout Sunday's game until the team depth of the Chompers gradually wore down the Kappa Sigs. Leading the winning team in scoring was Frank Koot with 14, Larry Keever with 12, and Larry Trosi with 11. The Kappa Sigs were led by Tom Rittman and Rich Wright, both with 14 points.

STATS

WCAC STANDINGS			
	W	L	GB
Pacific	8	2	—
Loyola	7	3	1
Santa Clara	6	3	1 1/2
UNLV	5	5	3
USF	4	5	3 1/2
Pepperdine	4	6	4
St. Mary's	3	6	4 1/2
UNR	1	8	6 1/2

Thursday's Results
 Pacific 98, UNLV 77
 Loyola 63, USF 54
 Santa Clara 82, Pepperdine 75
 St. Mary's 93, UNR 87

UNLV Fresh	G	F	T
Bell	4-15	2-3	10
Shaw	6-10	3-3	15
Piercy	14-19	3-3	31
Florence	10-14	13-14	33
Wright	8-13	5-6	21
Gifford	1-2	0-0	2
TOTALS	43-73	26-29	112

Daley Masonry	G	F	T
Wright	3-5	2-4	8
Malm	1-3	0-0	2
Barber	3-8	0-1	6
Willeis	5-9	0-0	10
Halsey	0-3	0-0	n
Rice	5-15	1-5	11
Leonard	6-14	1-2	13
Davis	10-26	3-4	23
Wetlau	4-7	1-3	9
TOTALS	37-89	8-19	82

UNLV Fresh 58 - 34 - 112
 Daley Masonry 39 - 43 - 82

UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS

1971 TRACK SCHEDULE

DAY	DATE	OPPONENT	LOCATION	TIME
SAT.	FEB. 6	* NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY	FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ.	
SAT.	FEB. 20	* IDAHO STATE UNIVERSITY	POCATELLO, IDAHO	
SAT.	MARCH 6	LA VERNE COLLEGE PALOMAR JUNIOR COLLEGE	LAS VEGAS	12:30
SAT.	MARCH 13	UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, RENO SOUTHERN UTAH STATE COLLEGE GLENDALE JUNIOR COLLEGE	LAS VEGAS	12:30
THURS.	MARCH 25	CENTRAL WASHINGTON STATE MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EASTERN UTAH	LAS VEGAS	12:30
SAT.	MARCH 27	CLAREMONT RELAYS	CLAREMONT, CALIF.	12:30
SAT.	APRIL 3	SOUTHERN UTAH STATE COLLEGE WESTERN MONTANA COLLEGE	LAS VEGAS	12:30
SAT.	APRIL 10	SOUTHERN UTAH STATE COLLEGE WEBER STATE COLLEGE POHONA COLLEGE	LAS VEGAS	12:50
SAT.	APRIL 17	WESTMONT RELAYS	SANTA BARBARA, CALIF.	12:30
FRI.	APRIL 23	MT. SAN ANTONIO RELAYS	WALNUT, CALIF.	12:30
SAT.	APRIL 24	LA VERNE COLLEGE	LAS VEGAS, CALIF.	
SAT.	MAY 1	WCAC CONFERENCE MEET	LAS VEGAS	
SAT.	MAY 8	RIVERSIDE RELAYS	RIVERSIDE, CALIF.	

* INDICATES INDOOR MEETS

REBS LOSE

Last Thursday, fans were treated to the most agonizing home defeat in conference play. The high-flying Tigers of Pacific were not to be denied and from start to finish, they pounded away at the Rebels, until the future hopefuls were brought into play to gain experience for next year.

Booker Washington played a fine game with the hoop, but he had some problems controlling the ball. It seemed that the turnovers to Pacific spelled out the painful loss.

The Rebels played a good game

on the road at Loyola, and won, but Pepperdine hurt the Rebel standings by squeezing by 53 to 52. Some hope for a conference title was left though, but Pacific took that away. So now the Rebels will finish out a strange season marked by unpredictable games and begin looking forward to next year and a team with more bench power.

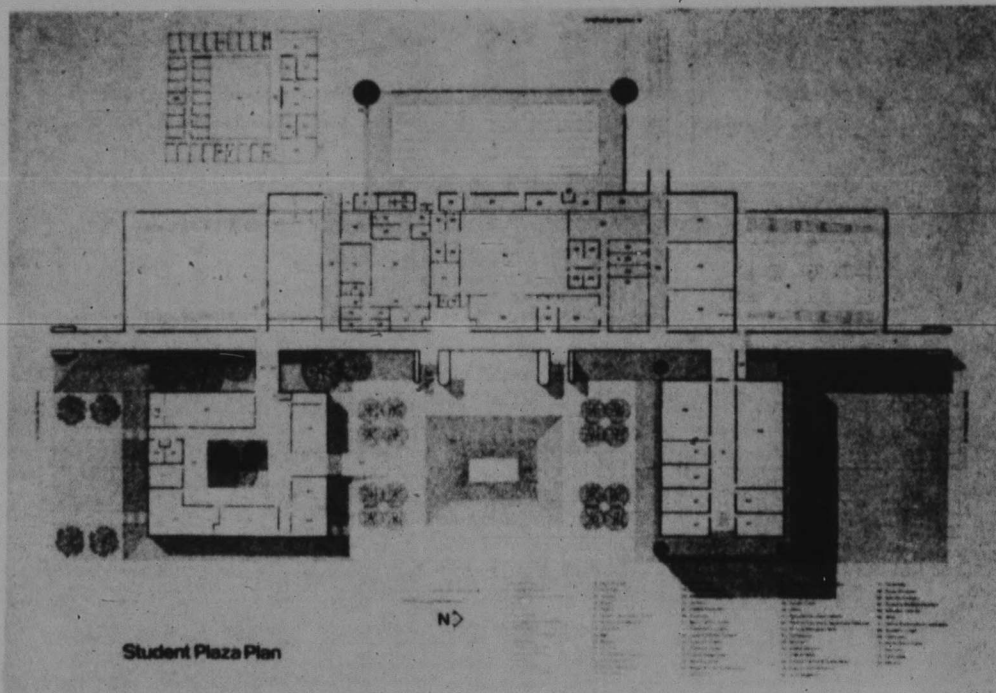
Aside from the bad ball control and rebounding, the Rebels played a fair game. But Pacific wanted this game and they played like it.

UNLV	G	F	R	A	P	T
Al Cline	1-3	2-2	4	1	2	4
Odin Allison	4-13	2-5	2	1	2	10
Toby Houston	1-6	1-2	6	0	4	3
B. Washington	10-22	2-3	3	3	0	22
Mike Whaley	7-13	2-3	13	0	3	16
Robert Riley	4-13	9-10	3	1	5	17
Ed Carman	1-1	0-1	0	1	0	2
Andy Riley	1-1	1-2	1	1	1	3
George Warner	0-1	0-0	0	0	0	0
Cory Mitchell	0-1	0-0	2	0	0	0
TOTALS	29-76	19-38	36	8	17	77

Pacific	G	F	R	A	P	T
Roy Chiopert	0-0	0-0	0	0	0	0
Robby Sperring	3-8	0-0	5	4	2	4
Pat Douglass	0-2	0-1	0	0	1	0
Bob Thomson	11-24	6-6	4	9	2	28
Bob Thomson	11-24	4-4	4	9	2	28
John Joshua	2-2	0-0	1	1	1	4
Ossie Noble	0-0	0-0	0	0	0	0
Mike Cloyd	0-1	3-4	0	0	0	3
John Gianelli	12-15	4-6	7	2	3	28
S. Dufaney	5-13	0-0	7	4	4	10
P. Scheidegger	1-2	0-0	1	2	1	2
Pete Jensen	2-4	0-0	2	0	1	4
Jim McCarty	6-16	1-7	19	2	5	13
TOTALS	43-87	14-24	68	28	28	98

UNLV 28 - 39 - 77
 Pacific 44 - 34 - 98

UNLV NEEDS MONEY



December 8, 1970

TO: President Roman J. Zorn

FROM: Dr. John T. Starr

RE: Need for New Physical Education Complex

At the present time we are operating in a physical education complex consisting of a gymnasium, weight room, multipurpose field and three tennis courts as teaching stations which was designed for a student body population of 1,200. Our current enrollment at the University is 5,679. In 1961, the first full year of operation of the existing complex, there were 344 in activity classes with two intercollegiate sports. Now, ten years later, without an increase in facilities, there are 1,804 in activity classes (424% increase) with seven intercollegiate sports (250% increase).

We have hopelessly outgrown our existing facilities and the utilization of commercial facilities for activity classes is at a maximum. Twenty-two out of sixty-two sections (36%) of the required physical education activity classes are conducted in either commercial facilities, the Student Union Building or on the desert (jogging). Our gymnasium is in use daily from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. for physical education activities, intramurals, athletic practice and recreation. It is also open from 12:00 noon until 10:00 p.m. on weekends for the foregoing purposes. During peak periods in the men's dressing room there are over 200 men changing and showering, each having only a 3.5 sq. ft. dressing space and up to 100 men must shower in a ten-minute period of time under nineteen shower heads, which is more than 5 men to a shower.

A towel room and concession stand, both without air conditioning, as well as a chair closet are being used as offices. Another office, 14' x 17', houses four faculty members. In intercollegiate athletics, we are fielding teams in sports such as track, when we do not even have an on-campus facility for team practice. Our coaching staff is completely chagrined by the status of our physical education facilities and find them to be a totally negative factor in recruiting athletes.

These conditions are deplorable. It is imperative that the UNLV Physical Education Complex, as proposed, be funded in order to provide: (1) teaching stations for the University's required courses in physical education, (2) activity areas for student intramurals, recreation and intercollegiate athletic practices, (3) office space.

Proposed plans for the UNLV athletic and p.e. facilities

In closing this subject I would like to point out some quotes by Dr. Starr which I believe are of the utmost relevancy. 'The future of man is leisure.' 'Machines will work, man will think, create, and play. We'll spend more time in leisure time pursuits than in earning a living. Physical Education is the only part of higher education devoted to maintaining and improving the body.'

I would like to say that our problems rest on a state level, not local administrators. Roman Zorn, who is fighting to relieve our crowded University, pointed out about our gym that: 'We operate from eight in the morning until 11 at night. This university grows 13 percent in enrollment each year, compared with a national average of only four percent.' Zorn commented on the three new buildings under construction when he said: 'They will be full as soon as they open.' Considering our present facilities Zorn said, 'No other university has so little in outdoor recreational facilities.'

Our facilities are designed to promote teaching. Also, the design and make-up of the facilities resulted from a balanced effort by faculty members, coaches, and most important of all, PE majors and PE minors along with other students. Acre for acre, this will be the most functional facility for dollars spent.

Building the facilities is inevitable, but every year the legislators put off this choking situation, the building costs rise higher and higher.

The present cost for bringing the University up to date would be 6.1 million dollars. Looking at past strategy of our legislators, I wouldn't be surprised if they drew out this project until it wound up costing in the neighborhood of 8 million dollars. That, however, is my personal opinion.

Again, I would like to commend our faculty and school administrators for fighting to build this university. IF THE LEGISLATORS CONTINUE TO IGNORE OUR PROBLEMS AND OUR ADMINISTRATORS, THEN I BELIEVE IT IS TIME FOR THE STUDENTS TO GET INVOLVED!

PROPOSED PHYSICAL EDUCATION COMPLEX FACILITIES ADMINISTRATION AREA

Physical Education Clerical Office
Athletic Clerical-Ticket Office
Physical Education Work Room and Storage
Athletic Work Room and Storage
Department Conference Room
Faculty Seminar Room
32 Faculty Offices

NATATORIUM

COMMON USE OUTDOOR AREA - MEN AND WOMEN

2 Baseball Fields
12 Tennis Courts
Nine Lane Track and Football Practice Field
2 Multi-purpose Fields.

WOMEN'S PHYSICAL EDUCATION AREA

Women's Locker Room
Women's Equipment Room
Women's Training Room
Women's Faculty Locker Room

COMMON USE AREA - MEN AND WOMEN

Gymnasiums
Gymnastics Room
Wrestling Room
Weight Training and Body Building Room
Varsity Weight Training and Body Building Room
8 Handball Courts (Indoor)
Dance Studio
2 Classrooms
Recreational Crafts Room
Student Lounge
Adapted Physical Education Room
Laundry
Human Performance Laboratory

MEN'S PHYSICAL EDUCATION AREA

Men's Locker Room
Men's Equipment Room
Men's Training Room
Athletic Equipment Room
Basketball Locker Room
Baseball Locker Room
Football Locker Room
General Athletic Locker Room
Men's Faculty Locker Room

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

CAREER PLACEMENT

- FEBRUARY 24** Cinema X Miracle in Milan
by Vittorio de Sica
Report by Bruce Conner
SS103 8PM
- 25** Basketball University of San Francisco
KLA V Radio
- 27** Spokesmen Club Trip
Basketball University of Santa Clara
at San Jose KLA V Radio 8 PM
- MARCH 2** Basketball University Of Nevada, Reno
Convention Center 8 PM
- 3** Bernadette Devlin
- 4** Where Eagles Dare SS 103 8 PM
George Wiley Welfare rights representative,
lectures at UNLV
- 5** Baseball, Southern Utah UNLV 1 PM
- 6** Welfare Rights March on the Strip
Baseball, Southern Utah UNLV 10 AM
- 7** University Chamber Symphony
1-5 PM S.U. Ballroom.
Two For The Road SS 103 8 PM

Seniors and graduates wishing to set up a confidential recommendation file and/or participate in the spring on-campus recruitment activities are urged to register with the Placement Office immediately. Business and Commercial Placement is handled in Room 120 of the Campus Student Union--Student Personnel Services. Teacher Placement is handled in Grant 242-C. Recruiters for February are listed below.

Business firms and school districts have been scheduled beginning in the middle of February and a confidential recommendation file must be set up prior to scheduling interviews.

Graduating seniors who do not wish to interview on campus because they have already accepted employment or are draft eligible are also encouraged to register with placement as the recommendation files will likely be needed at a future time. Also, draft eligible students are still encouraged to participate in recruitment to establish contacts and keep their employment options open.

- February 23 Mutual of New York will be interviewing all majors for Insurance Representatives positions.
- February 24 Financial Advisory Clinic will be interviewing all majors for Financial Planning Advisor.
- February 25 Arthur Anderson & Co. will be interviewing Accounting majors for Accountant positions.
- February 25 Equitable Life Assurance will be interviewing all majors for Insurance Representative positions.
- February 25,26 U.S. Marine Corps will have information booth concerning their Officer Trainee program.
- February 26 Disneyland Hotel will be interviewing Hotel Administration majors for Management Trainee.

Here I stand
With an out-stretched hand,
Hunger and pain
Has been the black man's bane.
But no more will we sit
With our hats in our hands,
We'll march and fight
'Till the white man gives in to our demands.
The black man wants freedom
And a helping hand;
An equal job,
Whether able or not
(Give it to me brother
Or you'll get shot)
A guaranteed wage,
In case I don't want to work;
9i've got it coming, white slob,
I did your dirty work).
Treat me with kindness
Or we'll riot in your white streets.
I want freedom,
That's what I said:
A free home;
And free money;
A free car;
A free bed,
And when I've got my freedom
And we've said what we want said,
Get lost white man --
Just keep us in bread,
Joel Driver

If your club or organization has information you wish published in 'The Yell', please call 736-6111, Ext. 478, or bring the information to room 303 in the Student Union Building.

The Yell is starting a poetry corner. Anyone wishing to submit poems, please bring them to the Yell office, room 303, Student Union Building.

CLASSIFIEDS

FOR SALE	FOR RENT	LOST	WORK	WANTED
<p>FOR SALE: 1960 Corvair 4-door, radio, heater, automatic transmission, new battery & tires. \$275.00 Call 737-3849</p> <p>32 Ford B, 355 Olds Engine, 4-4 barrel carbs, 4 speed stick hydro. Excellent condition, lots of chrome, sell or trade. 553 Canosa, L.V. or call 734-0085.</p> <p>Mechanic's special, 1963 Rambler convertible needs engine work done \$25. Call 731-2667 or 736-6111 ext. 478 or Room 308 in Student Union. Ask for Jim Bekaert.</p>	<p>Room for Rent, Girls preferred Private home; Call 382-8676, Blanche Murphy.</p> <p>INFO</p> <p>Persons wanting information on public events scheduled on weekends at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas may now telephone the Campus Student Union for details. The number to call on Saturday and Sunday is 736-7774.</p>	<p>LOST BEFORE CHRISTMAS: FILMS FROM THE UNLV LIBRARY. Return without question to any library desk or to Room 221 Social Science.</p> <p>PERSONALS</p> <p>Sue; forget HIM, I want you back, same situation, permanently Bill.</p> <p>Howard; Come home. Bob.</p>	<p>Need x-tra cash? Earn \$4.00 per hour and up selling Fuller Brush Products. Work 10-40 hours a week -- hours are flexible. Call Dave Kachele - student -- 648-0385 or 385-2277.</p>	<p>Classified Ads: penny/word call 736-6111 ext. 478 or inquire room 304 Student Union Building.</p> <p>2 bedroom, 2 bath, fully furnished, 2 car garage, fenced yards (front and back), pool, Spanish archways, front veranda, dishwasher, washer and dryer, and close to University. Must have room for 2 dogs, 2 birds and my guppies. Will rent for \$125. Call me at Student Union Bldg. Ext. 478. Will take in a clean straight roommate.</p> <p>Marker Bindings rotomat & telomat, call 736-6111 ext. 478, Max</p>